Strictly Confidential



# **Benchmark Retirement Fund**

# Quarterly Investment Report: As at 31 December 2024



# **Table of Contents**

1.	Introduction	3
2.	Market Overview	5
3.	Performance Comparison	9
4.	Glossary	25
5.	Appendix A: Replacement Ratios	26



# Introduction

This document has been compiled with the aim of providing members of the Benchmark Retirement Fund with an overview of the investment options offered to enable them to make informed decisions regarding the investment of their retirement assets.

The following portfolios are offered to members:

Investment Portfolio	<b>Risk Categorisation</b>	Asset Managers's Explicit Performance	<b>Return Expectations derived form Historical</b>
		Objective	Experience (Before Fees)
Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund*	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
M&G Namibian Balanced Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
Benchmark Default Portfolio**	Moderate	-	CPI+5%
Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth***i	Moderate - Low	CPI+4.5%	CPI+4.5%
NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund	Moderate - Low	CPI+4%(1 year)	CPI+4%
M&G Namibian Inflation Plus Fund	Moderate - Low	CPI+4%	CPI+4%
Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund	Moderate - Low	CPI+4%	CPI+4%
NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund	Moderate - Low	IJG Money Market+3%	CPI+2% to 3%
Sanlam Nambia Absolute Return Plus Fund	Low	CPI+2%	CPI+2%
Capricorn Stable Fund	Low	CPI+2%(2 years)	CPI+2%
Sanlam Namibia Active Fund	Low	1-3 year ALBI	CPI+1%to 2%
Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund	Low	IJG Money Market Index	CPI+1% to 2%
Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund	Low	IJG 12 Month TB Index	CPI to CPI+1%
Capricorn Investment Fund	Capital Preservation	7 day Repo Rate	CPI

\*Segregated Portfolio

\*\*The Benchmark Default Portfolio is a combination of Allan Gray Namibia Domestic Balanced Fund, M&G Namibia Domestic Balanced Fund, Sanlam Namibia Domestic Balanced Fund, 20Twenty Credit Solution, Satrix Emerging Markets Tracker Fund, Satrix World Equity Tracker Fund, Sanlam USD Enhanced Yield Fund and Colchester Global Bond Fund. \*\*\*This is a 80% guaranteed portfolio and has an additional capital charge over and above the investment fees. This portfolio is closed for new investments since May 2020.

\*\*\* This is a 80% guaranteed portfolio and has an additional capital charge over and above the investment tees. This portfolio is closed for new investments since May 2020. I insurance Policy.

#### **Investment Returns**

In order to achieve an adequate salary replacement ratio it is imperative that members achieve a real investment return, i.e. a return in excess of price inflation. Refer to Annexure A for an indication of the relationship between investment returns and the salary replacement ratio.

While a real investment return should ideally be set as the explicit performance objective of an investment portfolio, a number of investment portfolios that are suitable for retirement funds, do not have an explicit performance objective related to inflation. The member will therefore have to consider the historic performance experience of an investment portfolio in relation to inflation as a proxy of potential returns in order to link a specific investment portfolio to the salary replacement ratio. It must be noted that the historic performance experience is not guaranteed to be achieved in future. While each investment portfolio will have an internal benchmark as stated by the Investment Manager in the portfolio mandate, that benchmark may not be an explicit real investment return.

#### Risk

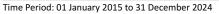
The risk rating of an investment portfolio gives an indication of how volatile investment returns may be and therefore is also an indication of the risk that the investment return per the investment mandate may not be achieved. The risk categories have the following meaning:

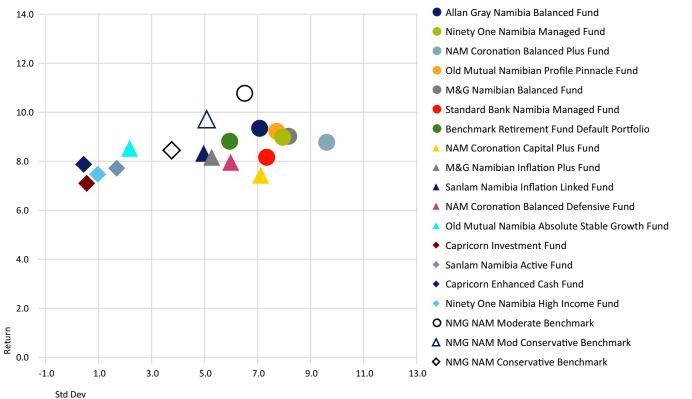
- Aggressive risk portfolios: Short term negative returns are possible with this type of portfolio. Exposure to equities (shares) is normally maximised for these types of portfolios in order to achieve the return objective. Maximisation of equity exposure however takes place within the prudential investment guidelines laid down by the Pension Funds Act. Investment returns can be very volatile.
- Moderate risk portfolios: This type of portfolio will have large exposure to growth assets (shares and property) at times and as such short term negative returns are possible. Investment returns can be volatile.
- Moderate-low risk portfolios: This type of portfolio also has exposure to growth assets (shares and property) but typically at lower levels than the moderate risk portfolios. They aim to have minimal negative returns and therefore have a lower risk profile than the moderate risk portfolios. Investment returns can still be volatile.
- Low risk portfolios: This type of portfolio should have minimal negative returns over a rolling 12-month period.
- Capital preservation portfolios: There should be no risk of capital loss on a monthly basis.

Investment return and risk are correlated; while the correlation cannot be defined in absolute terms, it is generally accepted that an investor would require compensation in the form of investment returns in return for the investment risk taken.

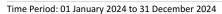


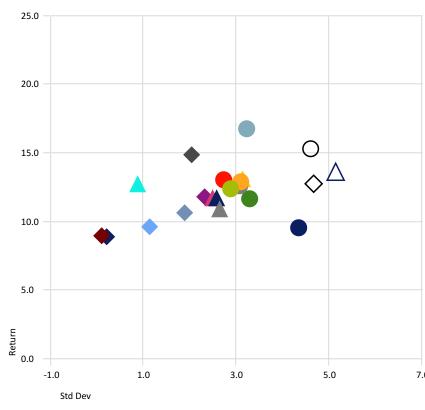
#### **Risk-Reward - Over the long term**





#### **Risk-Reward - Over the short term**







NMG NAM Conservative Benchmark



#### **Markets**

After pushing to record highs in early December following the US election, US stocks (S&P 500) corrected to end Q4 2024 up 2% compared to 5.5% in Q3, 3.9% in Q2, and 10% in Q1. This capped a strong year with an annual return of 23%, the only back-to-back return greater than 20% since 1998. For the quarter, healthcare and materials gave back early gains as the sectoral rotation seen before the US election gave way to the 'old playbook' of Tech and consumer discretionary stocks.

In aggregate, US equity performance outperformed the US bond market (-12%), and other global equity markets but trailed gold (+27%) and crypto (+122%).

The JSE All Share index struggled in Q4 to end the year up a modest 13% (total return), whilst bonds gave an excellent return of 17%. Risk-adjusted returns on bonds have remained superior over the last few years. On a sector basis, financials (+22%) and property stocks (29%) were the outperformers benefiting from the endowment effect (banks) and recent lower rates (bonds). Resources (-7%) were volatile and ended the year as the one sector in the negative following a weak Q4. Oil ended the year down 1.5% after volatile trade saw it peak around \$91 in April to a low of \$69 in September.

Outlook: In the US, economic expansion and rising earnings underpin optimism for equities, though high valuations signal muted returns. A muted rate cut cycle may also weigh on valuations. The drag from potential tariffs may be offset by tax cuts for US corporations. Financials, healthcare, and industrials are poised for growth, buoyed by deregulation and investment recovery. Conversely, sectors like consumer staples, real estate, and communication services face challenges from tightening financial conditions and valuation pressures. Industrial resurgence, driven by easing regulatory constraints and capital investment, offers renewed opportunities.

The US dollar has sustained an elevated trading range as the outlook for rates to remain relatively higher than previously expected has sustained its momentum. Threats by the incoming administration against de-dollarization may be seen as a rare sign of acknowledgment of vulnerability to Chinese and BRICS influence over the longer term.

Emerging Markets may remain under pressure as the Federal Reserve's cautious rate-cut approach and the incoming Trump administration's protectionist trade policies are expected to weigh on emerging markets. Increased tariffs and deregulation in the U.S. could bolster the dollar further, posing challenges for export-driven economies.

Precious metals like gold and silver will remain in focus as hedges against volatility, though their performance may be capped by dollar strength and elevated interest rates. Industrial commodities face uncertainties tied to China's economic trajectory. Energy may be the upside wild card for 2025.

Currently, levels suggest single digit forward returns as the base case for US equities. While macro risks will favour the US, valuations would favour exposure outside the US, presenting a compelling case for firms listed elsewhere but with exposure to US earnings.

South Africa's challenges will remain central to the outlook on SA equities now that valuations in some sectors have re-rated. Bond yields present a high hurdle for equities to surpass on a risk-adjusted basis locally.

The Rand experienced a relief rally during 2024 with renewed optimism related to the GNU, leaving it one of the better-performing global currencies against a strong dollar. Going forward, this will need to be backed up by economic data and fiscal improvement to be sustained.

Namibian stocks saw both the NSX Local and NSX Overall rise in tandem with SA stocks during 2024. The NSX overall fell 4.3% in Q4 from +7% in Q3 and +19% in Q2, giving a return of 15.9% in 2024. The 2024 return on the NSX Local index was 10.7%. Returns on Namibian bonds were 14.1% in 2024, which on a risk-adjusted basis were superior to equities.

#### Economy

The global economy in 2024 saw a steady growth rate of 3.2%, with long-term projections hovering around 3.1%. While the United States experienced an upward revision in its economic outlook, this was offset by downgrades in advanced European economies and challenges in regions such as the Middle East, Central Asia, and sub-Saharan Africa. Emerging Asia, particularly buoyed by high demand for semiconductors and AI-driven technologies, presented a brighter picture.

U.S. Economy: The ability of policymakers to engineer a 'soft landing' is complicated by the incoming administration's stance on several issues. US growth slowed to 2.7% in Q3 from 3% in Q2. The U.S. economy is projected to grow by 2.2% in 2025, down from 2.8% in 2024, indicating a slowdown due to factors such as reduced consumer spending and potential trade tensions

Eurozone: The Eurozone continues to struggle with regional imbalances and a debt brake in Germany which constrains the region's largest economy from enacting many reforms needed to spur growth. The Eurozone's economy is forecasted to grow by 1.2% in 2025 from 0.8% in 2024, reflecting a modest recovery from previous stagnation, supported by easing inflation and gradual monetary policy adjustments.

UK: Growth ticked up from 0.7% in Q2 to 0.9% in Q3. The UK is expected to experience a modest economic recovery to 1.5% in 2025 from 1.1% in 2024. This improvement is anticipated despite challenges like persistent inflation and potential fiscal constraints.

Japan: Japan grew by 0.5% in Q3 2024, reversing a contraction of 0.9% in the prior two quarters. Driven by factors like easing inflation and potential fiscal policies, Japan is expected to recover to 1.1% in 2025.

China: China's GDP grew by 4.6% in Q3, up from 4.7% in Q2. Its GDP growth is projected at 4.5% for 2025, down from 4.8% in 2024, influenced by factors such as lower consumption and challenges in the property sector offset by stimulus measures.

South Africa: GDP disappointed up only 0.3% y-o-y in Q3, in line with Q2 and well below expectations of 1.2%. Growth for 2025 is expected at 1.5% from around 1% in 2024.

Namibia: Namibia grew by 2.8% in Q3 from 2.7% in Q2. Previously strong contributions from mining and agriculture have reversed to reduce headline growth which is now led by services and trade. Growth is expected to tick up to 4.2% in 2025 from 3.1% in 2024.



#### **Inflation**

Global inflation moderated from 6.7% in 2023 to 5.8% in 2024, with advanced economies nearing their targets faster than developing ones. By 2025, inflation is expected to fall further to 4.3%, but risks to this outlook remain.

US: US CPI rose from a low of 2.4% in September to 2.7% in November as energy base effects were lapped. Shelter remains an upside pressure. Persistent wage pressures and potential tariff impacts remain key risks. The focus will be on Core PCE prices as the cycle matures.

Europe and UK: UK CPI rose from a low of 1.7% in September to 2.6% as housing-related costs remained sticky. Eurozone CPI rose from a low of 1.7% in September to 2.4% in December largely on energy base effects. Food prices remain a pressure point. The IMF anticipates both UK and Eurozone inflation to ease gradually, aligning closer to central bank targets supported by easing supply chain pressures and wage growth slowing.

