Strictly Confidential



Benchmark Retirement Fund

Quarterly Investment Report: As at 31 March 2025



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Introduction

This document has been compiled with the aim of providing members of the Benchmark Retirement Fund with an overview of the investment options offered to enable them to make informed decisions regarding the investment of their retirement assets.

The following portfolios are offered to members:

Investment Portfolio	Risk Categorisation	Asset Managers's Explicit Performance Objective	Return Expectations derived form Historical Experience (Before Fees)
Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund*	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
M&G Namibian Balanced Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
Benchmark Default Portfolio**	Moderate	-	CPI+5%
Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth***i	Moderate - Low	CPI+4.5%	CPI+4.5%
NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund	Moderate - Low	CPI+4%(1 year)	CPI+4%
M&G Namibian Inflation Plus Fund	Moderate - Low	CPI+4%	CPI+4%
Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund	Moderate - Low	CPI+4%	CPI+4%
NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund	Moderate - Low	IJG Money Market+3%	CPI+2% to 3%
Sanlam Nambia Absolute Return Plus Fund	Low	CPI+2%	CPI+2%
Capricorn Stable Fund	Low	CPI+2%(2 years)	CPI+2%
Sanlam Namibia Active Fund	Low	1-3 year ALBI	CPI+1%to 2%
Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund	Low	IJG Money Market Index	CPI+1% to 2%
Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund	Low	IJG 12 Month TB Index	CPI to CPI+1%
Capricorn Investment Fund	Capital Preservation	7 day Repo Rate	CPI

Investment Returns

In order to achieve an adequate salary replacement ratio it is imperative that members achieve a real investment return, i.e. a return in excess of price inflation. Refer to Annexure A for an indication of the relationship between investment returns and the salary replacement ratio.

While a real investment return should ideally be set as the explicit performance objective of an investment portfolio, a number of investment portfolios that are suitable for retirement funds, do not have an explicit performance objective related to inflation. The member will therefore have to consider the historic performance experience of an investment portfolio in relation to inflation as a proxy of potential returns in order to link a specific investment portfolio to the salary replacement ratio. It must be noted that the historic performance experience is not guaranteed to be achieved in future. While each investment portfolio will have an internal benchmark as stated by the Investment Manager in the portfolio mandate, that benchmark may not be an explicit real investment return.

Risk

The risk rating of an investment portfolio gives an indication of how volatile investment returns may be and therefore is also an indication of the risk that the investment return per the investment mandate may not be achieved. The risk categories have the following meaning:

- Aggressive risk portfolios: Short term negative returns are possible with this type of portfolio. Exposure to equities (shares) is normally maximised for these types of portfolios in order to achieve the return objective. Maximisation of equity exposure however takes place within the prudential investment guidelines laid down by the Pension Funds Act. Investment returns can be very volatile.
- Moderate risk portfolios: This type of portfolio will have large exposure to growth assets (shares and property) at times and as such short term negative returns are possible. Investment returns can be volatile.
- Moderate-low risk portfolios: This type of portfolio also has exposure to growth assets (shares and property) but typically at lower levels than the moderate risk portfolios. They aim to have minimal negative returns and therefore have a lower risk profile than the moderate risk portfolios. Investment returns can still be volatile.
- Low risk portfolios: This type of portfolio should have minimal negative returns over a rolling 12-month period.
- Capital preservation portfolios: There should be no risk of capital loss on a monthly basis.

Investment return and risk are correlated; while the correlation cannot be defined in absolute terms, it is generally accepted that an investor would require compensation in the form of investment returns in return for the investment risk taken.



Source: Morningstar Direct

^{*}Segregated Portfolio

^{*}The Benchmark Default Portfolio is a combination of Allan Gray Namibia Domestic Balanced Fund, M&G Namibia Domestic Balanced Fund, Sanlam Namibia Domestic Balanced Fund, Ninety One Namibia Domestic Balanced Fund, 20Twenty

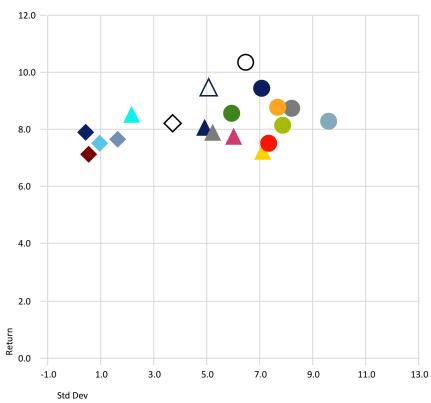
Credit Solution, Satrix Emerging Markets Tracker Fund, Satrix World Equity Tracker Fund, Sanlam USD Enhanced Yield Fund and Colchester Global Bond Fund.
***This is a 80% guaranteed portfolio and has an additional capital charge over and above the investment fees. This portfolio is closed for new investments since May 2020.

i- Insurance Policy

Introduction

Risk-Reward - Over the long term

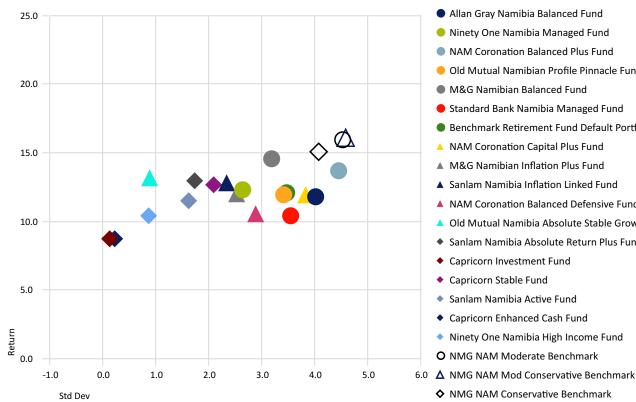
Time Period: 01 Apr 2015 to 31 Mar 2025



- Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund
- Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund
- NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund
- Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund
- M&G Namibian Balanced Fund
- Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund
- Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio
- NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund
- ▲ M&G Namibian Inflation Plus Fund
- ▲ Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund
- NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund
- Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth Fund
- Capricorn Investment Fund
- Sanlam Namibia Active Fund
- Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund
- Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund
- O NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark
- ▲ NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark
- NMG NAM Conservative Benchmark

Risk-Reward - Over the short term

Time Period: 01 Apr 2024 to 31 Mar 2025



- Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund
- Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund
- NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund
- Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund
- M&G Namibian Balanced Fund
- Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund
- Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio
- NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund
- ▲ M&G Namibian Inflation Plus Fund
- ▲ Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund
- ▲ NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund
- Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth Fund
- Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus Fund
- ◆ Capricorn Investment Fund
- Capricorn Stable Fund
- Sanlam Namibia Active Fund
- Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund
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- O NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark
- NMG NAM Conservative Benchmark

Markets

Q1 2025 saw the culmination of significant volatility in equity markets on the back of geopolitical and trading tensions that were ignited during this quarter. Furthermore, the announcement of reciprocal tariffs from the US on most global economies has pushed economic uncertainty to unprecedented levels.

From a -4.6% decline at quarter end, the S&P 500 traded as low as -15% year-to-date and is currently around -8%. This takes the 12-month rolling return to the low single digits.

Geographically, the US underperformed other regions. US equities also underperformed US Treasurys as well as gold. India has been a victim of extended valuations while Chinese stocks have rerated higher following depressed valuations. Europe has been a beneficiary of geographical rotation.

In South Africa, the JSE All Share index enjoyed a reasonable Q1, supported by a strong showing by Resource stocks (helped by precious metals). This takes the 12-month return on equities slightly ahead of bonds, although bonds continue to outperform on a risk-adjusted basis. SA equities have held up relatively well and are in line with EM peers. The rand has been resilient, benefiting from dollar weakness and temporary US tariff relief, though domestic political risks remain high.

Oil has been a distinct laggard. While this helps mitigate inflation risks, it does signal that growth expectations are poor with the Oil/Gold ratio a good indicator of relative positioning and surpassing crisis peaks (ex-pandemic).

The gold price surged to record highs above \$3,000 per ounce. This rally is driven by escalating US-China trade tensions, a weakening U.S. dollar, and increased demand for safe-haven assets amid global economic uncertainties.

Namibian stocks saw the NSX Local index outperform while the NSX Overall index struggled in Q1. Financial stocks were the main drivers of returns. Namibian cash and bonds presented better returns on an absolute and risk-adjusted basis.

Outlook

Uncertainty is expected to persist as US equities face headwinds from trade, valuations, and policy gridlock.

EM opportunities are highly selective, with sensitivity to US trade and dollar flows. Precious metals remain strategic diversifiers, though gold's rapid gains warrant tactical caution.

Select sectors continue to outperform in SA, in particular resources. While valuations are not demanding, the risk-return profile continues to favour bonds vs equities in SA.

Economy

Global economic growth showed moderate resilience in early 2025. The US and China posted stronger-than-expected momentum on the back of consumption and policy support, while the Eurozone and UK remained sluggish. Trade fragmentation, tariff escalation, and geopolitical volatility have increased the probability of a recession in the US and potentially globally (now estimated between 40-60%).

US: Q4 2024 GDP grew 2.4% q/q annualized, supported by strong consumption and a positive net trade contribution; full-year growth was 2.5% y/y.

Eurozone: Q4 2024 GDP stagnated at 0.0% q/q but rose 1.2% y/y, led by Spain and the Netherlands, while Germany contracted by 0.2%. US policy may serve to galvanize Europe into higher defense spending and capital investment.

UK: Q4 GDP expanded just 0.1% q/q and 1.5% y/y, driven by government and business investment; 2024 full-year growth was 1.1%. The UK is still grappling with the fallout from Brexit, which complicates any European cooperation on growth initiatives.

China: Q4 GDP rose 1.6% q/q and 5.4% y/y, the strongest since Q1 2023, thanks to stimulus and a trade surge ahead of new U.S. tariffs. China remains the center of current US tariffs and will retaliate while trying to bolster domestic and regional consumption and investment.

SA: Q4 GDP rebounded 0.6% q/q and 0.9% y/y, avoiding recession with strength in agriculture and consumption; 2024 growth slowed to 0.6%. The political situation remains fluid and a source of potential risk. VAT has increased by 0.5% with a further 0.5% for next year.

Namibia: Q4 GDP surged 7.6% q/q after a Q3 contraction (revised lower), though y/y growth slowed to 3.1%; 2024 full-year growth was 3.7%, down from 4.4%.



Inflation

Global inflation appears to have bottomed-down in most economies. Lower energy prices have been a key driver along with easing supply chains. Core inflation remains stickier.

Trade tensions, protectionism and geopolitical risks threaten to push prices up and put pressure on inflation.

US: March CPI eased to 2.4% y/y (core at 2.8%), while Core PCE was 2.6% in Q4; energy prices declined sharply. While the Trump administration is hesitant to accept it, the probability that tariffs lead to stickier inflation in the US is high and may limit the Fed's ability to react unless there is a recession.

Europe: March CPI slowed to 2.2% y/y, with core inflation at 2.4%; services inflation and food remained elevated.

UK: February CPI fell to 2.8% y/y (core at 3.5%), with declining clothing and recreation prices offsetting sticky services inflation.

China: March CPI declined 0.1% y/y (core at 0.5%), continuing deflationary trends despite moderate food price rebounds.

SA: February CPI held at 3.2% y/y; food prices rose while transport remained in deflation; core inflation eased to 3.4%. Inflation has remained below the mid-point of the SARB's target but policy makers view risks to the upside contributing to a hawkish stance.

Namibia: March CPI accelerated to 4.2% y/y, the highest in 7 months, though medium-term inflation remains anchored around 4%.

Policy rates and the yield curve

The global interest rate policy has largely shifted into a holding pattern as central banks weigh disinflation progress against persistent risks.