China: China continues to grapple with deflationary pressures with inflation falling to 0.1% in December due to weak domestic demand and challenges in the property sector. The IMF expects mild inflationary recovery as consumption gradually picks up in 2025.

SA: The IMF expects South Africa's inflation to remain within the Reserve Bank's target range of 3-6%, with declines expected in 2025 due to easing food and fuel prices and cautious monetary policy.

Namibia: Namibia's inflation rate rose to 3.4% in December from a downwardly revised low of 3% in October and November. While lower energy costs helped transport inflation, food inflation remains a pressure point.

#### Policy rates, yields, and the yield curve during 2024.

The US Federal Reserve cut rates by 100 basis points (bps), lowering the federal funds rate to 4.25%-4.50%, as inflation moderated but remained a concern. Additional cuts of around 50bps are anticipated in 2025 with recent data suggesting a muted cutting cycle.

UK: The Bank of England (BOE) cut rates by 50 bps, running a comparatively tighter policy than the Fed, bringing the base rate to 4%. Modest further reductions (25-50 bps) are expected as inflation moves closer to BOE's 2% target.

Europe: There were four cuts totaling 100bps, with further cuts expected if inflation moderates and there is weak growth.

China: The PBoC reduced its key lending rate by a cumulative 35bps to 3.1%, with further rate cuts expected to enhance economic efficiency.

Japan: The BoJ remained countercyclical and hiked rates by 35bps moving rates positive in 2024 as inflation concerns arose.

SA: The SARB cut the repo rate by 50bps in 2024 despite calls for more aggressive cuts. SARB remains cautious, but the market expects a further 50bps of cuts in 2025. This may be muted by a slower Fed cut cycle and oil prices as risks to a balanced inflation view.

Namibia: Namibia's central bank cut the key lending rate by 75 bps in 2024 to 7.0%. The bank continues to aim to support economic growth while maintaining the currency peg with the South African rand.

#### Conclusion:

Financial markets in 2024 reflected a year of significant divergence and complexity. While US equities capped off an impressive year with a 23% annual return, there was persistent volatility and sectoral shifts, particularly in healthcare, materials, and technology. Globally, the standout performers were gold and cryptocurrencies, highlighting investors' preference for alternative asset classes amid uncertain economic conditions. Emerging markets faced ongoing challenges, with protectionist policies and a stronger dollar weighing on export-driven economies. In South Africa local bond markets outshone equities.

Economic growth in 2024 was steady, while emerging markets, notably in Asia, benefited from technological demand. Inflation showed signs of easing globally, with varying monetary policy responses. Looking ahead, geopolitical factors, trade tensions, and evolving central bank strategies remain key drivers of market performance. Investors may find opportunities in sectors poised for growth, such as industrials and financials, while risks persist in areas facing valuation pressures and tightening financial conditions.

As we move into 2025, careful navigation of macroeconomic risks and market-specific dynamics will be critical. In the US, muted equity returns, and potential tariff impacts could be offset by corporate tax reforms and industrial recovery. Emerging markets, while under pressure, present selective opportunities. In South Africa equities will need to overcome high bond yields and economic headwinds to maintain competitiveness.



#### **Periodic Table**

Namibia: Basic Materials 166.1	Namibia: Basic Materials 32.6	Namibia: Basic Materials 32.3	Namibia: Basic Materials 29.1	Namibia: Basic Materials 28.9	Namibia: Basic Materials 41.3	Namibia: Con- sumer discre- tionary 15.5		Namibia: Con- sumer discre- tionary 48.0	Namibia: Con- sumer discre- tionary 48.0
Namibia: Over- all 27.8	Namibia: Con- sumer discre- tionary 29.6	Namibia: Con- sumer Staples 16.1	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 12.1	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 14.4	Namibia: Over- all 33.9		Namibia: Local 43.5		
Namibia: Local 15.2	Namibia: Financials 27.5	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 11.0	Namibia: Con- sumer Staples 9.7	Namibia: Con- sumer discre- tionary 6.1	Namibia: Con- sumer Staples 32.6	Namibia: Con- sumer Staples 11.0		Namibia: Over- all 15.9	Namibia: Over- all 15.9
Namibia: Financials 14.1	Namibia: Over- all 26.4	Namibia: IJG Money Market 7.8	Namibia: IJG Money Market 7.5	Namibia: IJG Money Market 5.8		Namibia: Over- all 9.7	Namibia: Con- sumer Staples 25.4	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 14.1	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 14.1
Namibia: Con- sumer Staples 13.9	Namibia: Local 14.1	Namibia: Local 7.2	Namibia: Over- all 4.6	Namibia: Over- all -2.0	Namibia: Financials 22.7	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 8.4	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 18.7	Namibia: Basic Materials 13.8	Namibia: Basic Materials 13.8
Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 11.7	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 13.1	Namibia: Over- all 4.5	Namibia: Local 3.0	Namibia: Con- sumer Staples -10.2	Namibia: Local 21.6	Namibia: Basic Materials 7.9	Namibia: IJG Money Market 8.1	Namibia: Local 10.7	
Namibia: Con- sumer discre- tionary 11.2	Namibia: IJG Money Market 8.3			Namibia: Local -22.2	Namibia: UG ALBI(All Bond) 4.4	Namibia: IJG Money Market 5.7	Namibia: Over- all 5.7	Namibia: Con- sumer Staples 9.2	Namibia: Con- sumer Staples 9.2
Namibia: IJG Money Market 7.6	Namibia: Con- sumer Staples -7.0	Namibia: Con- sumer discre- tionary -9.4	Namibia: Con- sumer discre- tionary -34.7		Namibia: IJG Money Market 4.2	Namibia: Local 2.0	Namibia: Basic Materials -21.7	Namibia: IJG Money Market 8.5	Namibia: IJG Money Market 8.5
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	YTD

# Namibian Indices

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Namibia: Basic Materials	-4.1	13.8	13.8	-1.3	11.9	14.5
Namibia: Consumer discretionary	-3.2	48.0	48.0	36.4	28.9	11.6
Namibia: Financials	-5.2	17.3	17.3	19.4	10.1	8.4
Namibia: Consumer Staples	-0.3	9.2	9.2	15.0	12.6	10.4
Namibia: Local	2.8	10.7	10.7	17.5	8.9	11.6
Namibia: Overall	-4.4	15.9	15.9	10.4	12.0	9.9
Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond)	0.6	14.1	14.1	13.7	11.9	10.8
Namibia: IJG Money Market	2.0	8.5	8.5	7.4	6.4	7.0

**渋nmg** 

#### **RSA Headline Indices**

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
RSA: All Share	-2.1	13.4	13.4	8.7	12.2	9.0
RSA: SWIX	-2.1	13.5	13.5	8.2	9.5	7.1
RSA: Capped SWIX	-2.1	13.4	13.4	8.5	10.3	6.9
RSA: Top 40 (Large Caps)	-3.4	10.7	10.7	7.9	12.2	9.1
RSA: Mid Cap	-1.5	15.4	15.4	8.8	7.3	6.4
RSA: Small Cap	7.1	35.6	35.6	17.5	20.8	9.7
RSA: Listed Property	-0.8	29.0	29.0	12.6	5.1	3.1
RSA: Resources	-10.1	-7.2	-7.2	-5.9	6.0	6.6
RSA: Industrials 25	-0.5	17.3	17.3	9.9	13.6	8.8
RSA: Financial 15	-1.8	21.6	21.6	17.7	10.8	7.7
RSA: All Bond Index	0.4	17.2	17.2	10.3	9.6	8.7
RSA: Inflation Linked Bonds	0.8	7.8	7.8	6.4	7.7	5.4
RSA: STeFI Composite (Cash)	2.0	8.5	8.5	7.2	6.2	6.7

#### **Consumer Price Index**

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
NAM CPI	0.9	3.4	3.4	5.2	4.5	4.6

#### Commodities

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Gold	8.6	29.5	29.5	19.5	18.4	13.4
Platinum	1.5	-5.8	-5.8	4.0	5.3	2.1
Oil	13.5	-1.1	-1.1	3.9	8.6	7.7

# **International Indices**

urrency: Rand									
	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years			
USA: S&P 500	12.1	29.0	29.0	15.2	21.6	18.8			
UK: FTSE 100	2.1	11.2	11.2	10.7	10.6	9.1			
lapan: Nikkei 225 Average	5.0	12.3	12.3	8.4	11.6	13.2			
MSCI Emerging Markets	0.6	8.4	8.4	1.1	5.4	6.3			
MSCI World	9.4	23.0	23.0	13.0	18.6	16.1			
MSCI All Country World	8.5	21.8	21.8	12.0	17.4	15.3			
JSA: DJ Industrial Average	10.5	18.7	18.7	13.7	17.4	17.2			

# **Global Fixed Income**

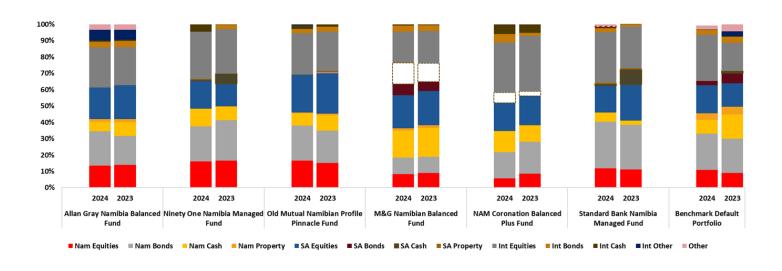
urrency: Rand									
	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years			
FTSE World Government Bond Index	4.9	2.4	2.4	2.8	4.9	4.9			
ICE BofA 0-3 M US Trsy Bill TR USD	10.8	8.7	8.7	9.9	8.8	6.9			
ICE BofA 3-6 M US Trsy Bill TR USD	10.8	8.7	8.7	9.9	8.9	6.9			
FTSE WGBI USD	3.5	0.2	0.2	-0.4	2.9	4.4			





# **Moderate Risk Portfolios**

#### Asset Allocation as at 31 December 2024 as compared to 31 December 2023



#### Notes 31 December 2024:

- 1. Allan Gray: International Other represents Property, Hedged Equity & Commodities
- 2. Allan Gray: Other represents SA and Namibia Commodities
- 3. Allan Gray: International Equity represents Net Equity
- 4. Default: International Other represents Property, Hedged Equity and Commodities.
- 5. NAM Coronation Balanced: Other represents Commodities and preference shares and International Other represents property and commodities.

6. NAM Coronation, Prudential and Old Mutual use derivatives to gain additional exposure to certain assets beyond 100%. Thus the cash allocation has an offsetting negative exposure, representing the liability or cash that is 'owed' for these assets. The total thus represents the "Notional Cash Value" for the entire effective derivative exposure. 7. Negative allocation to an asset class is represented by dashed bars.

#### Notes 31 December 2023:

- 1. Allan Gray: International Other represents Property, Hedged Equity & Commodities
- 2. Allan Gray: Other represents SA and Namibia Commodities
- 3. Allan Gray: International Equity represents Net Equity
- 4. Default: International Other represents Property, Hedged Equity and Commodities.
- 5. NAM Coronation Balanced Plus: Other represents Commodities and International Other represents Property.
- 6. NAM Coronation and Prudential use derivatives to gain additional exposure to certain assets beyond 100%. Thus the cash allocation has an offseting negative exposure,

representing the liability or cash that is 'owed' for these assets. The total thus represents the "Notional Cash Value" for the entire effective derivative exposure.

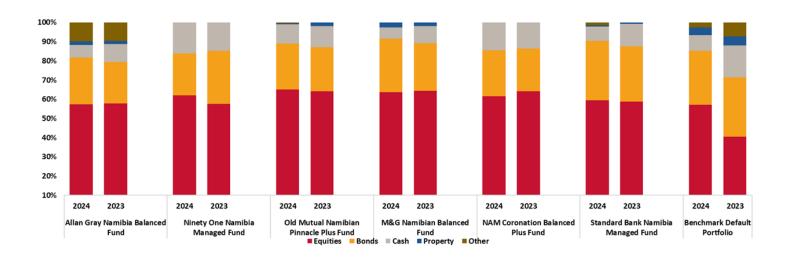
7. Negative allocation to an asset class is represented by dashed bars.



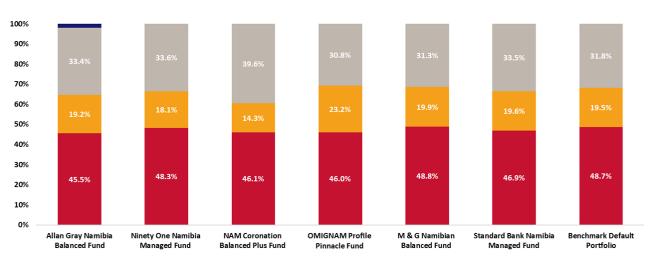


# **Moderate Risk Portfolios**

#### Asset Allocation as at 31 December 2024 as compared to 31 December 2023



Geographical Split as at 31 December 2024:



Namibia South Africa International African

nm

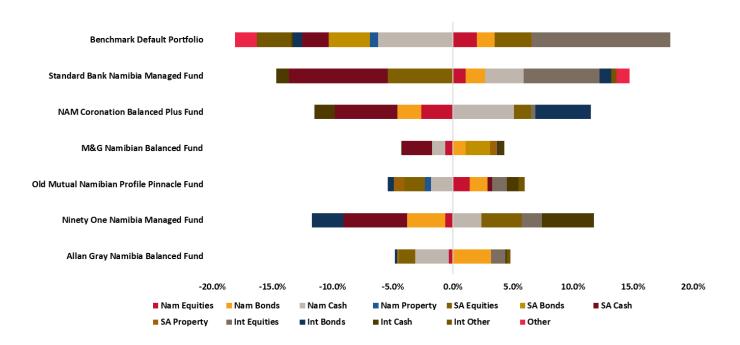
Notes: Allan Gray: 1.9% African

#### **Benchmark Retirement Fund**

# **Moderate Risk Portfolios**

# **Change in Asset Allocation**

The following graph illustrates the changes that were made to the managers' asset allocation over the 12 month period ending **31 December 2024.** In the event that the allocation to an asset class was decreased, the change would be indicated on the left hand side of the vertical axis, and vice versa.



Over the past year, the Standard Bank Managed Fund underwent the most significant changes, shifting assets from SA Equities and Cash to Nam Cash and International Equities. This reallocation likely responded to the attractiveness of Nam Cash and the strong performance of International Equities. Other funds also made notable changes, with the NAM Coronation Balanced Fund increasing its allocation to Namibian Cash and International Bonds, while decreasing its exposure to Nam Equities and Bonds. The Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund saw significant increases in International Cash, SA Equities, and Namibia Cash. In cont rast, the M&G Namibia Balanced Fund experienced the fewest changes, with a notable increase in SA bonds and a corresponding decrease in SA Cash. Allan Gray followed a similar pattern, with a moderate increase in Nam Bonds and a decrease in Nam Cash. Across all managers, asset allocation changes were mixed, with no uniform trend observed among the Moderate Risk Portfolios. However, most portfolios reduced their exposure to SA and Nam Cash, while increasing their allocation to International Equity. It's essential to note that these changes resulted from a combination of active management decisions and market fluctuations, rather than solely from manager decisions.





# **Moderate Risk Portfolios**

#### Trailing Returns as at 31 December 2024

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund	9.5	12.3	10.9	9.3
NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund	16.8	10.6	12.4	8.8
Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund	12.3	8.4	9.9	9.0
Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund	12.9	9.1	10.9	9.2
Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund	13.0	8.3	9.2	8.2
M&G Namibian Balanced Fund	12.6	10.2	11.0	9.0
Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio	11.6	11.4	10.2	8.8
NMG SA Moderate Benchmark	13.9	9.0	11.7	9.4
NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark	15.3	11.4	12.3	10.7
FTSE/JSE All Share TR ZAR	13.4	8.7	12.2	9.0
NAM CPI + 6%	9.6	11.5	10.8	10.9

#### Trailing Returns as at 31 December 2023

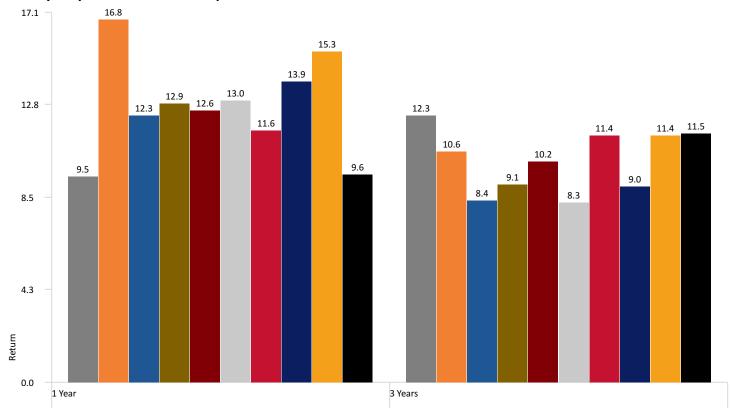
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund	19.6	14.2	10.5	9.3
NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund	20.0	11.8	11.3	8.4
Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund	12.5	9.9	9.5	9.1
Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund	15.0	11.8	10.3	9.2
Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund	18.1	8.2	8.9	8.1
M&G Namibian Balanced Fund	14.4	12.4	10.4	8.8
Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio	16.6	12.1	9.6	8.6
NMG SA Moderate Benchmark	12.7	11.3	11.2	9.2
NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark	15.8	11.8	11.7	10.3
FTSE/JSE All Share TR ZAR	9.3	13.5	11.9	8.8
NAM CPI + 6%	11.6	11.9	10.6	11.0

The returns for the Default Portfolio and the Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund (segregated) are the unit price returns allocated to members after fees, which is received from RFS Fund Administrators. The remaining returns are net money-weighted rate of return after fees values calculated by NMG Investment Consultants from the data provided by the individual asset managers.



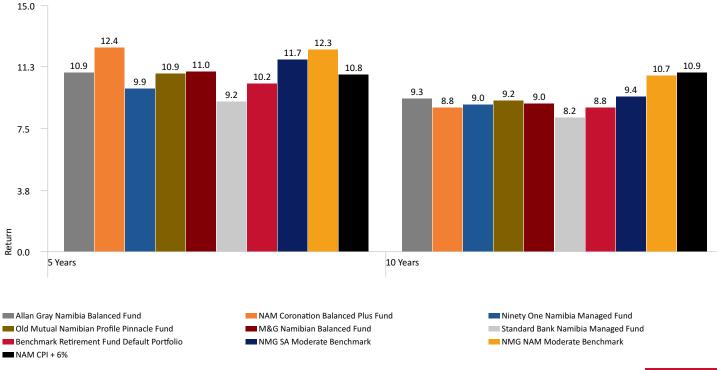


# **Moderate Risk Portfolios**



#### 1 & 3 year performance for the period ended 31 December 2024

5 & 10 years performance for the period ending 31 December 2024



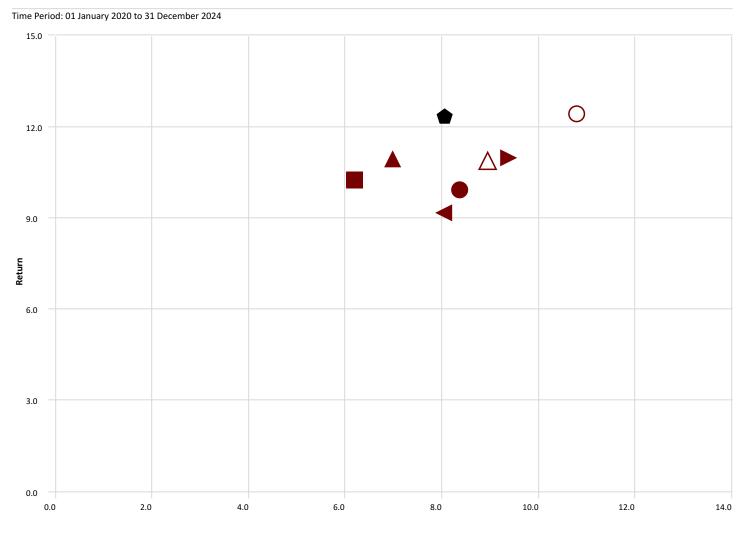




# Moderate Risk Portfolios: Volatility vs Return

The following graph illustrates the volatility and return statistics of the moderate portfolios for a 5 year period. These returns are **net** of all investment charges.

#### **Risk-Reward**



- Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund
- △ Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund
- Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio
- Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund
- O NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund
- Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund

**Benchmark Retirement Fund** 

M&G Namibian Balanced Fund

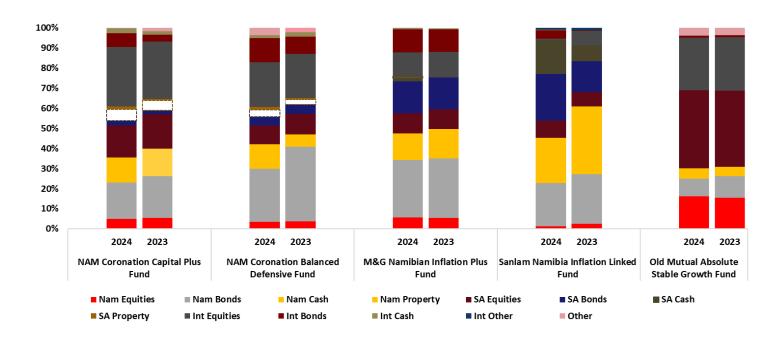
٠

NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark



### **Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios**

#### Asset Allocation as at 31 December 2024 as compared to 31 December 2023



#### Notes 31 December 2024:

- 1. NAM Coronation Capital Plus: International Other represents Commodities
- 2. Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked: International Other represents Property
- 3. NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive SA Cash position includes an off-set or "Notional Cash value" for all derivative effective exposure.
- 4. NAM Coronation Capital Plus SA Cash position includes an off-set or "Notional Cash value" for all derivative effective exposure.
- 5. NAM Coronation Capital Plus & NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive: SA & NAM Other represents Commodities, Preference shares and other securities 6. Old Mutual Stable Growth: Other represents Namibian Alternative Investments

#### Notes 31 December 2023:

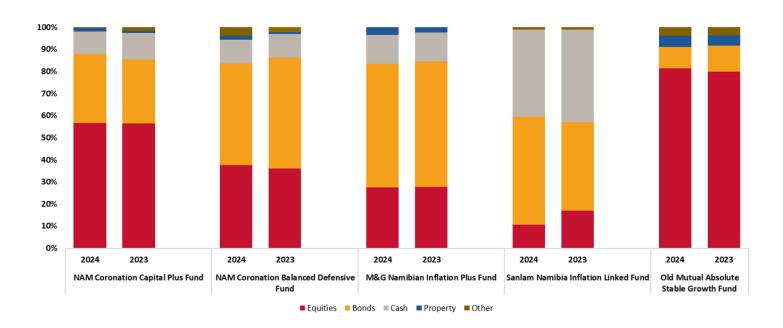
- 1. NAM Coronation Capital Plus: International Other represents Commodities
- 2. Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked: International Other represents Property
- 3. NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive NAM Cash position includes an off-set or "Notional Cash value" for all derivative effective exposure.
- 4. NAM Coronation Capital Plus SA Cash position includes an off-set or "Notional Cash value" for all derivative effective exposure.
- 5. NAM Coronation Capital Plus & NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive: SA & NAM Other represents Commodities, Preference shares and other securities
- 6. Old Mutual Stable Growth: Other represents Namibian Alternative Investments



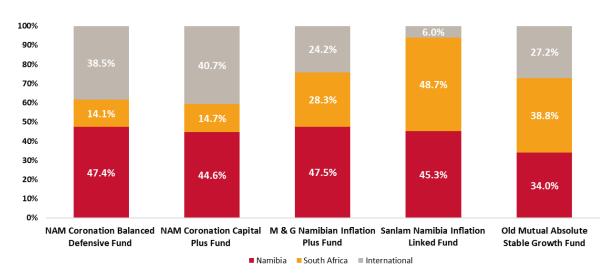


# **Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios**

#### Asset Allocation as at 31 December 2024 compared 31 December 2023



Geographical Split as at 31 December 2024:



\*Note: Sanlam and Old Mutual portfolios are classified as insurance policies and therefore their Namibian exposure is managed in accordance with the life company's balance sheet exposure



# **Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios**

#### **Change in Asset Allocation**

The following graph illustrates the changes that were made to the managers' asset allocation over the 12 month period ending **31 December 2024.** In the event that the allocation to an asset class was decreased, the change would be indicated on the left hand side of the vertical axis, and vice versa.