Considering all the risks discussed above that will put pressure on Inflation, the ability of central banks to cut interest rates as aggressively as it was expected is really limited currently.

US: The Fed held rates steady at 4.25–4.5% in March, citing upward inflation risks from new tariffs and signaling it still expects around 50bps of cuts this year, although inflation forecasts have been revised higher.

UK: The BoE maintained rates at 4.5% after an early Q1 25bps cut. Real rates remain mildly restrictive.

Eurozone: The ECB has kept policy flexible with 50bps of cuts since the start of the year, signaling uncertainty about the current stance's restrictiveness and resisting market pressure to confirm a rate cut in April, citing inflation risks tied to geopolitics and fiscal policy.

China: With core inflation at just 0.5%, China's real policy rate is largely positive despite PBoC rate cuts; the continuous government stimulus reflects policy efforts to reflate the economy and support domestic demand.

SA: The SARB left the repo rate unchanged at 7.5% in March, citing balanced inflation risks and weak growth; GDP forecasts for 2025 were downgraded to 1.7% amid demand-side softness and fiscal uncertainty linked to VAT reform and budget gridlock.

Namibia: The policy rate was cut to 6.75% in February, with inflation at 4.2%; real rates remain moderately positive, aligned with the goal of supporting growth while maintaining the peg with the South African rand.

Synopsis:

Q1 2025 marked a turbulent start to the year for global markets, with the post-quarter escalation in trade tensions reintroducing volatility across asset classes. In such a volatile and uncertain market environment, investors tend to migrate their assets to more defensive assets (fixed income, gold, and the like).

While growth has remained broadly resilient, its uneven distribution, coupled with signs of policy fatigue and fragmented global coordination, presents material risks to the outlook. Inflation has broadly moderated but remains vulnerable to the impacts of global trading policies. The global policy stance is now one of caution, with rate cuts largely deferred or conditional on deeper economic deterioration.

Conclusion:

Investors face a challenging but navigable landscape, with selective opportunities emerging amid macro stress. The US remains at the center of both policy risk and market leadership, though there are valid concerns around the future. Emerging markets offer some opportunities but remain exposed to global capital flows and trade shocks.

South Africa and Namibia continue to deliver compelling real yields, though political and fiscal uncertainties pose a risk to capital retention. With the dollar under pressure and gold at record highs, portfolio positioning into mid-2025 may favour defensiveness, carry strategies, and diversification across currencies and commodities. Flexibility, risk-adjusted returns, and policy awareness remain critical to navigating what is increasingly a regime defined not by cycles, but by shocks.



Periodic Table

Best	Namibia: Basic Materials 166.1	Namibia: Basic Materials 32.6	Namibia: Basic Materials 32.3	Namibia: Basic Materials 29.1	Namibia: Basic Materials 28.9	Namibia: Basic Materials 41.3	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Local 6.3
	Namibia: Over- all 27.8	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 12.1	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 14.4	Namibia: Over- all 33.9		Namibia: Local 43.5		Namibia: IJG Money Market 1.9
	Namibia: Local 15.2	Namibia: Financials 27.5	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 11.0	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: Consumer Staples		Namibia: Over- all 15.9	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 1.3
		Namibia: Over- all 26.4	Namibia: IJG Money Market 7.8	Namibia: IJG Money Market 7.5	Namibia: IJG Money Market 5.8	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Over- all 9.7	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 14.1	
	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: Local 14.1	Namibia: Local 7.2	Namibia: Over- all 4.6	Namibia: Over- all -2.0	Namibia: Financials 22.7	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 8.4	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 18.7	Namibia: Basic Materials 13.8	Namibia: Over- all -4.1
	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 11.7	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 13.1	Namibia: Over- all 4.5	Namibia: Local 3.0	Namibia: Consumer Staples		Namibia: Basic Materials 7.9	Namibia: IJG Money Market 8.1	Namibia: Local 10.7	Namibia: Basic Materials -5.9
•	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: IJG Money Market 8.3			Namibia: Local -22.2	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 4.4	Namibia: IJG Money Market 5.7	Namibia: Over- all 5.7	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: Consumer Staples
Worst	Namibia: IJG Money Market 7.6	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Consumer discretionary		Namibia: IJG Money Market 4.2	Namibia: Local 2.0	Namibia: Basic Materials -21.7	Namibia: IJG Money Market 8.5	Namibia: Consumer discretionary
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	YTD

Namibian Indices

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Namibia: Basic Materials	-5.9	-5.9	7.3	-9.2	15.5	14.8
Namibia: Consumer discretionary	-27.5	-27.5	0.2	15.9	23.7	7.6
Namibia: Financials	-1.9	-1.9	25.6	10.1	21.3	6.9
Namibia: Consumer Staples	-6.6	-6.6	11.6	8.1	14.3	9.4
Namibia: Local	6.3	6.3	14.0	20.7	11.9	11.4
Namibia: Overall	-4.1	-4.1	17.2	2.1	19.4	8.6
Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond)	1.3	1.3	21.2	14.2	13.5	10.7
Namibia: IJG Money Market	1.9	1.9	8.3	7.7	6.5	7.0



RSA Headline Indices

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
RSA: All Share	5.9	5.9	22.9	9.4	19.1	9.0
RSA: SWIX	5.9	5.9	22.9	8.3	16.8	7.0
RSA: Capped SWIX	5.8	5.8	22.9	8.2	18.7	6.8
RSA: Top 40 (Large Caps)	8.5	8.5	22.8	9.6	19.0	9.4
RSA: Mid Cap	0.1	0.1	19.7	6.4	17.1	5.7
RSA: Small Cap	-7.1	-7.1	27.3	13.1	28.8	8.5
RSA: Listed Property	-3.5	-3.5	19.8	11.7	19.0	1.4
RSA: Resources	33.7	33.7	23.1	-1.9	18.8	9.7
RSA: Industrials 25	4.3	4.3	21.2	17.2	16.0	8.7
RSA: Financial 15	-1.7	-1.7	28.6	10.1	22.3	6.5
RSA: All Bond Index	0.7	0.7	20.2	9.8	11.7	8.4
RSA: Inflation Linked Bonds	0.7	0.7	8.9	6.5	9.3	5.4
RSA: STeFI Composite (Cash)	1.9	1.9	8.3	7.5	6.2	6.7

Consumer Price Index

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Namibia CPI	2.0	2.0	4.2	5.3	4.7	_
NAM CPI	2.0	2.0	4.2	5.3	4.7	4.7

Commodities

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Gold	16.4	16.4	36.6	26.4	14.8	14.8
Platinum	6.0	6.0	6.3	8.3	7.1	2.9
Oil	-3.4	-3.4	-18.8	-5.1	27.1	7.3

International Indices

Currency: Rand

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
USA: S&P 500	-6.7	-6.7	5.1	17.8	19.3	17.3
UK: FTSE 100	6.6	6.6	11.0	16.4	14.2	9.4
Japan: Nikkei 225 Average	-7.7	-7.7	-11.6	11.6	9.0	10.6
MSCI Emerging Markets	-0.2	-0.2	2.5	6.7	6.0	5.5
MSCI World	-4.2	-4.2	4.4	16.7	17.4	14.8
MSCI All Country World	-3.7	-3.7	4.5	16.0	16.4	14.1
USA: DJ Industrial Average	-3.4	-3.4	4.3	17.4	16.9	16.2

Global Fixed Income

Currency: Rand

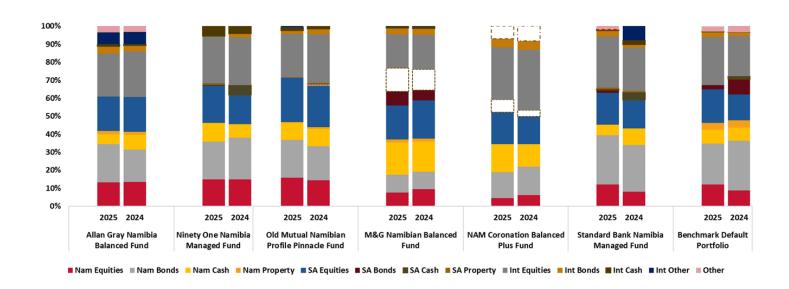
our croy, riang							
	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	
FTSE World Government Bond Index	0.3	0.3	0.8	7.7	-0.3	4.8	
ICE BofA 0-3 M US Trsy Bill TR USD	-1.5	-1.5	2.0	12.6	3.2	6.2	
ICE BofA 3-6 M US Trsy Bill TR USD	-1.5	-1.5	2.1	12.6	3.2	6.3	
FTSE WGBI USD	0.0	0.0	-0.8	4.8	-2.4	4.2	





Moderate Risk Portfolios

Asset Allocation as at 31 March 2025 as compared to 31 March 2024



Notes 31 March 2025:

- 1. Allan Gray: International Other represents Property, Hedged Equity & Commodities
- 2. Allan Gray: Other represents SA and Namibia Commodities
- 3. Allan Gray: International Equity represents Net Equity
- 4. Default: International Other represents Property, Hedged Equity and Commodities.
- 5. NAM Coronation Balanced: Other represents Commodities and preference shares and International Other represents property and commodities.
- 6. NAM Coronation, Prudential and Old Mutual use derivatives to gain additional exposure to certain assets beyond 100%. Thus the cash allocation has an offsetting negative exposure, representing the liability or cash that is 'owed' for these assets. The total thus represents the "Notional Cash Value" for the entire effective derivative exposure.
- 7. Negative allocation to an asset class is represented by dashed bars.

Notes 31 March 2024:

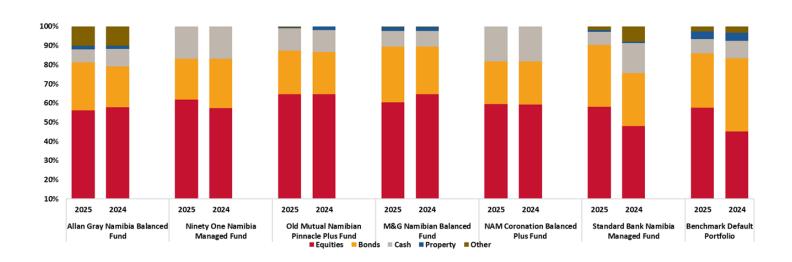
- 1. Allan Gray: International Other represents Property, Hedged Equity & Commodities
- 2. Allan Gray: Other represents SA and Namibia Commodities
- 3. Allan Gray: International Equity represents Net Equity
- 4. Default: International Other represents Property, Hedged Equity and Commodities.
- 5. NAM Coronation Balanced Plus: Other represents Commodities and International Other represents Property.
- 6. NAM Coronation and Prudential use derivatives to gain additional exposure to certain assets beyond 100%. Thus the cash allocation has an offseting negative exposure, representing the liability or cash that is 'owed' for these assets. The total thus represents the "Notional Cash Value" for the entire effective derivative exposure.
- 7. Negative allocation to an asset class is represented by dashed bars.