Over the past year, the Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund underwent the most significant portfolio changes, increasing its exposure to International Bonds, SA Equities, Bonds, and Cash. Conversely, it reduced its holdings in International Equity, Nam Cash, Equities, and Bonds. Similarly, the NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund made notable adjustments, increasing its allocation to International Bonds, SA Cash, and Nam Cash, while decreasing its exposure to Nam Bonds and Alternatives. In contrast, the Old Mutual Absolute Stable Growth Fund and the M&G Inflation Plus Fund experienced minimal changes. While the Old Mutual fund saw no significant movements, the M&G fund increased its SA Cash allocation and decreased its Nam Cash holding. Despite varied strategies, the Moderate Low Risk Portfolios, all had a reduced allocation to Nam Bonds over the past year. It's essential to note that these changes result from a combination of active management decisions and market fluctuations, rather than solely from manager decisions.







# **Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios**

#### Trailing Returns as at 31 December 2024

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund	11.8	9.4	9.2	8.0
NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund	13.1	9.0	9.8	7.4
M&G Namibian Inflation Plus Fund	10.9	9.6	9.2	8.1
Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund	11.7	9.2	9.0	8.3
Old Mutual Absolute Stable Growth Fund	12.7	11.1	9.3	8.5
NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark	13.6	10.8	10.9	9.7
NAM CPI + 4%	7.6	9.4	8.7	8.8

#### Trailing Returns as at 31 December 2023

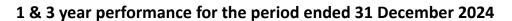
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund	14.7	9.3	9.1	7.8
NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund	15.8	9.5	9.4	7.1
M&G Namibian Inflation Plus Fund	13.2	10.4	8.9	8.1
Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund	14.0	9.1	8.8	8.1
Old Mutual Absolute Stable Growth Fund	11.2	11.7	7.6	8.9
NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark	13.3	10.2	10.2	9.3
NAM CPI + 4%	9.5	9.8	8.5	8.9

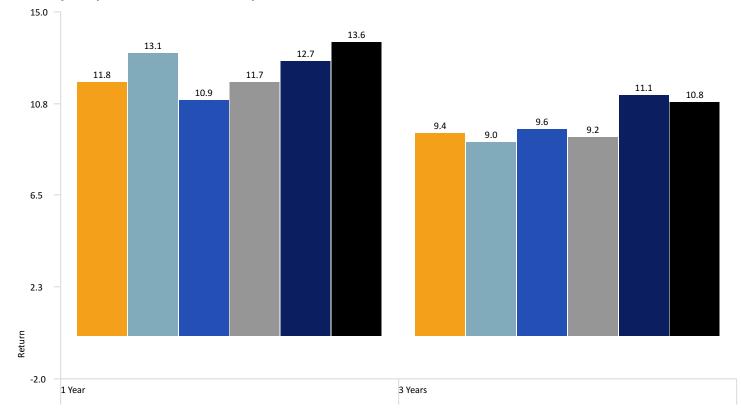
The returns for the Old Mutual AGP portfolios are sourced from the NMG Survey data. The remaining returns are net money-weighted rate of return after fees values calculated by NMG Investment Consultants from the data provided by the individual asset managers.



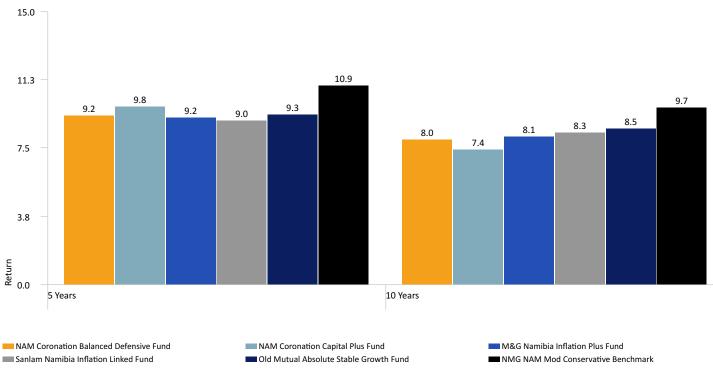


# **Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios**





5 & 10 years performance for the period ended 31 December 2024



#### **Benchmark Retirement Fund**

Source: Morningstar Direct

**∷**nmg

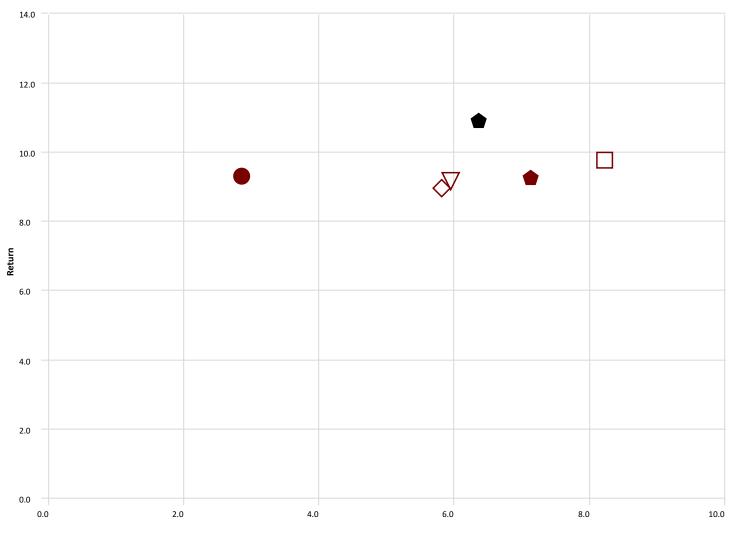


# Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios: Volatility vs Return

The following graph illustrates the volatility and return statistics of the moderate low portfolios for a 5 year period. These returns are **net** of all investment charges.

#### **Risk-Reward**

Time Period: 01 January 2020 to 31 December 2024



NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund

Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund

- Std Dev
- NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund
- Old Mutual Absolute Stable Growth Fund

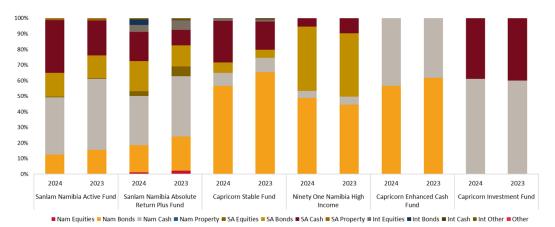
M&G Namibia Inflation Plus Fund

NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark

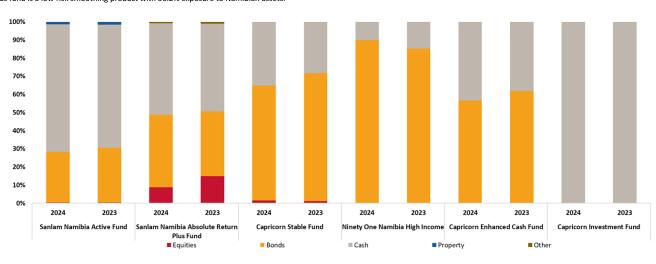


# Low Risk and Capital Preservation Portfolios

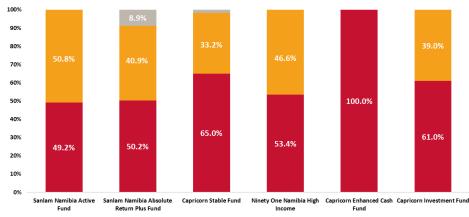
#### Asset Allocation as at 31 December 2024 as compared to 31 December 2023



The total Namibian exposure is 49.2% for the Sanlam Namibia Active Fund. The Capricorn Stable fund is a multi-asset low risk fund. 65.0% of the funds assets are currently invested in Namibian assets. The Money Market Fund (Capricorn Investment Fund) is managed by Capricorn Asset Management and is mainly invested in Namibian & South African cash investments. The Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus fund is a low risk smoothing product with 50.2% exposure to Namibian assets.



#### Geographical Split as at 31 December 2024:



Namibia South Africa International

\*The Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus fund is classified as an insurance policy and therefore their Namibian exposure is managed in accordance with the life company's balance sheet exposure.

#### **Benchmark Retirement Fund**



# Low Risk and Capital Preservation Portfolios

#### Trailing Returns as at 31 December 2024

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Sanlam Namibia Active Fund	10.6	8.4	7.2	7.7
Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus Fund**	14.8	9.2	7.8	7.8
Capricorn Stable Fund*	11.8	13.5	10.7	_
Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund***	9.6	8.8	7.5	7.4
Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund***	8.9	7.6	7.1	7.9
NAM CPI + 1%	4.4	6.2	5.5	5.7
NAM CPI + 2%	5.5	7.3	6.6	6.7
FTSE/JSE ALB 1-3 Yr TR ZAR	9.6	8.2	8.0	8.0

\*Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made at the end of March 2019. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

\*\*Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made during June of 2019. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

\*\*\*Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made during February 2022. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

#### Trailing Returns as at 31 December 2023

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Sanlam Namibia Active Fund	9.0	6.7	6.7	7.4
Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus Fund**	9.0	6.5	6.5	7.7
Capricorn Stable Fund*	14.3	11.4	10.4	-
Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund***	10.0	6.9	7.2	7.0
Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund***	7.8	6.4	7.1	7.7
NAM CPI + 1%	6.4	6.6	5.4	5.8
NAM CPI + 2%	7.4	7.7	6.4	6.8
FTSE/JSE ALB 1-3 Yr TR ZAR	9.2	6.4	7.6	7.7

\*Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made at the end of March 2019. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

\*\*Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made during June of 2019. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

\*\*\*Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made during February 2022. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

#### Trailing Returns as at 31 December 2024

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Capricorn Investment Fund	9.0	7.8	6.7	7.1
NAM CPI	3.4	5.2	4.5	4.6
IJG Money Market GR NAD	8.5	7.4	6.4	7.0

#### Trailing Returns as at 31 December 2023

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Capricorn Investment Fund	8.5	6.3	6.4	6.8
NAM CPI	5.3	5.6	4.3	4.7
IJG Money Market GR NAD	8.1	6.0	6.2	6.7

The returns are net money-weighted rate of return after fees values calculated by NMG Investment Consultants from the data provided by the individual asset managers.





# **Unlisted Investments**

#### Trailing Returns as at 31 December 2024

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	01 January 2016 - 31 December 2024
Allegrow Fund*	-8.3	1.5	-4.0	-0.9
Caliber Capital Fund (A)	10.4	9.7	8.6	7.6
IJG Frontier Investment Fund**	-25.5	-6.9	-4.7	-6.1
Stimulus	0.1	4.6	3.6	3.4
NAM CPI + 4.5%	8.1	9.9	9.2	9.4

Due to the illiquid nature of unlisted investments, returns over shorter time periods may not be a true reflection of the funds' performance over that period. \*Fair value adjustment in September 2021.

\*\*Fair value adjustment in September 2024.

#### Trailing Returns as at 31 December 2023

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	01 January 2016 - 31 December 2023
Allegrow Fund	13.4	-4.3	-2.3	0.1
Caliber Capital Fund (A)	10.8	8.4	8.4	7.3
IJG Frontier Investment Fund	1.6	7.0	-4.0	-3.3
Stimulus	-	5.2	5.3	3.8
NAM CPI + 4.5%	10.0	10.3	9.0	9.6

Due to the illiquid nature of unlisted investments, returns over shorter time periods may not be a true reflection of the funds' performance over that period.

The returns are net money-weighted rate of return after fees values calculated by NMG Investment Consultants from the data provided by the individual asset managers.





# Glossary

Asset Allocation: The weighting of assets in an investment portfolio amongst different asset classes (shares, bonds, property, cash, and international investments).

BEASSA All Bond Index (ALBI): Bond Exchange Actuarial Society of South Africa Index.

Balanced Fund: An investment portfolio that spreads its holdings over a range of asset classes, which typically include shares, fixed interest, property, international securities and cash.

**Benchmark:** An index or other market measurement that is used by a fund manager as a yardstick to assess the risk and performance of a portfolio; for example, the All Share Index is a commonly used benchmark for Domestic Equity portfolios.

Bottom-up Analysis: A form of security analysis that begins with forecasting returns for individual companies, then moves to industries and, finally, the economy as a whole.

Capital Preservation Portfolio: Portfolios that provide investors with greater stability in returns and aim to preserve capital. These portfolios experience less volatility and may or may not have an underlying guarantee.

FTSE/JSE All Share Index (ALSI): A "basket" of shares representing all the shares on the JSE. This index is used as a measurement to indicate price movements in the market.

Growth Style: Growth style managers identify companies with above average earnings growth, which they believe will be reflected by the price in future. These shares usually have a higher P/E ratio as the price is higher due to earnings being generated at a fast pace.