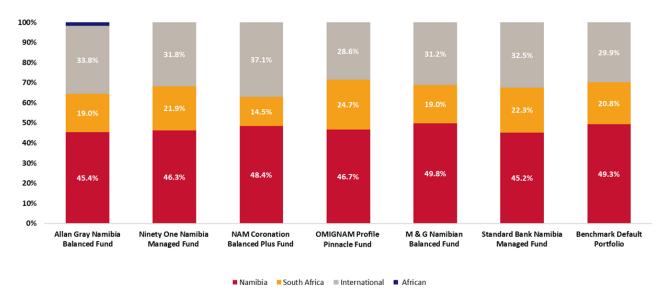


Moderate Risk Portfolios

Asset Allocation as at 31 March 2025 as compared to 31 March 2024



Geographical Split as at 31 March 2025:



Notes: Allan Gray: 1.8% African

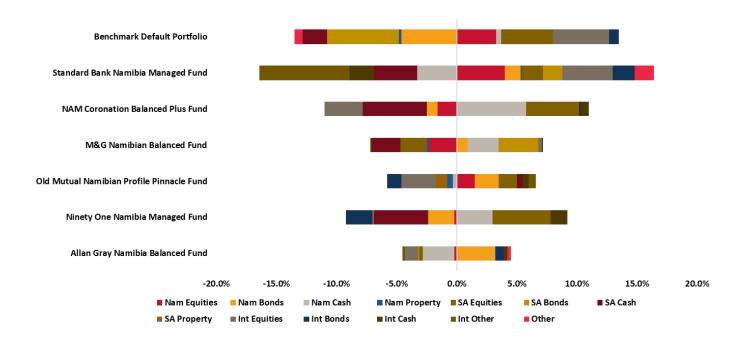
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Moderate Risk Portfolios

Change in Asset Allocation

The following graph illustrates the changes that were made to the managers' asset allocation over the 12 month period ending **31 March 2025.** In the event that the allocation to an asset class was decreased, the change would be indicated on the left hand side of the vertical axis, and vice versa.



Over the past year, the Standard Bank Managed Fund had the most significant changes. The Fund saw a shift in assets from Nam and SA Cash, as well as International Other and Cash, into International, Nam, and SA Equities, and an increase in Nam, SA, and International Bonds, this was mostly driven by strong market performance. Other funds also had notable changes, with the NAM Coronation Balanced Fund increasing its allocation to Nam Cash and SA Equities, and decreasing exposure to SA Cash, International Equities, and Nam Equities. The Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund saw significant increases in SA Equities and Nam Cash, and decreases in SA Cash, Nam, and International Bonds. M&G Namibian Balanced increased in SA Bonds and Nam Cash, while decreasing in SA and Nam Equities, and S A Cash. In contrast, Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund had the fewest changes, shifting towards Nam Bonds and decreasing in Nam Cash, and the Benchmark Default Portfolio saw a significant shift from SA and Nam Bonds into International, Nam, and SA Equities. Across all managers, asset allocation changes were mixed, with no uniform trend observed among the Moderate Risk Portfolios. However, most portfolios saw a decrease in SA Cash and an increase in SA Equities. It's essential to note that these changes resulted from a combination of active management decisions and market fluctuations, rather than solely from manager decisions.





Moderate Risk Portfolios

Trailing Returns as at 31 March 2025

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund	11.8	14.0	13.2	9.4
NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund	13.7	11.8	15.7	8.3
Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund	12.3	9.7	11.8	8.1
Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund	11.9	9.7	13.8	8.8
Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund	10.4	10.0	10.6	7.5
M&G Namibian Balanced Fund	14.5	11.4	14.7	8.7
Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio	12.0	12.2	12.0	8.6
NMG SA Moderate Benchmark	15.1	10.1	14.3	9.2
NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark	15.9	11.4	14.4	10.4
FTSE/JSE All Share TR ZAR	22.9	9.4	19.1	9.0
NAM CPI + 6%	10.4	11.6	11.0	11.0

Trailing Returns as at 31 March 2024

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years				
13.9	12.8	9.8	9.1				
16.4	10.2	10.2	8.5				
7.9	8.0	8.7	8.9				
11.5	10.2	9.6	9.1				
14.4	7.6	8.1	7.9				
9.8	10.7	9.2	8.6				
11.3	10.9	8.8	8.5				
8.1	9.4	10.1	9.0				
10.3	10.5	10.5	10.1				
1.5	8.1	9.7	8.1				
10.7	11.7	10.6	10.9				
	1 Year 13.9 16.4 7.9 11.5 14.4 9.8 11.3 8.1 10.3 1.5	1 Year 3 Years 13.9 12.8 16.4 10.2 7.9 8.0 11.5 10.2 14.4 7.6 9.8 10.7 11.3 10.9 8.1 9.4 10.3 10.5 1.5 8.1	1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 13.9 12.8 9.8 16.4 10.2 10.2 7.9 8.0 8.7 11.5 10.2 9.6 14.4 7.6 8.1 9.8 10.7 9.2 11.3 10.9 8.8 8.1 9.4 10.1 10.3 10.5 10.5 1.5 8.1 9.7				

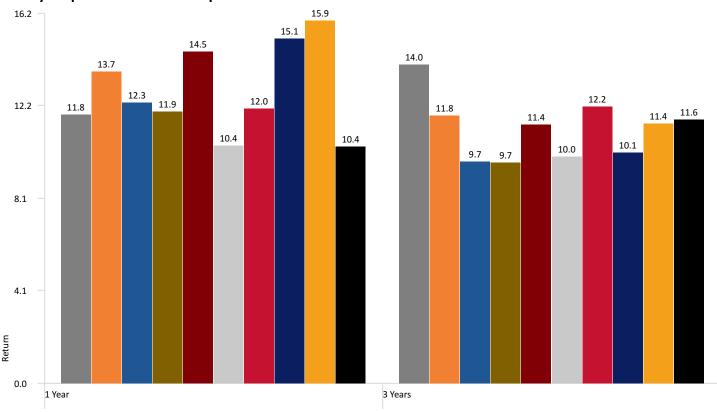
The returns for the Default Portfolio and the Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund (segregated) are the unit price returns allocated to members after fees, which is received from RFS Fund Administrators. The remaining returns are net money-weighted rate of return after fees values calculated by NMG Investment Consultants from the data provided by the individual asset managers.



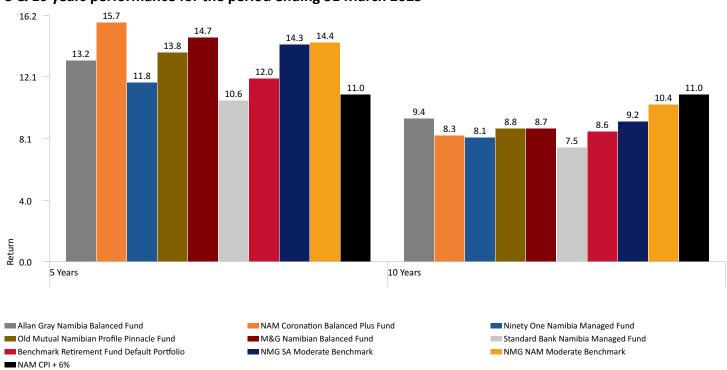


Moderate Risk Portfolios

1 & 3 year performance for the period ended 31 March 2025



5 & 10 years performance for the period ending 31 March 2025





Source: Morningstar Direct

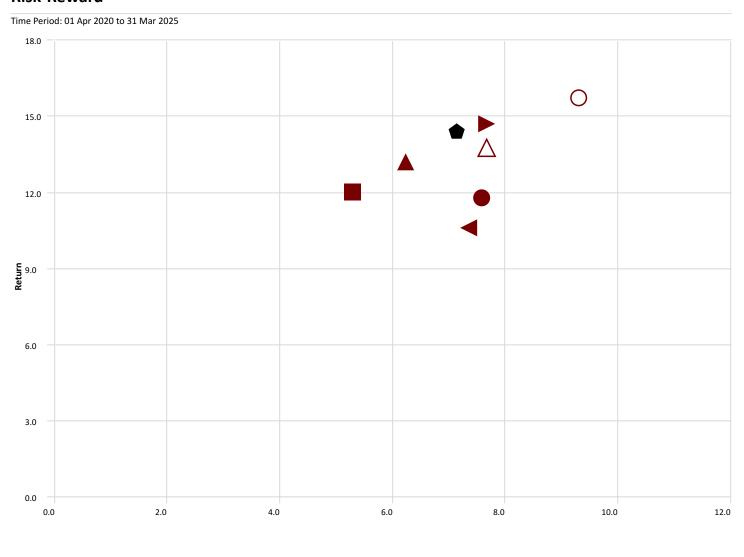




Moderate Risk Portfolios: Volatility vs Return

The following graph illustrates the volatility and return statistics of the moderate portfolios for a 5 year period. These returns are **net** of all investment charges.

Risk-Reward





△ Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund

■ Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio

Std Dev

Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund

► M&G Namibian Balanced Fund

NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark

O NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund

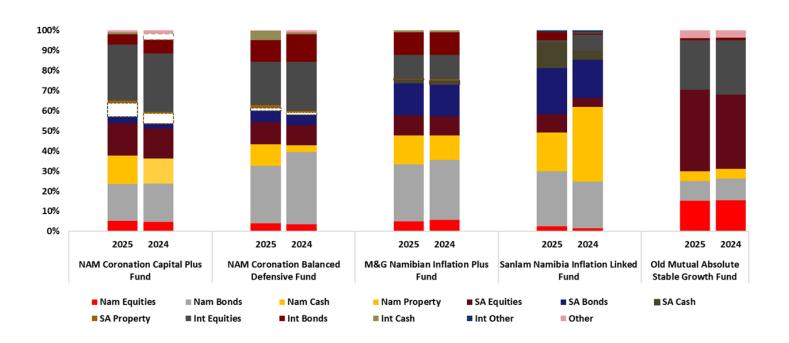
■ Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund





Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios

Asset Allocation as at 31 March 2025 as compared to 31 March 2024



Notes 31 March 2025:

- 1. NAM Coronation Capital Plus: International Other represents Commodities
- 2. Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked: International Other represents Property
- 3. NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive SA Cash position includes an off-set or "Notional Cash value" for all derivative effective exposure.
- 4. NAM Coronation Capital Plus SA Cash position includes an off-set or "Notional Cash value" for all derivative effective exposure.
- 5. NAM Coronation Capital Plus & NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive: SA & NAM Other represents Commodities, Preference shares and other securities
- 6. Old Mutual Stable Growth: Other represents Namibian Alternative Investments

Notes 31 March 2024:

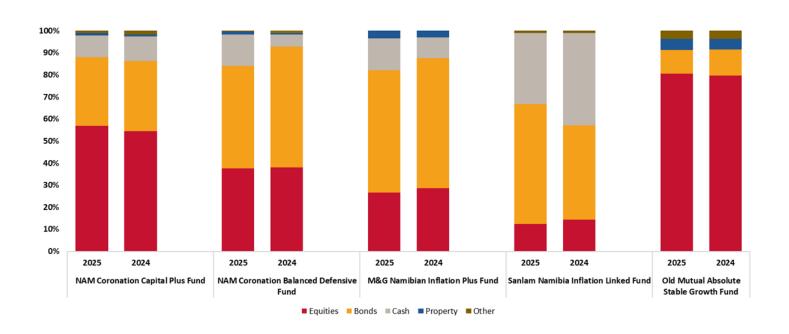
- 1. NAM Coronation Capital Plus: International Other represents Commodities
- 2. Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked: International Other represents Property
- 3. NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive NAM Cash position includes an off-set or "Notional Cash value" for all derivative effective exposure.
- 4. NAM Coronation Capital Plus SA Cash position includes an off-set or "Notional Cash value" for all derivative effective exposure.
- 5. NAM Coronation Capital Plus & NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive: SA & NAM Other represents Commodities, Preference shares and other securities
- 6. Old Mutual Stable Growth: Other represents Namibian Alternative Investments



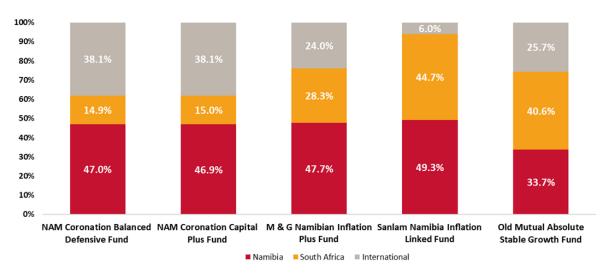


Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios

Asset Allocation as at 31 March 2025 compared 31 March 2024



Geographical Split as at 31 March 2025:



^{*}Note: Sanlam and Old Mutual portfolios are classified as insurance policies and therefore their Namibian exposure is managed in accordance with the life company's balance sheet exposure

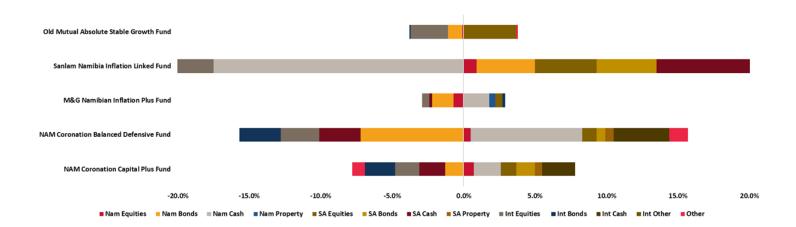




Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios

Change in Asset Allocation

The following graph illustrates the changes that were made to the managers' asset allocation over the 12 month period ending **31 March 2025.** In the event that the allocation to an asset class was decreased, the change would be indicated on the left hand side of the vertical axis, and vice versa.