Growth at a Reasonable Price: An investment style in which the manager selects shares where the company is growing profits, but the share price is not overpriced relative to that growth or shares of which the P/E ratio is below that of the index.

Inflation (CPI): The consumer price index represents the increase in the price of a "basket" of basic goods and services e.g. food, petrol. It provides an indication as to how fast prices are increasing in the economy.

**Institutional Investor:** An organisation whose primary purpose in investment markets is to invest its own assets or those that it holds in trust for others. Institutional investors include fund managers, life companies, retirement funds, banks, etc.

JP Morgan Global Bond Index: An index which can be used to measure global bond market movements. Countries' bonds across the globe form part of the index, each carrying a certain weight in the index.

Market Value Adjustment: A term used with smooth bonus products. All disinvestments which are not for benefit payment (ie switches, terminations) will be paid out at the lower of book or market value. Genuine benefit payments are defined to be payments iro resignation, death and retirement.

**Median:** The middle value that exceeds half of the values in the sample and which is exceeded by the other half. For example, if five items cost N\$20, N\$80, N\$100, N\$300, and N\$500 respectively, the median value would be N\$100, whereas the mean would be N\$200.

MSCI World Equity Index: An index which can be used to measure global market movements. Countries across the globe form part of the index, each carrying a certain weight in the index.





# Glossary

NSX Index: A "basket" of shares representing all the shares on the Namibian Stock Exchange. This index is used as a measurement to indicate price movements in the market.

**Price Earnings Ratio:** A stock's market price divided by its current or estimated future earnings per share. The PE ratio is used by the investing public as a measure of the attractiveness of a particular share versus all other shares. The lower the ratio relative to the average of the share market, the lower the market's profit growth expectations.

Prudential Unit Trust: A unit trust which complies with Regulation 13 of the Pension Fund Act.

Regulation 13: The regulation in the Pension Fund Act providing guidelines for the investments of retirement funds.

Strategic Asset Allocation: The composition of an asset mix within a portfolio, constructed with the aim of meeting the long-term objectives of a fund, rather than being based on short-term views of relative performance of the various asset classes. Usually a benchmark is derived in this fashion.

STEFI: Short Term Fixed Interest Index. An index used to measure performance for short term (cash) investments.

Top Decile: A statistical measure dividing a sample into ten numerically equal groups. Thus, 'top decile' means the top 10% of a given sample.

Top-Down Analysis: A form of security analysis that begins with forecasting broad macroeconomic trends, then assessing the impact on industries and, finally, on individual companies.

Tactical Asset Allocation: A process by which the asset allocation of a fund is changed on a short-term basis to take advantage of perceived differences in relative values of the various asset classes. TAA can also be described as the variation of asset allocation around the strategic asset allocation.

Upper Quartile: A statistical measure dividing a sample into four numerically equal groups. Thus, 'upper quartile' means the top 25% of a given sample.

Value Style: Asset managers who have a value style identify shares which trade below intrinsic value in the belief that the share price will return to its intrinsic value. These securities usually have low prices relative to book value or earnings.

Volatility: A measure used to define risk which refers to the degree of fluctuation of returns over a specified period (normally short-term). The higher the volatility, the higher the fluctuation of returns which is associated with greater uncertainty of expected returns. This scenario is defined as being high risk.





# **Appendix A: Replacement Ratios**

The following table represents some salary replacement ratios:

Assumed NET Contributions towards retirement i.e. AFTER all costs for	r risk and adr	ninistration o	etc. (as % of	pensionable	salary)
Assumed Investment Return for 30 years before retirement (after fees)	8%	10%	12%	14%	16%
CPI + 5%	47%	59%	70%	82%	94%
CPI + 4%	39%	49%	59%	69%	79%
CPI + 3%	33%	42%	50%	58%	67%
CPI + 2%	28%	35%	42%	50%	57%

The Trustees consider an appropriate post retirement income to be 60% of pre-retirement pensionable income after 30 years of service (assuming that 2% accumulates for each year of service). This ratio is defined as the salary replacement ratio. The above table shows a range of ratios for various net retirement funding contribution rates in relation to real investment returns, assuming retirement at age 60. Other assumptions are:

Pre-retirement:

- Real rate of return before retirement is dependent on the investment portfolio chosen;
- Salaries are assumed to increase in line with price inflation. In order to assess the impact of a salary increase of 1.0% per annum above inflation, one needs to look at a 1.0% per annum lower real return (e.g. if the targeted real rate of return on the selected investment portfolio is CPI + 4% then one needs to look at the results of CPI + 3% in the above table to see the salary replacement ratio if salaries increase 1.0% per annum above price inflation);
- No break in service or 100% preservation of accumulated fund credit where there is a change of employer;
- Full fund credit available on retirement (one-third and two-thirds) is used to generate the pension; and
- Effect of tax is not taken into account.

#### Post retirement

- Single life with-profit annuity is purchased at age 60 years; and
- Allowance for future pension increases is approximately 2/3rds of price inflation.



Strictly Confidential



# **Benchmark Retirement Fund**

# Fund Fact Sheets : As at 31 December 2024

NMG Consultants and Actuaries (Namibia) (Pty) Ltd (Reg No. 95/276) is a subsidiary of NMG C & A Holdings (SA) (Pty) Directors: C. Chidrawi: G. Boars; R. Ganie

T: (+264) 83 375 0001 www.nma.co.za Block A, Office 1, Livega House, Nujoma Office Park, 1205 Luther Street, Windhoek

# **Table of Contents**

Mode	rate Risk Portfolios	
1.	Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund	3
2.	Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund	4
3.	NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund	5
4.	Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund	6
5.	M&G Namibian Balanced Fund	7
6.	Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund	8
7.	Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio	9
Mode	rate Low Portfolios	
8.	NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund	10
9.	Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth Fund	11
10.	M&G Namibian Inflation Plus Fund	12
11.	Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund	13
12.	NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund	14
Low R	isk Portfolios	
13.	Sanlam Nambia Active Fund	15
14.	Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus Fund	16
15.	Capricorn Stable Fund	17
16.	Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund	18
17.	Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund	19
18.	Capricorn Investment Fund	20



# **Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund**

#### **Fund Information**

Fund Size		
Risk Profile		
Benchmark		

N\$ 3 520m
Moderate
NMG Average Moderate Fund

#### Portfolio Description:

Inception Date:

Portfolio Manager:

CIO:

Base Fees:

%

The Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund is a market-linked balanced portfolio which represents Allan Gray's best investment view for balanced mandates. This fund is managed according to a segregated mandate.

0.60% P.A. on domestic assets and a performance-based fee of

The inception date below is for the Unit Trust which is used as proxy.

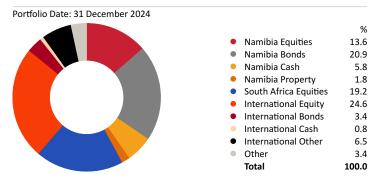
Duncan Artus, Birte Schneider

between 1%-2.5% on international assets

01/08/1999

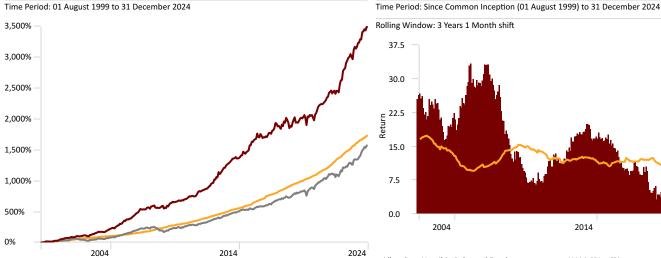
Duncan Artus

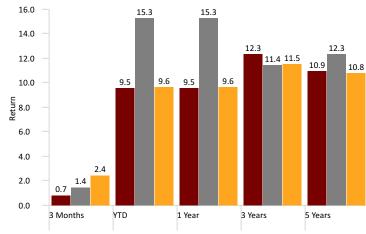
#### **Asset Allocation**



#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**

Time Period: 01 August 1999 to 31 December 2024

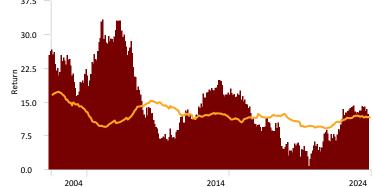




#### Manager vs Benchmark: Return

# 37.5

**Rolling Returns** 



-NAM CPI + 6%

Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund

#### **Top 10 Holdings**

1.	FirstRand Namibia	3.0
2.	British American Tobacco	2.8
3.	Anheuser-Busch	2.7
4.	Naspers and Prosus	2.6
5.	Oryx Properties	1.8
6.	Nedbank	1.6
7.	Standard Bank Group	1.5
8.	Namibia Breweries	1.5
9.	Glencore	1.4
10.	Woolworths	1.4

NAM CPI + 6% Allan Grav Namibia Balanced Fund NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark



# **Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund**

#### **Fund Information**

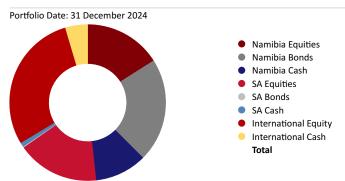
Fund Size	
Risk Profile	
Benchmark	

#### N\$ 5 443m Moderate NMG Average Moderate Fund

#### **Portfolio Description**

The Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund is a market-linked balanced portfolio which aims to achieve stable returns over the longer term by investing in all asset classes. This portfolio represents Ninety One's best investment view.

#### Asset Allocation



0.2

0.9

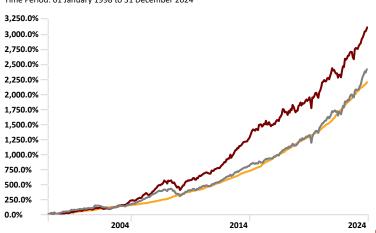
29.0

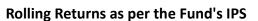
4.6 100.0

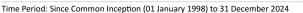
	Inception Date:	01-May-97
	CIO:	John McNab, Mimi Ferrini
% 16.0	Portfolio Manager:	Chris Freud and Duane Cable
21.5 10.8 17.0	Base Fees:	Based on value of portfolio as follows: 0.75% p.a on first N\$ 350m, 0.70% p.a on next N\$ 200m, 0.65% p.a on assets above N\$ 550m

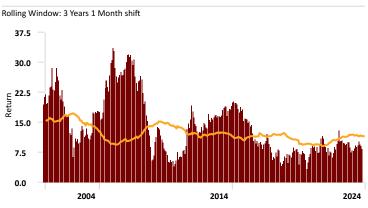
#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**

Time Period: 01 January 1998 to 31 December 2024









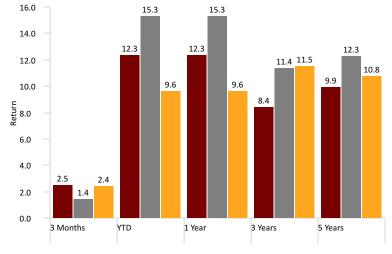
■Ninety One Managed Namibia Fund

-NAM CPI + 6%

# **Top 10 Holdings**

1.	Naspers	3.4
2.	FirstRand Namibia	3.0
		1.8
3.	Mr Price	1.7
4.		1.6
5.		1.5
6.	FirstRand	1.4
7.	Discovery	1.4
8.	Anglogold Ashanti	
9.	Truworths International	1.3
10.	Standard Bank Group	1.3





Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark NAM CPI + 6%



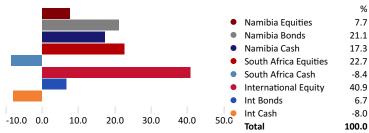
# **NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund**

#### **Fund Information**

Fund Size	N\$ 1 340m
Risk Profile	Moderate
Benchmark	NMG Average Moderate Fund

#### **Asset Allocation**

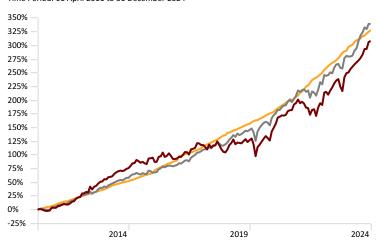
Portfolio Date: 31 December 2024



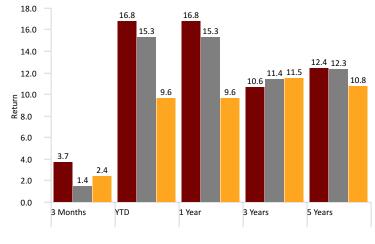
The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**

Time Period: 01 April 2011 to 31 December 2024







#### **Portfolio Description**

The NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund is a fully managed investment solution diversified across asset classes and sectors.