Over the past year, the Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund underwent significant changes, increasing exposure to International Bonds, SA Equities, Bonds, and Cash, as well as Nam Bonds, while reducing holdings in International Equities and Nam Cash. The NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund and NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund had similar adjustments, increasing allocations to cash and decreasing exposure to bonds and equities. In contrast, the Old Mutual Absolute Stable Growth Fund and M&G Inflation Plus Fund saw minimal changes, with the Old Mutual fund shifting from International to SA Equities, and the M&G Fund slightly increasing Nam Cash and decreasing Nam Bonds. Despite varied strategies, the Moderate Low Risk Portfolios, all had a reduced allocation to International Equities and an increase in SA Equities over the past year. It's essential to note that these changes result from a combination of active management decisions and market fluctuations, rather than solely from manager decisions.





Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios

Trailing Returns as at 31 March 2025

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund	10.6	10.3	11.4	7.8
NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund	11.9	10.1	12.1	7.2
M&G Namibian Inflation Plus Fund	12.0	10.4	11.4	7.9
Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund	12.8	10.3	10.5	8.1
Old Mutual Absolute Stable Growth Fund	13.2	10.9	9.7	8.5
NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark	16.1	10.6	12.6	9.5
NAM CPI + 4%	8.3	9.5	8.9	8.9

Trailing Returns as at 31 March 2024

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund	11.8	8.5	8.3	7.9
NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund	12.9	8.3	8.6	7.2
M&G Namibian Inflation Plus Fund	9.3	9.8	8.0	8.0
Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund	9.9	8.2	7.9	7.9
Old Mutual Absolute Stable Growth Fund	10.4	11.5	8.0	8.7
NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark	7.9	9.0	9.1	9.0
NAM CPI + 4%	8.6	9.6	8.5	8.8

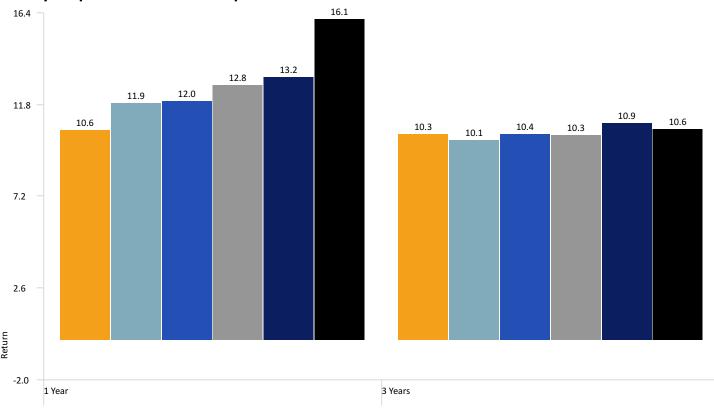
The returns for the Old Mutual AGP portfolios are sourced from the NMG Survey data. The remaining returns are net money-weighted rate of return after fees values calculated by NMG Investment Consultants from the data provided by the individual asset managers.



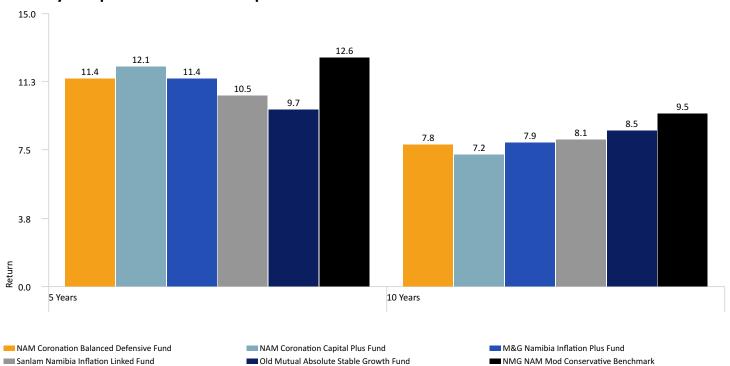


Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios

1 & 3 year performance for the period ended 31 March 2025



5 & 10 years performance for the period ended 31 March 2025

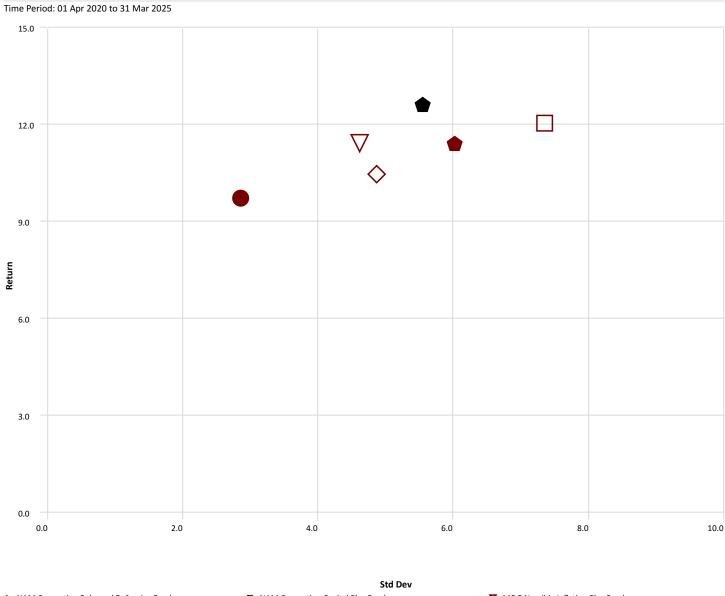


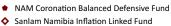


Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios: Volatility vs Return

The following graph illustrates the volatility and return statistics of the moderate low portfolios for a 5 year period. These returns are **net** of all investment charges.

Risk-Reward





NAM Coronation Capital Plus FundOld Mutual Absolute Stable Growth Fund

▼ M&G Namibia Inflation Plus Fund

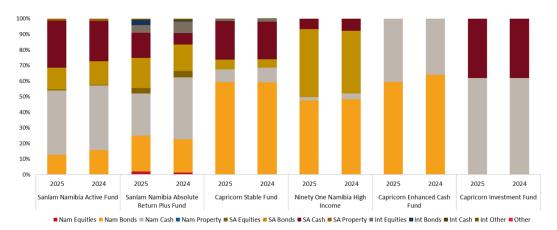
■ NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark





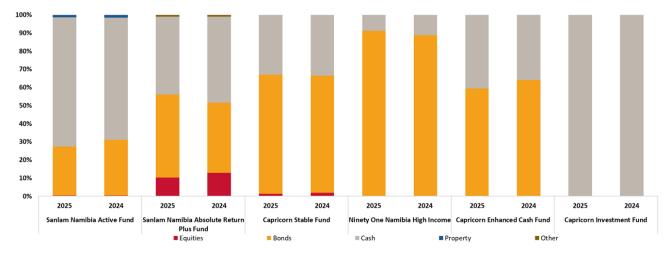
Low Risk and Capital Preservation Portfolios

Asset Allocation as at 31 March 2025 as compared to 31 March 2024

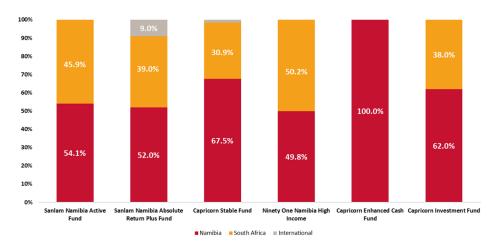


The total Namibian exposure is 54.1% for the Sanlam Namibia Active Fund. The Capricorn Stable fund is a multi-asset low risk fund. 67.5% of the funds assets are currently invested in Namibian assets.

The Money Market Fund (Capricorn Investment Fund) is managed by Capricorn Asset Management and is mainly invested in Namibian & South African cash investments. The Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus fund is a low risk smoothing product with 52.0% exposure to Namibian assets.



Geographical Split as at 31 March 2025:



^{*}The Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus fund is classified as an insurance policy and therefore their Namibian exposure is managed in accordance with the life company's balance sheet exposure.





Low Risk and Capital Preservation Portfolios

Trailing Returns as at 31 March 2025

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Sanlam Namibia Active Fund	11.5	8.7	7.9	7.6
Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus**	11.8	8.3	6.7	7.7
Capricorn Stable Fund*	12.7	13.3	11.9	9.2
Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund***	10.4	9.3	7.7	7.5
Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund***	8.8	7.9	7.2	7.9
NAM CPI + 1%	5.2	6.3	5.7	5.8
NAM CPI + 2%	6.3	7.4	6.8	6.8
FTSE/JSE ALB 1-3 Yr TR ZAR	11.0	8.5	8.2	8.1

^{*}Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made at the end of March 2019. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

Trailing Returns as at 31 March 2024

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Sanlam Namibia Active Fund	7.9	6.8	6.5	7.4
Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus**	10.9	6.3	7.3	8.0
Capricorn Stable Fund*	12.1	11.7	10.0	_
Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund***	8.7	7.2	7.1	7.0
Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund***	8.0	6.7	7.1	7.7
NAM CPI + 1%	5.5	6.4	5.4	5.7
NAM CPI + 2%	6.6	7.5	6.4	6.7
FTSE/JSE ALB 1-3 Yr TR ZAR	7.5	6.7	7.4	7.7

^{*}Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made at the end of March 2019. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

Trailing Returns as at 31 March 2025

	1 Year 3 Years		5 Years	10 Years
Capricorn Investment Fund	8.7	8.0	6.8	7.1
NAM CPI	4.2	5.3	4.7	4.7
IJG Money Market GR NAD	8.3	7.7	6.5	7.0

Trailing Returns as at 31 March 2024

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Capricorn Investment Fund	8.9	6.7	6.5	6.9
NAM CPI	4.5	5.4	4.3	4.6
IJG Money Market GR NAD	8.4	6.3	6.3	6.8

The returns are net money-weighted rate of return after fees values calculated by NMG Investment Consultants from the data provided by the individual asset managers.



^{**}Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made during June of 2019. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

^{***}Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made during February 2022. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

^{**}Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made during June of 2019. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

^{***}Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made during February 2022. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.



Unlisted Investments

Trailing Returns as at 31 March 2025

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	01 Jan 2016 - 31 Mar 2025
Allegrow Fund*	-8.5	1.5	-4.5	-0.8
Caliber Capital Fund (A)	9.8	9.8	8.5	7.7
JG Frontier Investment Fund**	-18.4	-6.7	-4.0	-5.8
Stimulus	0.0	4.6	3.6	3.3
NAM CPI + 4.5%	8.9	10.0	9.4	9.5

Due to the illiquid nature of unlisted investments, returns over shorter time periods may not be a true reflection of the funds' performance over that period.