Inception: Apr-2011

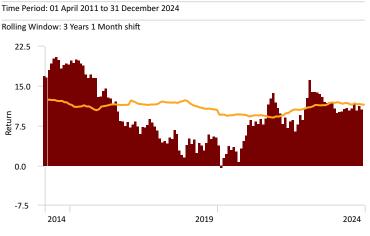
CEO: Tarah Shaanika

#### Portfolio Manager

Karl Leinberger

Base Fees: 0.85% p.a. on average month end market value

#### **Rolling Returns**



-NAM CPI + 6%

NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund

#### Top 10 Holdings

1.	Egerton Capital Equity Fund	4.4
2.	Eminence Fund Long	3.9
3.	Lone Monterey	2.6
4.	Contrarius Global Equity Fund	2.2
5.	Tremblant Capital	2.2
6.	Namibia Breweries	1.8
7.	FirstRand	1.5
8.	Quilter	1.2
9.	Capitec	1.0
10.	Dis-chem Pharmacies	1.0

NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark

NAM CPI + 6%



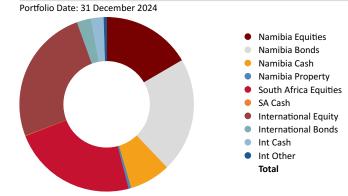
# **Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund**

#### **Fund Information**

Fund Size **Risk Profile** Benchmark

N\$ 319m Moderate NMG Average Moderate Fund

#### Asset Allocation



#### Portfolio Description

0.5

23.1

0.1

25.3

2.6

2.4

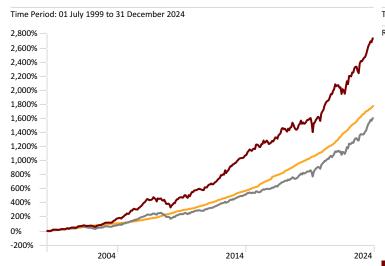
0.5

100.0

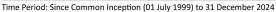
The Old Mutual Namibia Profile Pinnacle Portfolio is a market-linked balanced portfolio which places emphasis on asset allocation across all asset classes. OMIGNAM has closed the OMIGNAM Balanced Fund and replaced it with OMIGNAM Profile Pinnacle. This mandate is now OMIGNAM's best investment view for a moderate balanced mandate. The portfolio aims to achieve consistent real returns over the longer term. Fund returns below include OMIGNAM Profile Balanced for the period 01 March 1998 until 01 September 2013. Fund returns after 01 September 2013 are those of OMIGNAM Profile Pinnacle.

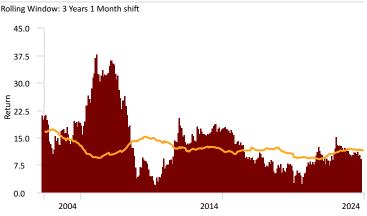
%	Inception Date:	01 April 1998
	Portfolio Manager:	Peter Brooke and Tyrone van Wyk
21.3 7.6	Base Fees:	0.55% p.a. domestic assets and 0.80% p.a. on international assets

#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**



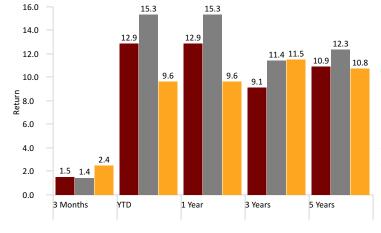
**Rolling Returns** 





-NAM CPI + 6%





NAM CPI + 6%

Old Mutual Namibia Profile Pinnacle Fund

#### **Top 10 Holdings**

		20
1.	FirstRand Namibia	2.9
2.	Naspers	2.6
3.	Standard Bank Namibia	2.5
4.	FNB Namibia Holdings	2.1
5.	Capitec	1.2
б.	Anglo American Namibia	1.2
	0	1.0
7.	Sanlam Namibia	1.0
8.	Namibia Breweries	1.0
9.	Gold Fields	1.0
10.	Nedbank	0.9

Old Mutual Namibia Profile Pinnacle Fund NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark

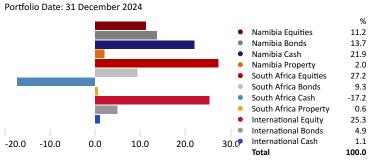


# **M&G Namibian Balanced Fund**

#### **Fund Information**

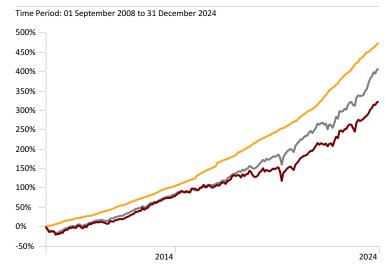
Fund Size	N\$ 1 278m
Risk Profile	Moderate
Benchmark	NMG Average Moderate Fund

#### Asset Allocation



The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**



#### 16.0 15.3 15.3 14.0 12.6 12.6 12.3 11.4 11.5 12.0 11.0 10.8 10.2 9.6 9.6 10.0 Return 8.0 6.0 4.0 2.4 2.0 2.0 0.0 YTD 3 Months 1 Year 3 Years 5 Years



The M&G Namibia Balanced portfolio is a market-linked balanced portfolio which aims to achieve consistent growth of capital and income by maintaining a superior stock selection across all industries relative to the benchmark and across all asset classes. The portfolio represents M&G's best investment view.

Inception: Aug-08

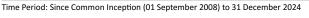
CIO: David Knee

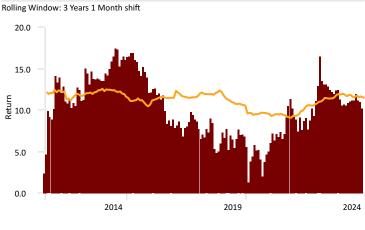
#### Portfolio Manager

Michael Moyle, Sandile Malinga and Leonard Kruger.

Base Fees: 0.75% p.a. on average month end market value

#### **Rolling Returns**





M&G Namibian Balanced Fund

-NAM CPI + 6%

#### **Top 10 Holdings**

1.	Capped Shareholder Weighted 40 Index Future 03/202	9.6
2.	Republic of SA Bond Future 02/2025 (R2032)	7.7
3.	Naspers and Prosus	3.7
4.	Bank Windhoek FRN J3 +0.25% 21/08/2025	3.4
5.	Namibian Government Bond 8.00% 15/01/2027	2.3
6.	FirstRand Namibia	2.0
7.	Nedbank Namibia FRN J3+0.47% 30/05/2025	1.7
8.	Standard Bank Namibia	1.6
9.	Capricorn Group	1.6
10.	First National Bank Namibia NFRN 0.25% 21/08/2025	1.5

M&G Namibian Balanced Fund

Manager vs Benchmark: Return

NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark NAM CPI + 6%

Page 7



# Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund

#### **Fund Information**

Fund Size	N\$ 197m
Risk Profile	Moderate
Benchmark	NMG Average Moderate Fund

#### **Asset Allocation**

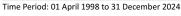
-1

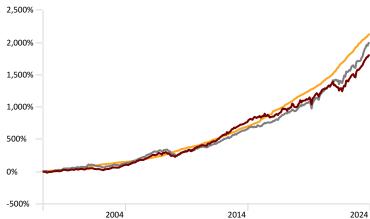
#### Portfolio Date: 31 December 2024

					%
				Namibia Equities	12.2
				Namibia Bonds	29.0
				Namibia Cash	5.7
				<ul> <li>South Africa Equities</li> </ul>	16.9
				SA Cash	0.8
				<ul> <li>South Africa Property</li> </ul>	0.8
- C.				International Equity	31.6
1				International Bonds	2.5
				Int Cash	-1.0
				Int Other	0.4
0.0 0.0	10.0	20.0	30.0	40.(P Other	1.1
				Total	100.0

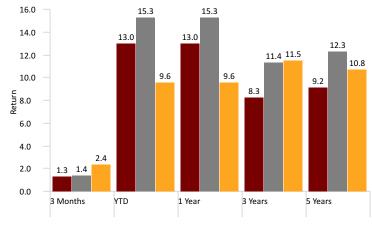
The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**





#### Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund

**Portfolio Description** 

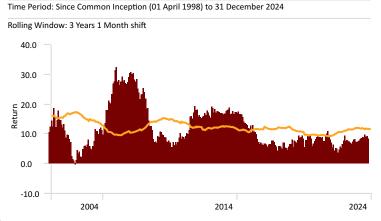
The Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund is a market-linked balanced portfolio which invests in all asset classes. The fund includes the combined investment views of STANLIB (SA&NAM). The portfolio aims to achieve capital growth over the longer -term.

Inception: Apr-98

Portfolio Manager: Marius Oberholzer

Base Fees: 0.50% p.a. on average month end market value

#### **Rolling Returns**



-NAM CPI + 6%

Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund

#### **Top 10 Holdings**

1.	FirstRand Namibia	2.3
2.	Standard Bank Namibia	1.8
3.	Anglo American Namibia	1.6
4.	Naspers	1.5
5.	Sanlam Namibia	0.9
6.	Shoprite	0.9
7.	Standard Bank Group	0.8
8.	Capitec	0.8
9.	Nedbank Namibia	0.8
10.	FirstRand	0.8

Page 8

NAM CPI + 6%

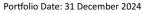


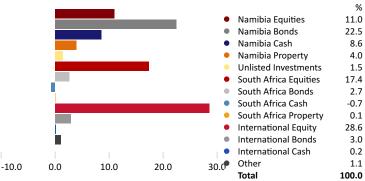
# **Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio**

#### **Fund Information**

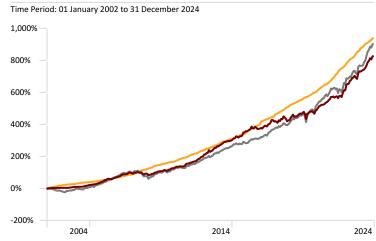
Fund Size	N\$ 2 622m
Risk Profile	Moderate
Benchmark	NAM CPI + 5%

#### Asset Allocation





#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**



#### Portfolio Description

The Default Portfolio has the following objectives:

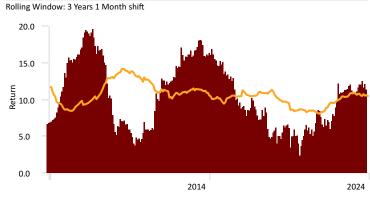
- To reduce volatility of returns
- To achieve a real return of 5% (net of fees) over a rolling 3 year period ٠
- To reduce risk of large negative returns over rolling 12 months
- To reduce risk by spreading assets between more than one investment manager

The Default Portfolio has a risk profile lower than that of the moderate risk portfolios and as such the expected long-term returns should also be lower. The Trustees use their absolute discretion in selecting the best manager offering and reserve the right to appoint or replace Asset Managers at any time. The default portfolio consists of a combination of Allan Gray Namibia Domestic Balanced, Ninety-One Namibia Domestic Balanced, M&G Namibia Domestic Balanced, Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked, 20Twenty Credit Solution, Satrix Emerging Markets Tracker Fund, Satrix World Equity Tracker Fund and Sanlam USD Enhanced Yield Fund.

Base Fees: Estimated average base fee across all managers: 0.51%.

#### **Rolling Returns**







Manager vs Benchmark: Return 15.3 15.3 12.3 11.6 11.6 11.4 11.4 10.5 10.2 8.6 8.6 2.2 1.6 3 Months YTD 1 Year 3 Years 5 Years

Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio

NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark

NAM CPI + 5%

16.0

14.0

12.0

10.0

2.0 0.0

Return 8.0 6.0 4.0

Page 9

9.7



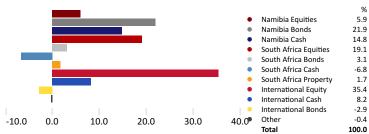
# **NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund**

#### **Fund Information**

Fund Size	N\$ 187m
Risk Profile	Moderate-Low
Benchmark	NAM CPI + 4%

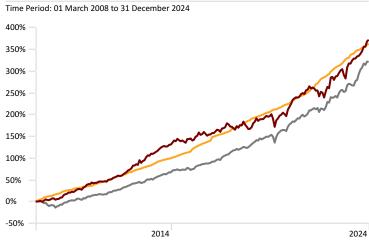
#### Asset Allocation

#### Portfolio Date: 31 December 2024

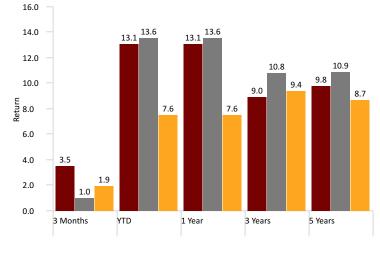


The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**







#### **Portfolio Description**

The NAM Coronation Capital Plus Class A Fund (previously Absolute Fund) is suitable for members with a lower risk tolerance. It is an actively managed, moderate-low risk fund with exposure to all asset classes. The fund aims to achieve consistent positive real returns with a primary focus on offering downside protection and preserving capital in real terms over any rolling 12 month period.