Trailing Returns as at 31 March 2024

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	01 Jan 2016 - 31 Mar 2024
Allegrow Fund	12.9	-4.2	-2.3	0.1
Caliber Capital Fund (A)	11.0	8.8	8.4	7.4
IJG Frontier Investment Fund	-6.3	4.6	-6.3	-4.2
Stimulus	0.1	5.2	5.3	3.7
NAM CPI + 4.5%	9.2	10.1	9.0	9.6

Due to the illiquid nature of unlisted investments, returns over shorter time periods may not be a true reflection of the funds' performance over that period.

The returns are net money-weighted rate of return after fees values calculated by NMG Investment Consultants from the data provided by the individual asset managers.



^{*}Fair value adjustment in September 2021.

^{**}Fair value adjustment in September 2024.



Glossary

Asset Allocation: The weighting of assets in an investment portfolio amongst different asset classes (shares, bonds, property, cash, and international investments).

BEASSA All Bond Index (ALBI): Bond Exchange Actuarial Society of South Africa Index.

Balanced Fund: An investment portfolio that spreads its holdings over a range of asset classes, which typically include shares, fixed interest, property, international securities and cash.

Benchmark: An index or other market measurement that is used by a fund manager as a yardstick to assess the risk and performance of a portfolio; for example, the All Share Index is a commonly used benchmark for Domestic Equity portfolios.

Bottom-up Analysis: A form of security analysis that begins with forecasting returns for individual companies, then moves to industries and, finally, the economy as a whole.

Capital Preservation Portfolio: Portfolios that provide investors with greater stability in returns and aim to preserve capital. These portfolios experience less volatility and may or may not have an underlying guarantee.

FTSE/JSE All Share Index (ALSI): A "basket" of shares representing all the shares on the JSE. This index is used as a measurement to indicate price movements in the market.

Growth Style: Growth style managers identify companies with above average earnings growth, which they believe will be reflected by the price in future. These shares usually have a higher P/E ratio as the price is higher due to earnings being generated at a fast pace.

Growth at a Reasonable Price: An investment style in which the manager selects shares where the company is growing profits, but the share price is not overpriced relative to that growth or shares of which the P/E ratio is below that of the index.

Inflation (CPI): The consumer price index represents the increase in the price of a "basket" of basic goods and services e.g. food, petrol. It provides an indication as to how fast prices are increasing in the economy.

Institutional Investor: An organisation whose primary purpose in investment markets is to invest its own assets or those that it holds in trust for others. Institutional investors include fund managers, life companies, retirement funds, banks, etc.

JP Morgan Global Bond Index: An index which can be used to measure global bond market movements. Countries' bonds across the globe form part of the index, each carrying a certain weight in the index.

Market Value Adjustment: A term used with smooth bonus products. All disinvestments which are not for benefit payment (ie switches, terminations) will be paid out at the lower of book or market value. Genuine benefit payments are defined to be payments iro resignation, death and retirement.

Median: The middle value that exceeds half of the values in the sample and which is exceeded by the other half. For example, if five items cost N\$20, N\$80, N\$100, N\$300, and N\$500 respectively, the median value would be N\$100, whereas the mean would be N\$200.

MSCI World Equity Index: An index which can be used to measure global market movements. Countries across the globe form part of the index, each carrying a certain weight in the index.





Glossary

NSX Index: A "basket" of shares representing all the shares on the Namibian Stock Exchange. This index is used as a measurement to indicate price movements in the market.

Price Earnings Ratio: A stock's market price divided by its current or estimated future earnings per share. The PE ratio is used by the investing public as a measure of the attractiveness of a particular share versus all other shares. The lower the ratio relative to the average of the share market, the lower the market's profit growth expectations.

Prudential Unit Trust: A unit trust which complies with Regulation 13 of the Pension Fund Act.

Regulation 13: The regulation in the Pension Fund Act providing guidelines for the investments of retirement funds.

Strategic Asset Allocation: The composition of an asset mix within a portfolio, constructed with the aim of meeting the long-term objectives of a fund, rather than being based on short-term views of relative performance of the various asset classes. Usually a benchmark is derived in this fashion.

STeFI: Short Term Fixed Interest Index. An index used to measure performance for short term (cash) investments.

Top Decile: A statistical measure dividing a sample into ten numerically equal groups. Thus, 'top decile' means the top 10% of a given sample.

Top-Down Analysis: A form of security analysis that begins with forecasting broad macroeconomic trends, then assessing the impact on industries and, finally, on individual companies.

Tactical Asset Allocation: A process by which the asset allocation of a fund is changed on a short-term basis to take advantage of perceived differences in relative values of the various asset classes. TAA can also be described as the variation of asset allocation around the strategic asset allocation.

Upper Quartile: A statistical measure dividing a sample into four numerically equal groups. Thus, 'upper quartile' means the top 25% of a given sample.

Value Style: Asset managers who have a value style identify shares which trade below intrinsic value in the belief that the share price will return to its intrinsic value. These securities usually have low prices relative to book value or earnings.

Volatility: A measure used to define risk which refers to the degree of fluctuation of returns over a specified period (normally short-term). The higher the volatility, the higher the fluctuation of returns which is associated with greater uncertainty of expected returns. This scenario is defined as being high risk.





Appendix A: Replacement Ratios

The following table represents some salary replacement ratios:

Assumed NET Contributions towards retirement i.e. AFTER all costs for risk and administration etc. (as % of pensionable salary)							
Assumed Investment Return for 30 years before retirement (after fees)	8%	10%	12%	14%	16%		
CPI + 5%	47%	59%	70%	82%	94%		
CPI + 4%	39%	49%	59%	69%	79%		
CPI + 3%	33%	42%	50%	58%	67%		
CPI + 2%	28%	35%	42%	50%	57%		

The Trustees consider an appropriate post retirement income to be 60% of pre-retirement pensionable income after 30 years of service (assuming that 2% accumulates for each year of service). This ratio is defined as the salary replacement ratio. The above table shows a range of ratios for various net retirement funding contribution rates in relation to real investment returns, assuming retirement at age 60. Other assumptions are:

Pre-retirement:

- · Real rate of return before retirement is dependent on the investment portfolio chosen;
- Salaries are assumed to increase in line with price inflation. In order to assess the impact of a salary increase of 1.0% per annum above inflation, one needs to look at a 1.0% per annum lower real return (e.g. if the targeted real rate of return on the selected investment portfolio is CPI + 4% then one needs to look at the results of CPI + 3% in the above table to see the salary replacement ratio if salaries increase 1.0% per annum above price inflation);
- No break in service or 100% preservation of accumulated fund credit where there is a change of employer;
- · Full fund credit available on retirement (one-third and two-thirds) is used to generate the pension; and
- Effect of tax is not taken into account.

Post retirement

- Single life with-profit annuity is purchased at age 60 years; and
- Allowance for future pension increases is approximately 2/3rds of price inflation.



Strictly Confidential



Benchmark Retirement Fund

Fund Fact Sheets: As at 31 March 2025

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Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 3 168m

Risk Profile Moderate

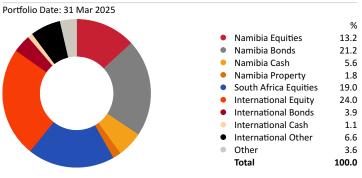
Benchmark NMG Average Moderate Fund

Portfolio Description:

The Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund is a market-linked balanced portfolio which represents Allan Gray's best investment view for balanced mandates. This fund is managed according to a segregated mandate.

The inception date below is for the Unit Trust which is used as proxy.

Asset Allocation



Inception Date: 01/08/1999

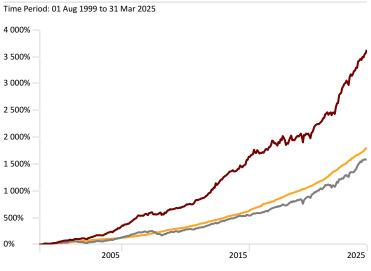
CIO: Duncan Artus

Portfolio Manager: Duncan Artus, Birte Schneider

Base Fees: 0.60% P.A. on domestic assets and a performance-based fee of

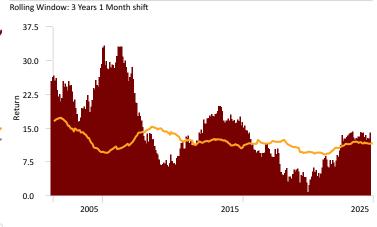
between 1%-2.5% on international assets

Cumulative Manager Performance



Rolling Returns

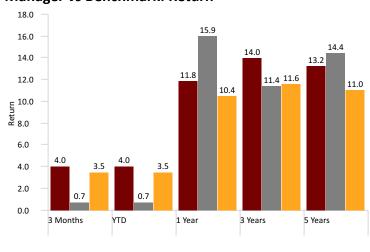
Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Aug 1999) to 31 Mar 2025



■Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund

-NAM CPI + 6%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



■NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark

Top 10 Holdings

1.	Anheuser-Busch	3.2
2.	FirstRand Namibia	2.9
3.	Naspers and Prosus	2.8
4.	British American Tobacco	2.6
5.	Oryx Properties	1.8
6.	Standard Bank Group	1.6
7.	Namibia Breweries	1.4
8.	Nedbank	1.4
9.	Anglogold Ashanti	1.2
10.	Woolworths	1.1

NAM CPI + 6%

Allan Grav Namibia Balanced Fund



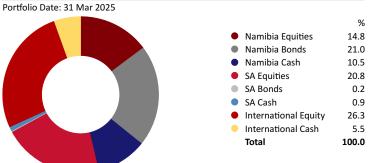
Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 5 441m Risk Profile Moderate Benchmark

NMG Average Moderate Fund

Asset Allocation



The Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund is a market-linked balanced portfolio which aims to achieve stable returns over the longer term by investing in all asset classes. This portfolio represents Ninety One's best investment view.

Inception Date: 01-May-97

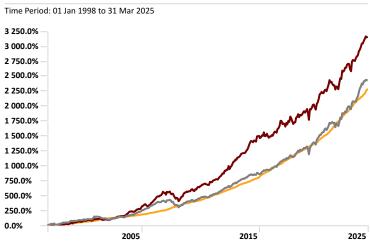
CIO: John McNab, Mimi Ferrini

Portfolio Manager: Chris Freud and Duane Cable

Based on value of portfolio as follows: 0.75% p.a on first N\$ 350m, Base Fees:

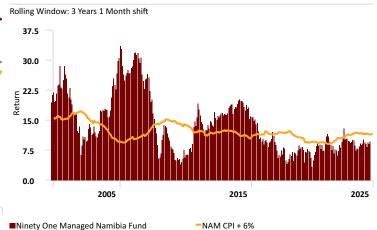
0.70% p.a on next N\$ 200m, 0.65% p.a on assets above N\$ 550m

Cumulative Manager Performance

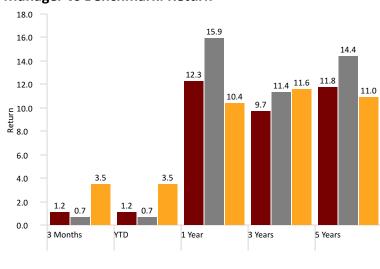


Rolling Returns as per the Fund's IPS

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Jan 1998) to 31 Mar 2025



Manager vs Benchmark: Return



■NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark

Top 10 Holdings

1.	Naspers	3.6
2.	FirstRand Namibia	2.6
3.	Anglogold Ashanti	2.0
4.	Capitec	1.9
5.	FirstRand	1.8
6.	Standard Bank Group	1.6
7.	Sanlam	1.6
8.	MTN	1.5
9.	Harmony Gold Mining	1.5
10.	. Discovery	1.4
	·	

■NAM CPI + 6%

■ Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund



NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund

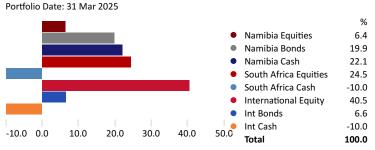
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 1 390m

Risk Profile Moderate

Benchmark NMG Average Moderate Fund

Asset Allocation



The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

Portfolio Description

The NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund is a fully managed investment solution diversified across asset classes and sectors.