Inception: Nov-07

CEO: Tarah Shaanika

#### Portfolio Manager

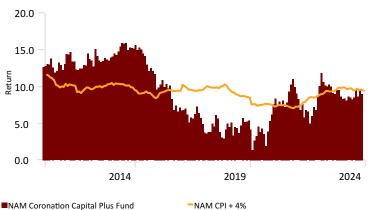
Charles de Kock and Pallavi Ambekar

Base Fees: 0.95 % flat fee with 0.75% if performance over any 24-months is negative.

#### **Rolling Returns**



Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift



■NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund

#### **Top 10 Holdings**

1.	Egerton Capital Equity Fund	4.5
2.	Eminence Fund Long	4.0
3.	Lone Monterey	2.6
4.	Contrarius Global Equity Fund	2.3
5.	Tremblant Capital	2.3
6.	FirstRand	1.5
7.	Richemont	1.1
8.	Standard Bank Group	1.0
9.	St James's Place	0.8
10.	Anheuser-Busch	0.7

NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark NAM CPI + 4%



# **Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth Fund**

#### **Fund Information**

Fund Size Risk Profile

Benchmark

#### **Asset Allocation**

Portfolio Date: 31 December 2024



	Namibia Equities
	Namibia Bonds
	Namibia Property
D	South Africa Equities
	International Equity
	International Bonds

Other

9.9

3 Years

9.3

5 Years

9.2

Total

N\$ 1 874m

Moderate-Low

NAM CPI + 4.5%

#### Portfolio Description

Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth Portfolio target returns in excess of inflation over the long term, while significantly reducing the short-term volatility associated with balanced market-linked investments. Specifically, it targets a return objective of Namibian inflation plus 4.5% over a rolling 3 year period, while offering a guarantee of 80% on capital and contributions.

It offers stability by means of smoothing of returns, whereby a Bonus Smoothing Reserve is maintained to absorb the impact of high peaks and low troughs often experienced in the market, thus reducing short-term volatility. However due to this smoothing technique used, it has an additional fee over and above the investment management fee, namely a capital charge. This charge is 0.7% p.a. Bonuses are declared monthly in advance, gross of investment fees and net of the capital charge.

16.3 8.8 Inception: April 2007

%

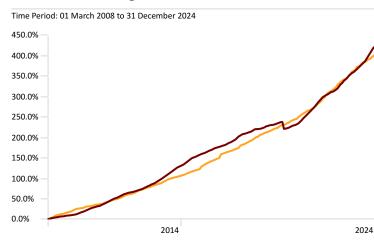
5.0 38.8 **CIO:** Tyronne van Wyk

26.2 Portfolio Manager: Old Mutual Investment Group 1.0

3.9 Base Fees: 0.55% to 0.70% pa 100.0

Capital Guarantee charge: 0.70%

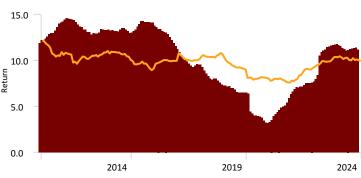
#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**



Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 March 2008) to 31 December 2024

Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift



Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth NAM CPI + 4.5%

#### **Top 10 Holdings**

1.	Naspers	9.5
2.	FirstRand Namibia	5.1
3.	Capitec	4.4
4.	Standard Bank Namibia	4.4
5.	Gold Fields	3.5
6.	Richemont	3.1
7.	Prosus	3.0
8.	British American Tobacco	2.8
9.	Anglogold Ashanti	2.5
10.	MTN	2.4

#### Manager vs Benchmark: Return

Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth Fund NAM CPI + 4.5%

YTD

1 Year

3.4

3 Months

2.0

4.0

2.0

0.0



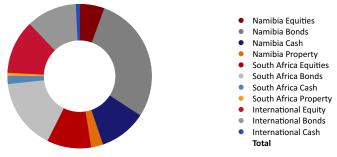
# **M&G Namibia Inflation Plus Fund**

#### **Fund Information**

Fund Size	N\$ 2 107m
Risk Profile	Moderate-Low
Benchmark	NAM CPI + 4%

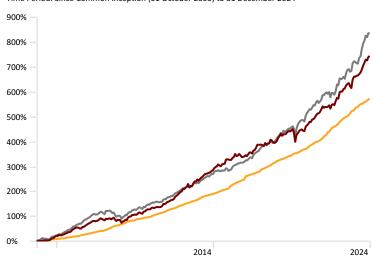
#### **Asset Allocation**

Portfolio Date: 31 December 2024

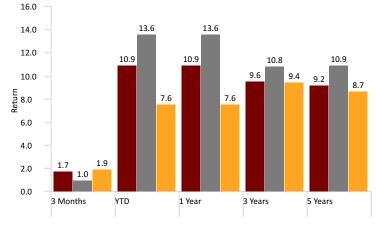


#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 October 2003) to 31 December 2024







#### Portfolio Description

The M&G Namibia Inflation Plus Fund is a conservative market linked portfolio which aims to produce stable real returns. The fund invests predominantly in inflation linked bonds and other interest bearing securities and equities.

Inception: Oct-03

#### CIO: David Knee

%

5.6

28.6

10.6

2.7

9.9

15.9

1.8

0.7

12.1

11.3

0.8

100.0

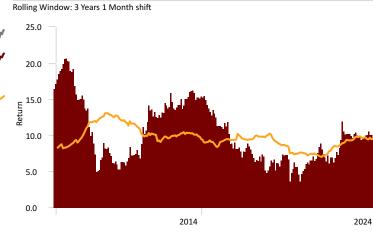
Portfolio Manager:

Michael Moyle, Sandile Malinga and Leonard Kruger.

Base Fees: 0.60% p.a. on average month end market value

#### **Rolling Returns**

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 October 2003) to 31 December 2024



M&G Namibia Inflation Plus Fund

-NAM CPI + 4%

#### **Top 10 Holdings**

1.	Republic of Namibia ILB 4.50% 15/01/2029 (GI29)	7.1
2.	Republic of Namibia ILB 3.80% 15/07/2025 (GI25)	6.1
3.	Republic of Namibia ILB 4.50% 15/04/2033 (GI33)	4.0
4.	Republic of SA Bond 8.50% 31/01/2037 (R2037)	3.9
5.	Republic of SA Bond 8.25% 31/03/2032 (R2032)	3.3
6.	Republic of SA Bond 8.00% 31/01/2030 (R2030)	2.1
7.	Naspers and Prosus	2.1
8.	Standard Bank FRN J3+1.45% 01/06/2028	1.8
9.	Republic of SA Bond 7.00% 28/02/2031 (R213)	1.7
10.	Bank Windhoek FRN J3+0.25% 21/08/2025	1.7

M&G Namibia Inflation Plus Fund NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark NAM CPI + 4%



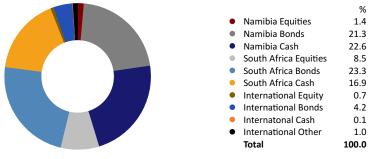
# Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund

#### **Fund Information**

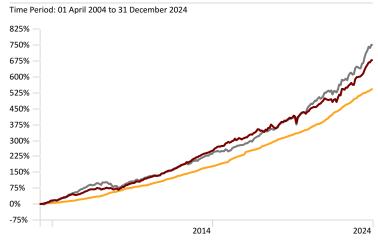
Fund Size	N\$ 2 458m
Risk Profile	Moderate-Low
Benchmark	NAM CPI + 4%

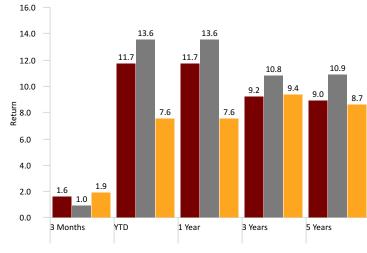
#### Asset Allocation

#### Portfolio Date: 31 December 2024



#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**





#### Manager vs Benchmark: Return

#### **Portfolio Description**

The Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund invests in a flexible combination of investments in the equity, bond and money markets, both locally and abroad, aiming for positive real returns (comprising capital and income growth) over the medium to longer term.

Inception: Feb-04

Portfolio Manager: Fernando Durrell

%

1.4

21.3

22.6

8.5

23.3

16.9

0.7

4.2

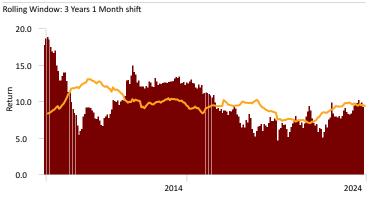
0.1

1.0

Base Fees: 0.75% p.a. on average month end market value.

#### **Rolling Returns**

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 April 2004) to 31 December 2024



Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund

-NAM CPI + 4%

#### **Top 10 Holdings**

1.	Naspers	2.7
2.	FirstRand	1.6
3.	Namibia Breweries	1.4
4.	FirstRand Namibia	1.4
5.	Standard Bank Group	1.3
6.	Capitec	1.2
7.	British American Tobacco	1.2
8.	Prosus	1.0
9.	Anglo American	1.0
10.	Stimulus Namibia	1.0

Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark NAM CPI + 4%



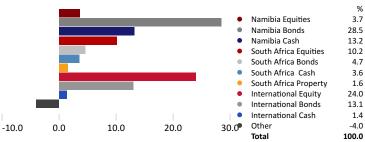
# **NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund**

#### **Fund Information**

Fund Size	N\$ 204m
Risk Profile	Moderate-Low
Benchmark	NAM CPI + 3%

#### Asset Allocation

Portfolio Date: 31 December 2024

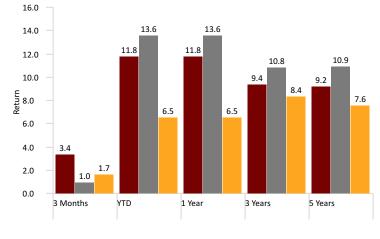


The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**

Time Period: 01 January 2008 to 31 December 2024 400% 350% 300% 250% 200% 150% 100% 50% 0% -50% 2014 2024





**Portfolio Description** 

The NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund is suitable for members with a lower risk tolerance. It is an actively managed, moderate-low risk fund with exposure to all asset classes. The NAM Balanced Defensive Fund aims to provide a reasonable level of income whilst seeking to preserve capital in real terms.

Inception: Nov-07

CEO: Tarah Shaanika

#### Portfolio Manager

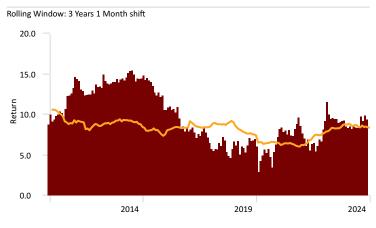
%

Charles de Kock & Pallavi Ambekar

Base Fees: 0.75 % p.a. on average month end market value

#### **Rolling Returns**

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 January 2008) to 31 December 2024



-NAM CPI + 3%

■NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund

#### **Top 10 Holdings**

1.	Egerton Capital Equity Fund	3.9
2.	Eminence Fund Long	3.5
3.	Lone Monterey	2.3
4.	Contrarius Global Equity Fund	2.0
5.	Tremblant Capital	2.0
6.	Prosus	1.8
7.	FirstRand	1.0
8.	Richemont	0.7
9.	St James's Place	0.7
10.	Standard Bank Group	0.7

NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark NAM CPI + 3%



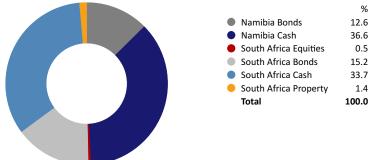
# Sanlam Namibia Active Fund

#### **Fund Information**

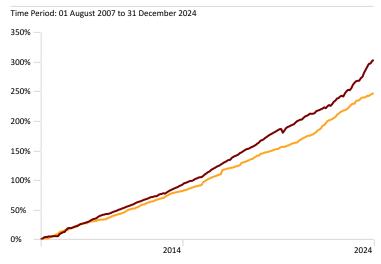
Fund Size	N\$ 1 074m
Risk Profile	Low
Benchmark	BEASSA 1-3year All Bond Index

#### Asset Allocation

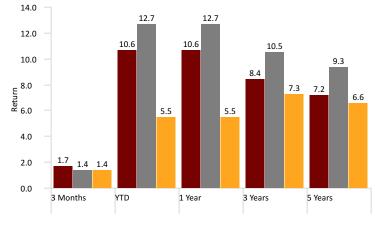
#### Portfolio Date: 31 December 2024



#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**







#### **Portfolio Description**

The Sanlam Namibia Active Fund's objective is to provide a high level of income and maximise returns. This fund invests in income yielding assets including fixed income assets, preference shares and property.

Inception: 1 June 2007

Portfolio Manager Melville Du Plessis

%

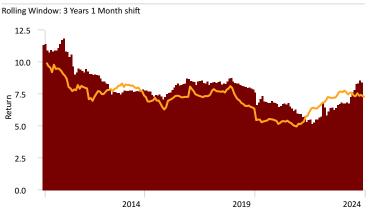
0.5

1.4

Base Fees: 0.60% p.a on average month end market value

#### **Rolling Returns**

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 August 2007) to 31 December 2024



Sanlam Namibia Active Fund

-NAM CPI + 2%

#### **Top 10 Holdings**

1.	Standard Bank Group	8.2
2.	FirstRand	7.7
3.	Nedbank	4.9
4.	Investec Bank	4.4
5.	Republic of SA Bond 8.875% 28/02/2035 (R2035)	3.1
6.	Republic of SA Bond 8.00% 31/01/2030 (R2030)	2.1
7.	Bank Windhoek F/R 07/08/2028	3.1
8.	Standard Bank Namibia F/R 07/08/2028	2.1
9.	First National Bank Namibia F/R 07/08/2028	2.1
10.	Namibia ILB 4.50% 15/01/2029	2.0

Sanlam Namibia Active Fund NMG NAM Conservative Benchmark NAM CPI + 2%



# Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus Fund

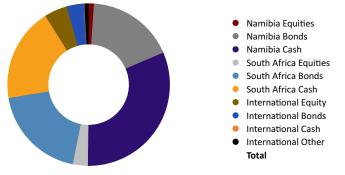
2%

#### **Fund Information**

Fund Size	N\$ 97m
Risk Profile	Low
Benchmark	NAM CPI +

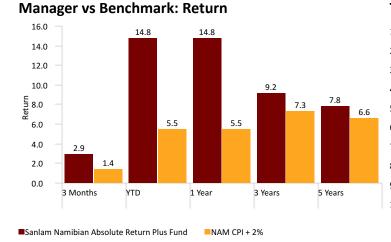
#### **Asset Allocation**

Portfolio Date: 31 December 2024



#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**

# Time Period: 01 December 2012 to 31 December 2024



#### Portfolio Description

The Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus provides risk averse members with exposure to the Sanlam Namibian Inflation Plus Fund with a capital guarantee, accompanied by minimal termination and switching restrictions. This is achieved through extensive use of derivative (hedging) instruments and the declaration of a monthly fully vesting bonus. At termination, the full value of net contributions plus declared bonuses is paid.

Inception: January 2013

#### Portfolio Manager

%

1.1

17.5

31.6

3.0

19.2

18.7

4.6

3.4

0.1 0.8

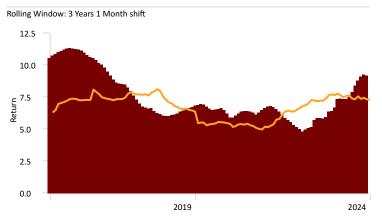
100.0

Basson van Rooyen

Base Fees: 1.0% p.a (excluding structure fees)

#### **Rolling Returns**

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 December 2012) to 31 December 2024



Sanlam Namibian Absolute Return Plus Fund -NAM CPI + 2%

#### **Top 10 Holdings**

1.	Naspers	0.4
2.	FirstRand	0.3
3.	Standard Bank Group	0.2
4.	Capitec	0.2
5.	Anglo American	0.2
5.	Gold Fields	0.2
7.	Prosus	0.2
8.	British American Tobacco	0.2
9.	Anglogold Ashanti	0.1
10.	Sanlam	0.1

#### Page 16

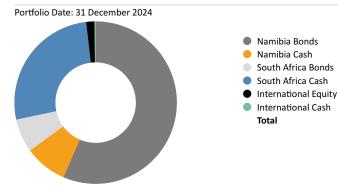


# **Capricorn Stable Fund**

#### **Fund Information**

Fund Size	N\$ 2 824m
Risk Profile	Low
Benchmark	NAM CPI + 2%

#### **Asset Allocation**



#### Portfolio Description

The Capricorn Stable Fund aims to provide investors with a return of 2% above inflation over any 2 year rolling period.

Inception: February 2015

CIO: Relf Lumley

%

56.5

8.5

6.7

26.5

1.6

0.2

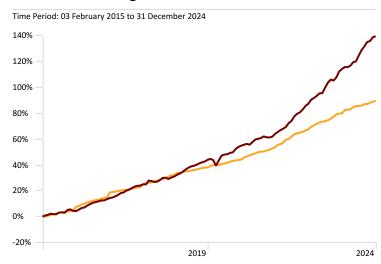
100.0

#### Portfolio Manager

Tertius Liebenberg, Relf Lumley and Shuutheni Shivute.

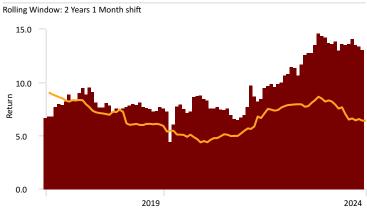
Base Fees: 0.45% p.a on average month end market value

#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**



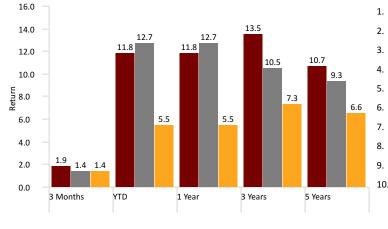
#### **Rolling Returns**

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 March 2015) to 31 December 2024



-NAM CPI + 2%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



#### Top 10 Holdings

Capricorn Stable

	Money Market	47.2
	GI33	6.5
	GI29	6.0
	GI36	5.3
	GC28	5.2
	GI27	3.5
	GC26	2.5
	GC37	2.3
	GC35	2.1
).	GC48	2.0

Capricorn Stable Fund

NMG NAM Conservative Benchmark NAM CPI + 2%

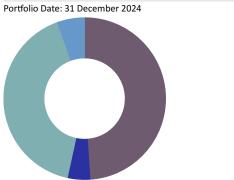


# Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund

#### **Fund Information**

Fund Size	N\$ 351m
Risk Profile	Low
Benchmark	IJG Money Market Index

#### Asset Allocation





#### **Portfolio Description**

The Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund aims to maximise income and grow capital. The fund invests in high-yielding Namibian and South African fixed-income assets, including government and corporate bonds, fixed deposits and money market instruments.

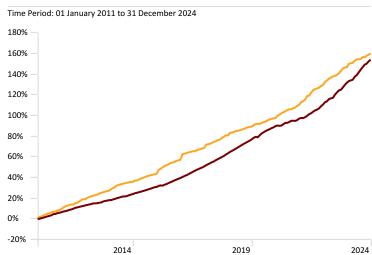
Inception: Feb-22

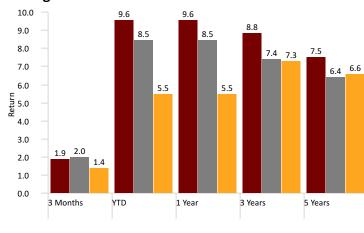
CIO: John McNab, Mimi Ferrini

Portfolio Manager Malcolm Husselmann, Team

Base Fees: 0.60% p.a

#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**



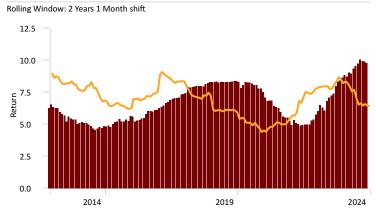


IJG Money Market

#### Manager vs Benchmark: Return

#### **Rolling Returns**

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 January 2011) to 31 December 2024



■Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund

-NAM CPI + 2%

#### **Top 10 Holdings**

1.	Namibia Government Bonds 8.5% 10/2028	5.1
2.	Namibia Government Bonds 8.5% 04/2026	4.4
3.	Namibia Government Bonds 9.0% 04/2032	4.0
4.	Namibia Government Bonds - NCP Bonds 4.0% 10/2027	3.7
5.	Absa Bank Ltd Sr Unsecured 08/2025 Variable Rate	2.7
6.	Namibia Government Bonds - NCP Bonds 4.5% 01/2029	2.5
7.	Namibia Government Bonds 8.0% 01/2027	2.4
8.	Bank Windhoek Sr Unsecured 06/2026 Variable Rat	2.3
9.	Standard Bank NAM Sr Unsecured 07/2026 Variable	2.2
10.	Oryx Properties Ltd Sr Unsecured 11/2025 Variable	2.1

NAM CPI +2%

Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund



# **Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund**

N\$ 4 582m

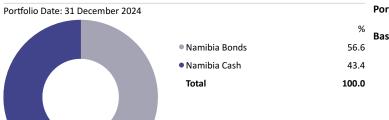
Low

IJG 12 Month TB Index

#### **Fund Information**

Fund Size		
Risk Profile		
Benchmark		

#### **Asset Allocation**



#### **Portfolio Description**

The Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund aims to provide a higher return than money market funds while minimizing the chance of capital losses by investing in instruments with a longer duration than what most money market funds typically may invest in.

Inception: Feb-22

CIO: Relf Lumley

Portfolio Manager: Tertius Liebenberg and Relf Lumley

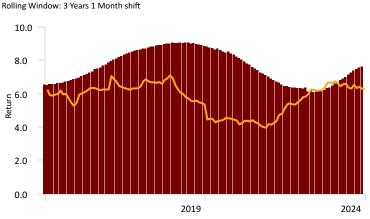
Base Fees: 0.35% p.a.

**Rolling Returns** 

#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**

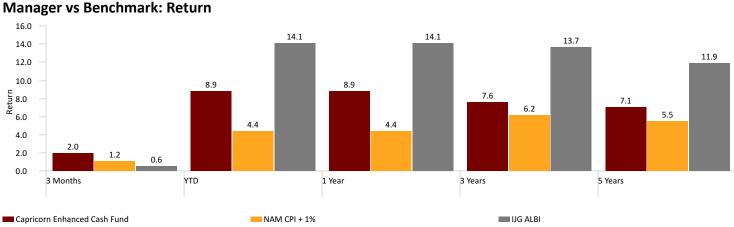
#### Time Period: 31 January 2012 to 31 December 2024 160% 140% 120% 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 2014 2019 2024

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 February 2012) to 31 December 2024



Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund

-NAM CPI + 1%



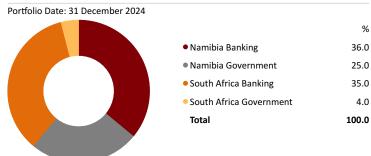


# **Capricorn Investment Fund**

#### **Fund Information**

Fund Size	N\$ 12 715m
Risk Profile	Capital Preservation
Benchmark	IJG Money Market Index

#### Asset Allocation



#### **Portfolio Description**

The Money Market Fund aims to achieve stable and secure returns for the risk averse investor by investing in a diversified combination of liquid money and capital market instruments. The underlying investment is the Capricorn Investment Fund.

Inception: Feb-02

CIO: Relf Lumley

#### **Portfolio Manager**

**Rolling Returns** 

%

Tertius Liebenberg, Relf Lumley and Shuutheni Shivute.

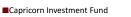
Base Fees: 0.25% p.a. on average month end market value

#### **Cumulative Manager Performance**

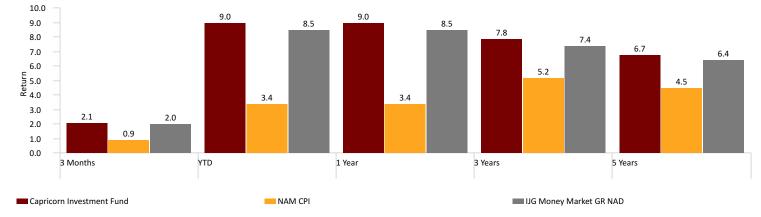
#### Time Period: 01 January 2009 to 31 December 2024 200% 180% 160% 140% 120% 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 2014 2024

#### Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 February 2002) to 31 December 2024





-NAM CPI



#### Manager vs Benchmark: Return