Inception: Apr-2011

CEO: Tarah Shaanika

Portfolio Manager

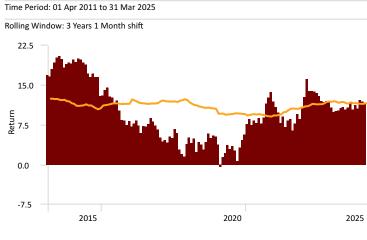
Karl Leinberger

Base Fees: 0.85% p.a. on average month end market value

Cumulative Manager Performance

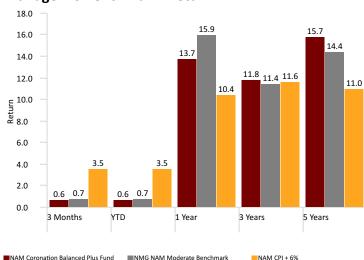
Time Period: 01 Apr 2011 to 31 Mar 2025 350% 325% 300% 275% 250% 225% 200% 175% 150% 125% 100% 75% 0% -25% 2015 2020 2025

Rolling Returns



-NAM CPI + 6%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

■NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund

1.	Egerton Capital Equity Fund	4.3
2.	Eminence Fund Long	3.6
3.	Lone Monterey	2.3
4.	Tremblant Capital	2.0
5.	Contrarius Global Equity Fund	2.0
6.	Namibia Breweries	1.8
7.	Quilter	1.2
8.	Standard Bank Group	1.0
9.	Capitec	1.0
10.	Northam Platinum	0.9

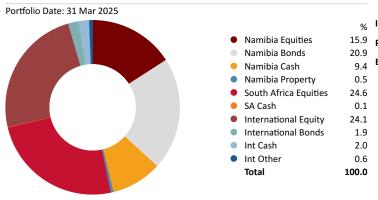


Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size Risk Profile Benchmark N\$ 318m Moderate NMG Average Moderate Fund

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

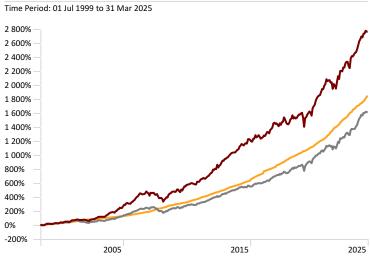
The Old Mutual Namibia Profile Pinnacle Portfolio is a market-linked balanced portfolio which places emphasis on asset allocation across all asset classes. OMIGNAM has closed the OMIGNAM Balanced Fund and replaced it with OMIGNAM Profile Pinnacle. This mandate is now OMIGNAM's best investment view for a moderate balanced mandate. The portfolio aims to achieve consistent real returns over the longer term. Fund returns below include OMIGNAM Profile Balanced for the period 01 March 1998 until 01 September 2013. Fund returns after 01 September 2013 are those of OMIGNAM Profile Pinnacle.

Inception Date: 01 Apr 1998

Portfolio Manager: Peter Brooke and Tyrone van Wyk

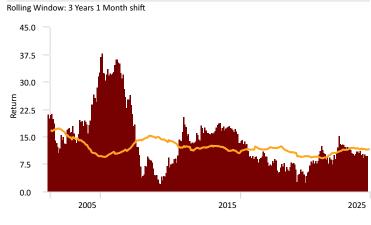
Base Fees: 0.55% p.a. domestic assets and 0.80% p.a. on international assets

Cumulative Manager Performance



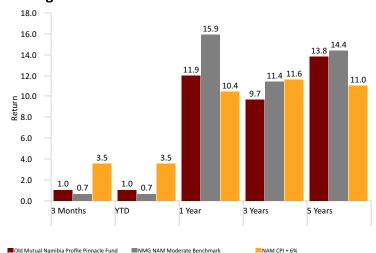
Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Jul 1999) to 31 Mar 2025



-NAM CPI + 6%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

■Old Mutual Namibia Profile Pinnacle Fund

	•	2.7
1.	Naspers	2.7
2.	FirstRand Namibia	2.7
3.	Standard Bank Namibia	2.6
4.	FNB Namibia Holdings	2.1
5.	Gold Fields	1.7
		1.2
6.	Capitec	1.0
7.	Anglo American Namibia	1.0
8.	Namibia Breweries	1.0
9.	Anglogold Ashanti	1.0
10.	Sanlam Namibia	0.9



M&G Namibian Balanced Fund

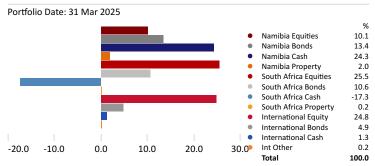
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 1 366m

Risk Profile Moderate

Benchmark NMG Average Moderate Fund

Asset Allocation



The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

Portfolio Description

The M&G Namibia Balanced portfolio is a market-linked balanced portfolio which aims to achieve consistent growth of capital and income by maintaining a superior stock selection across all industries relative to the benchmark and across all asset classes. The portfolio represents M&G's best investment view.

Inception: Aug-08

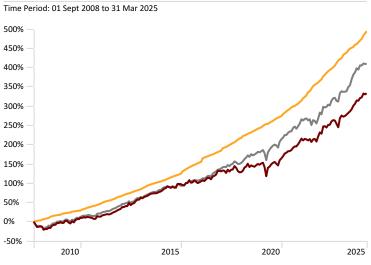
CIO: David Knee

Portfolio Manager

Michael Moyle, Sandile Malinga and Leonard Kruger.

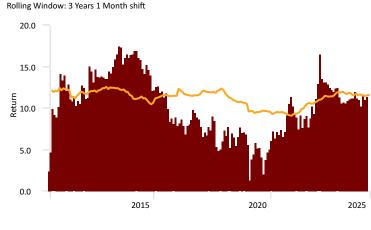
Base Fees: 0.75% p.a. on average month end market value

Cumulative Manager Performance



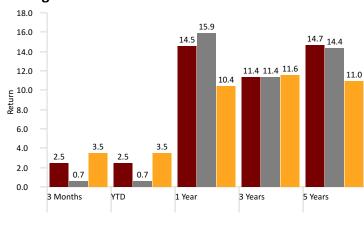
Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Sept 2008) to 31 Mar 2025



-NAM CPI + 6%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



■NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark

NAM CPI + 6%

Top 10 Holdings

■M&G Namibian Balanced Fund

1.	Capped Shareholder Weighted 40 Index Future 06/202	8.0
2.	Republic of SA Bond Future 05/2025 (R2032)	7.6
3.	Naspers and Prosus	3.5
4.	Bank Windhoek FRN J3 +0.25% 21/08/2025	3.4
5.	Republic of SA Bond Future 05/2025 (R2037)	2.5
6.	Namibian Government Bond 8.00% 15/01/2027	2.1
7.	Namibian Government Bond 9.85% 15/07/2045	2.0
8.	FirstRand Namibia	1.7
9.	Namibian Government Bond 10.00% 15/10/2048	1.7
10.	Standard Bank Namibia	1.6

■M&G Namibian Balanced Fund



Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund

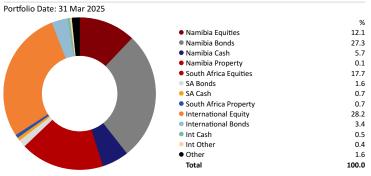
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 195m

Risk Profile Moderate

Benchmark NMG Average Moderate Fund

Asset Allocation



The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

Portfolio Description

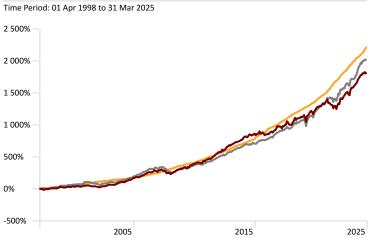
The Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund is a market-linked balanced portfolio which invests in all asset classes. The fund includes the combined investment views of STANLIB (SA&NAM). The portfolio aims to achieve capital growth over the longer -term.

Inception: Apr-98

Portfolio Manager: Marius Oberholzer

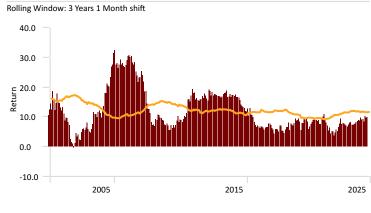
Base Fees: 0.50% p.a. on average month end market value

Cumulative Manager Performance



Rolling Returns

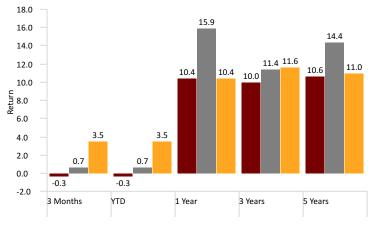
Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Apr 1998) to 31 Mar 2025



■Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund

-NAM CPI + 6%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



■NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark

NAM CPI + 6%

Top 10 Holdings

1.	FirstRand Namibia	2.2
2.	Standard Bank Namibia	2.0
3.	Naspers	1.6
4.	Anglo American Namibia	1.5
5.	Capitec	1.0
6.	Gold Fields	0.9
7.	Sanlam Namibia	0.9
8.	Shoprite	0.8
9.	Harmony Gold Mining	0.8
10.	FirstRand	0.8

■Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund



Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio

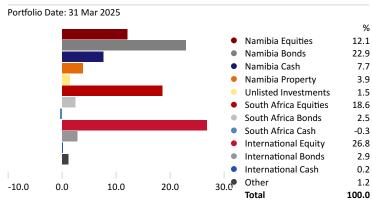
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 2 667m

Risk Profile Moderate

Benchmark NAM CPI + 5%

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

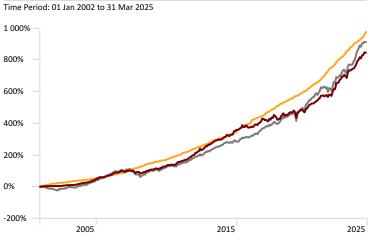
The Default Portfolio has the following objectives:

- To reduce volatility of returns
- To achieve a real return of 5% (net of fees) over a rolling 3 year period
- To reduce risk of large negative returns over rolling 12 months
- To reduce risk by spreading assets between more than one investment manager

The Default Portfolio has a risk profile lower than that of the moderate risk portfolios and as such the expected long-term returns should also be lower. The Trustees use their absolute discretion in selecting the best manager offering and reserve the right to appoint or replace Asset Managers at any time. The default portfolio consists of a combination of Allan Gray Namibia Domestic Balanced, Ninety-One Namibia Domestic Balanced, M&G
12.1 Namibia Domestic Balanced, Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked, 20Twenty Credit Solution, 22.9 Satrix Emerging Markets Tracker Fund, Satrix World Equity Tracker Fund and Sanlam USD
7.7 Enhanced Yield Fund.

Base Fees: Estimated average base fee across all managers: 0.51%.

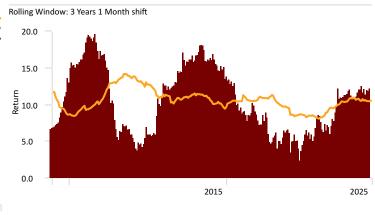
Cumulative Manager Performance



Rolling Returns

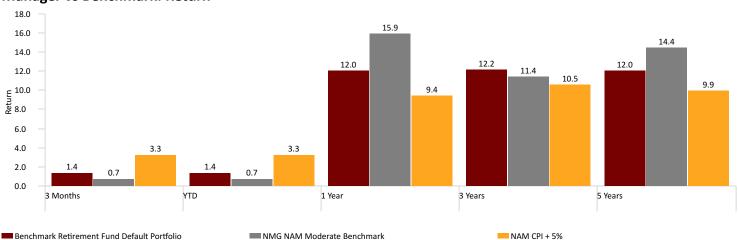
Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Jan 2002) to 31 Mar 2025

■Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio



-NAM CPI + 5%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return





NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund

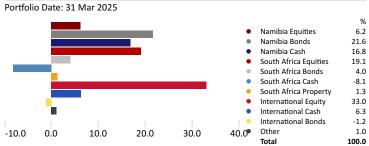
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 190m

Risk Profile Moderate-Low

Benchmark NAM CPI + 4%

Asset Allocation



The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

Portfolio Description

The NAM Coronation Capital Plus Class A Fund (previously Absolute Fund) is suitable for members with a lower risk tolerance. It is an actively managed, moderate-low risk fund with exposure to all asset classes. The fund aims to achieve consistent positive real returns with a primary focus on offering downside protection and preserving capital in real terms over any rolling 12 month period.

Inception: Nov-07

CEO: Tarah Shaanika

Portfolio Manager

Charles de Kock and Pallavi Ambekar

Base Fees: 0.95 % flat fee with 0.75% if performance over any 24-months is negative.

Cumulative Manager Performance

Time Period: 01 Mar 2008 to 31 Mar 2025 400% 350% 250% 150% 0% 2010 2015 2020 2025

Rolling Returns

Time Period: 01 Mar 2008 to 31 Mar 2025

Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift

20.0

15.0

5.0

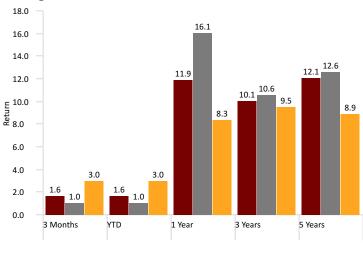
0.0

2015

2020

2025

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

.01	3 10 1101411163	
1.	Egerton Capital Equity Fund	4.8
2.	Eminence Fund Long	4.0
3.	Lone Monterey	2.6
4.	Tremblant Capital	2.2
5.	Contrarius Global Equity Fund	2.2
6.	FirstRand	1.6
7.	Standard Bank Group	1.2
8.	Anheuser-Busch	1.0
9.	Richemont	8.0
10.	MTN	8.0

NAM CPI + 4%

■NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund

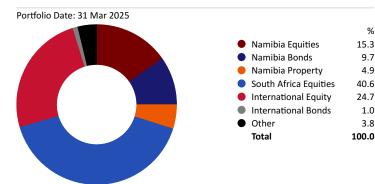


Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 1 803m Risk Profile Moderate-Low Benchmark NAM CPI + 4.5%

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth Portfolio target returns in excess of inflation over the long term, while significantly reducing the short-term volatility associated with balanced market-linked investments. Specifically, it targets a return objective of Namibian inflation plus 4.5% over a rolling 3 year period, while offering a guarantee of 80% on capital and contributions.

It offers stability by means of smoothing of returns, whereby a Bonus Smoothing Reserve is maintained to absorb the impact of high peaks and low troughs often experienced in the market, thus reducing short-term volatility. However due to this smoothing technique used, it has an additional fee over and above the investment management fee, namely a capital charge. This charge is 0.7% p.a. Bonuses are declared monthly in advance, gross of investment fees and net of the capital charge.

Inception: April 2007

15.3

24.7

1.0

3.8

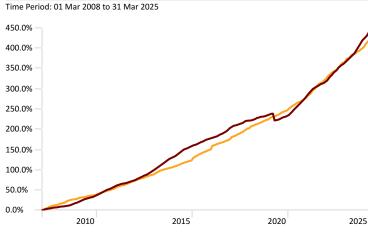
4.9 CIO: Tyronne van Wyk 40.6

Portfolio Manager: Old Mutual Investment Group

Base Fees: 0.55% to 0.70% pa

Capital Guarantee charge: 0.70%

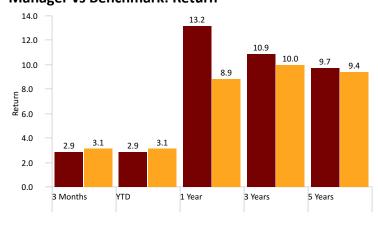
Cumulative Manager Performance



Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Mar 2008) to 31 Mar 2025 Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift 15.0 10.0 Return 5.0 0.0 2015 2020 2025 ■Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth -NAM CPI + 4.5%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

-	·	
1.	Naspers	9.3
2.	Gold Fields	5.7
3.	FirstRand Namibia	4.5
4.	Standard Bank Namibia	4.4
5.	Capitec	4.2
6.	Anglogold Ashanti	3.4
7.	MTN	3.2
8.	Prosus	3.2
9.	Harmony Gold Mining	3.0
10.	Richemont	2.6

■Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth Fund



M&G Namibia Inflation Plus Fund

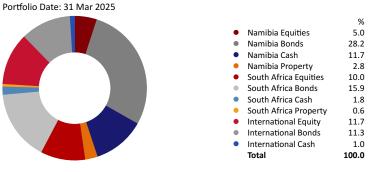
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 2 177m

Risk Profile Moderate-Low

Benchmark NAM CPI + 4%

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

The M&G Namibia Inflation Plus Fund is a conservative market linked portfolio which aims to produce stable real returns. The fund invests predominantly in inflation linked bonds and other interest bearing securities and equities.

Inception: Oct-03

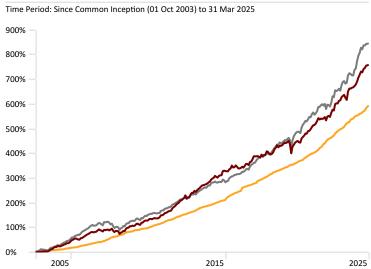
CIO: David Knee

Portfolio Manager:

Michael Moyle, Sandile Malinga and Leonard Kruger.

Base Fees: 0.60% p.a. on average month end market value

Cumulative Manager Performance



Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Oct 2003) to 31 Mar 2025

Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift

25.0

20.0

10.0

5.0

2010

2015

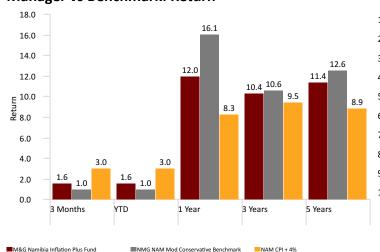
2020

2025

M&G Namibia Inflation Plus Fund

NAM CPI + 4%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

1.	Republic of Namibia ILB 4.50% 15/01/2029 (GI29)	6.9
2.	Republic of Namibia ILB 3.80% 15/07/2025 (GI25)	5.9
3.	Republic of Namibia ILB 4.50% 15/04/2033 (GI33)	3.9
4.	Republic of SA Bond 8.50% 31/01/2037 (R2037)	3.6
5.	Republic of SA Bond 8.25% 31/03/2032 (R2032)	3.1
6.	Republic of SA Bond 8.00% 31/01/2030 (R2030)	2.0
7.	Naspers and Prosus	1.9
8.	Standard Bank FRN J3+1.45% 01/06/2028	1.7
9.	Oryx Properties	1.7
10.	Bank Windhoek FRN J3 +0.25% 21/08/2025	1.7

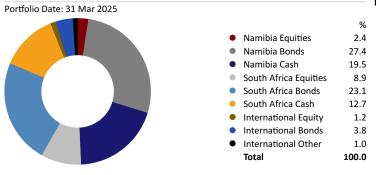


Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 2 439m
Risk Profile Moderate-Low
Benchmark NAM CPI + 4%

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

The Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund invests in a flexible combination of investments in the equity, bond and money markets, both locally and abroad, aiming for positive real returns (comprising capital and income growth) over the medium to longer term.

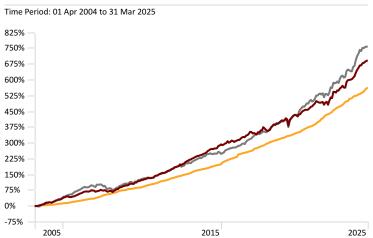
Inception: Feb-04

Portfolio Manager:

Fernando Durrell

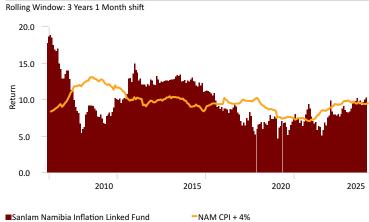
Base Fees: 0.75% p.a. on average month end market value.

Cumulative Manager Performance

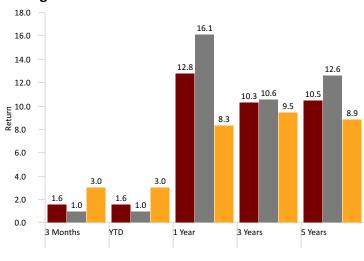


Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Apr 2004) to 31 Mar 2025



Manager vs Benchmark: Return



MMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark

NAM CPI + 4%

Top 10 Holdings

1.	Naspers	0.5
2.	Nedbank	0.4
3.	FirstRand	0.4
4.	Shoprite	0.4
5.	Gold Fields	0.4
6.	FirstRand Namibia	0.3
7.	Standard Bank Group	0.3
8.	Anglogold Ashanti	0.3
9.	Anglo American	0.3
10.	Capitec	0.2

Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund



NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund

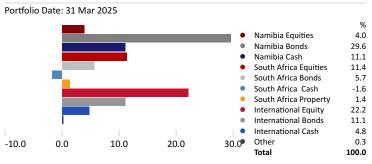
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 197m

Risk Profile Moderate-Low

Benchmark NAM CPI + 3%

Asset Allocation



The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

Portfolio Description

The NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund is suitable for members with a lower risk tolerance. It is an actively managed, moderate-low risk fund with exposure to all asset classes. The NAM Balanced Defensive Fund aims to provide a reasonable level of income whilst seeking to preserve capital in real terms.

Inception: Nov-07

CEO: Tarah Shaanika

Portfolio Manager

Charles de Kock & Pallavi Ambekar

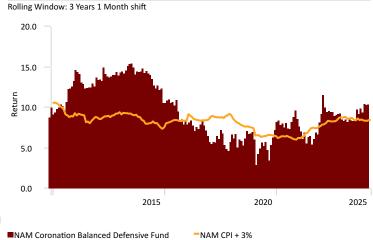
Base Fees: 0.75~% p.a. on average month end market value

Cumulative Manager Performance

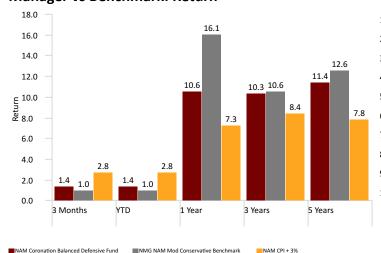
Time Period: 01 Jan 2008 to 31 Mar 2025 400% — 350% — 250% — 200% — 150% — 0% — 0% — 2010 2015 2020 2025

Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Jan 2008) to 31 Mar 2025



Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

1.	Egerton Capital Equity Fund	3.9
2.	Eminence Fund Long	3.2
3.	Prosus	2.2
4.	Lone Monterey	2.1
5.	Tremblant Capital	1.8
6.	Contrarius Global Equity Fund	1.8
7.	FirstRand	1.1
8.	Anheuser-Busch	8.0
9.	Standard Bank Group	0.8
10.	MTN	0.5

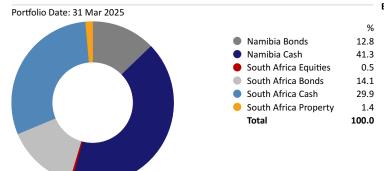


Sanlam Namibia Active Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 1 071m Risk Profile Low Benchmark BEASSA 1-3year All Bond Index

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

The Sanlam Namibia Active Fund's objective is to provide a high level of income and maximise returns. This fund invests in income yielding assets including fixed income assets, preference shares and property.

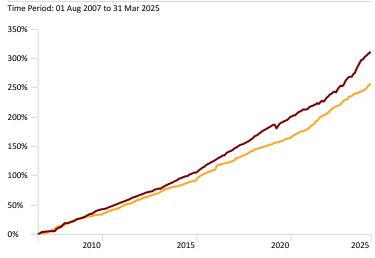
Inception: 1 June 2007

Portfolio Manager

Melville Du Plessis

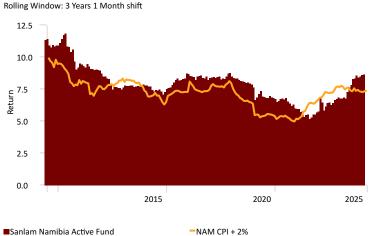
Base Fees: 0.60% p.a on average month end market value

Cumulative Manager Performance

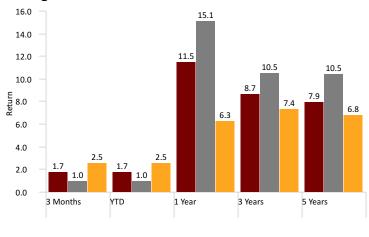


Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Aug 2007) to 31 Mar 2025



Manager vs Benchmark: Return



■NMG NAM Conservative Benchmark

NAM CPI + 2%

Top 10 Holdings

1.	Standard Bank Group	7.5
2.	FirstRand	7.0
3.	Nedbank	4.1
4.	Investec Bank	3.6
5.	Republic of SA Bond 8.875% 28/02/2035 (R2035)	2.5
6.	Bank Windhoek F/R 07/08/2028	2.1
7.	Standard Bank Namibia F/R 07/08/2028	2.1
8.	First National Bank Namibia F/R 07/08/2028	2.1
9.	Namibia ILB 4.50% 15/01/2029	2.0
10.	Bank Windhoek F/R 15/08/2029	1.9

Sanlam Namibia Active Fund



Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus Fund

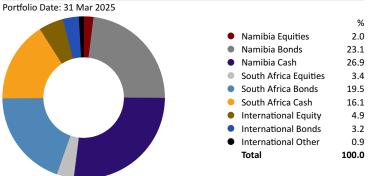
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 91m

Risk Profile Low

Benchmark NAM CPI + 2%

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

The Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus provides risk averse members with exposure to the Sanlam Namibian Inflation Plus Fund with a capital guarantee, accompanied by minimal termination and switching restrictions. This is achieved through extensive use of derivative (hedging) instruments and the declaration of a monthly fully vesting bonus. At termination, the full value of net contributions plus declared bonuses is paid.

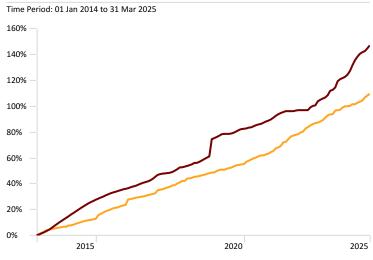
Inception: January 2013

Portfolio Manager

Basson van Rooyen

Base Fees: 1.0% p.a (excluding structure fees)

Cumulative Manager Performance



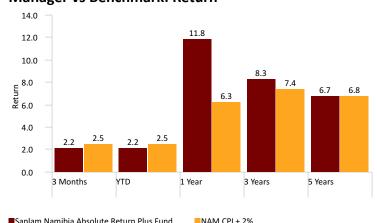
Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Jan 2014) to 31 Mar 2025



-NAM CPI + 2%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

■Sanlam Namibian Absolute Return Plus Fund

1.	Naspers	0.4
2.	Nedbank	0.3
3.	FirstRand	0.3
4.	Shoprite	0.3
5.	Gold Fields	0.3
6.	FirstRand Namibia	0.3
7.	Standard Bank Group	0.3
8.	Anglogold Ashanti	0.2
9.	Anglo American	0.2
10.	Capitec	0.2



Capricorn Stable Fund

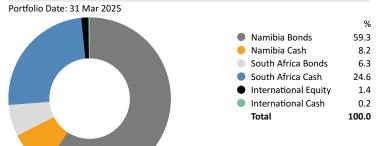
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 3 104m

Risk Profile Low

Benchmark NAM CPI + 2%

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

The Capricorn Stable Fund aims to provide investors with a return of 2% above inflation over any 2 year rolling period.

Inception: February 2015

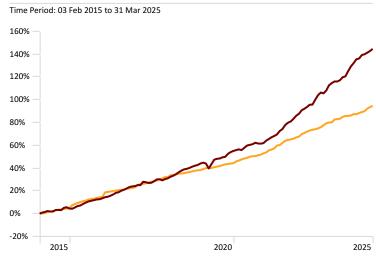
CIO: Relf Lumley

Portfolio Manager

Tertius Liebenberg, Relf Lumley and Shuutheni Shivute.

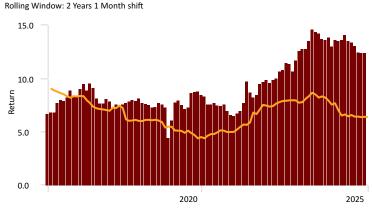
Base Fees: 0.45% p.a on average month end market value

Cumulative Manager Performance



Rolling Returns

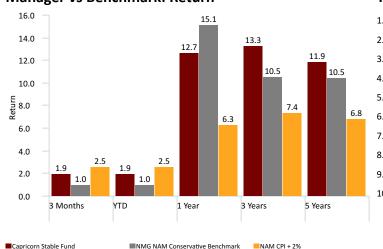
Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Mar 2015) to 31 Mar 2025



-NAM CPI + 2%

■Capricorn Stable

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

1.	Money Market	51.1
2.	GI33	6.3
3.	GI29	5.9
4.	GI36	5.0
5.	GC28	3.9
6.	GI27	3.2
7.	GC37	2.3
8.	GC32	2.3
9.	GC26	2.2
10.	GC35	2.1

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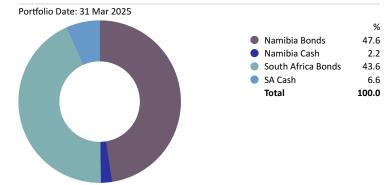


Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 358m Risk Profile Low Benchmark IJG Money Market Index

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

The Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund aims to maximise income and grow capital. The fund invests in high-yielding Namibian and South African fixed-income assets, including government and corporate bonds, fixed deposits and money market instruments.

Inception: Feb-22

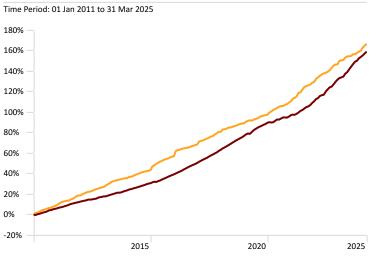
CIO: John McNab, Mimi Ferrini

Portfolio Manager

Malcolm Husselmann, Team

Base Fees: 0.60% p.a

Cumulative Manager Performance



Rolling Returns

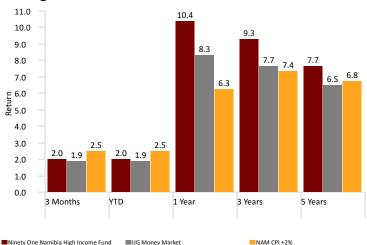
Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Jan 2011) to 31 Mar 2025



■Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund

-NAM CPI + 2%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



■IJG Money Market

Top 10 Holdings

1.	Namibia Government Bonds 8.5% 10/2028	4.9
2.	Namibia Government Bonds 8.5% 04/2026	4.2
3.	Namibia Government Bonds 9.0% 04/2032	3.9
4.	Namibia Government Bond - NCP Bond 4.0% 10/2027	3.7
5.	Namibian Government Bond 8.0% 15/01/2027	3.0
6.	Absa Bank Ltd Sr Unsecured 08/2025 Variable Rate	2.8
7.	Namibia Government Bond - NCP Bond 4.5% 01/2029	2.5
8.	Bank Windhoek Ltd Sr Unsecured 06/2026 Variable Ra	2.2
9.	Standard Bank Namibia Ltd Sr Unsecured 07/2026 Var	2.1
10.	Oryx Properties Ltd Sr Unsecured 11/2025 Variable	2.1

■Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund



Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 4 878m

Risk Profile Low

Benchmark JJG 12 Month TB Index

Portfolio Description

The Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund aims to provide a higher return than money market funds while minimizing the chance of capital losses by investing in instruments with a longer duration than what most money market funds typically may invest in.

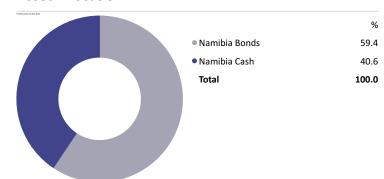
Inception: Feb-22

CIO: Relf Lumley

Portfolio Manager: Tertius Liebenberg and Relf Lumley

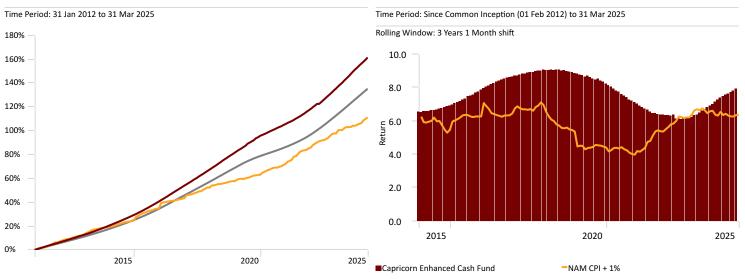
Base Fees: 0.35% p.a.

Asset Allocation

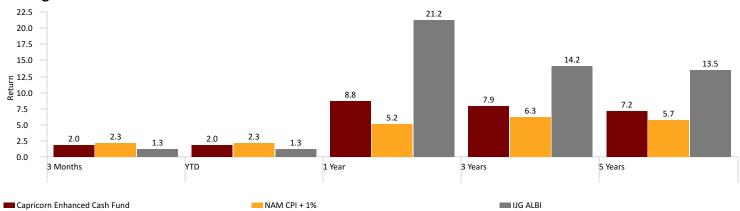


Cumulative Manager Performance

Rolling Returns



Manager vs Benchmark: Return





Capricorn Investment Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 13 373m

Risk Profile Capital Preservation

Benchmark IJG Money Market Index

Portfolio Description

The Money Market Fund aims to achieve stable and secure returns for the risk averse investor by investing in a diversified combination of liquid money and capital market instruments. The underlying investment is the Capricorn Investment Fund.

Inception: Feb-02

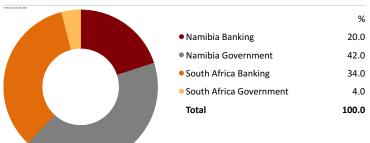
CIO: Relf Lumley

Portfolio Manager

Tertius Liebenberg, Relf Lumley and Shuutheni Shivute.

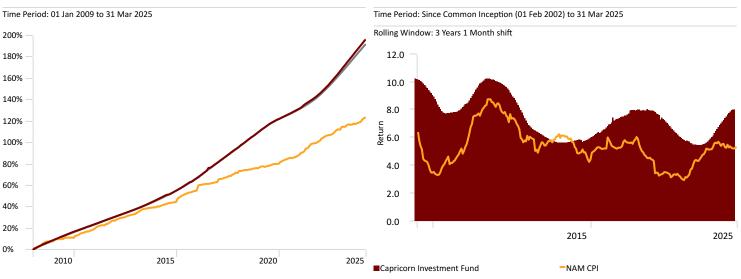
Base Fees: 0.25% p.a. on average month end market value





Cumulative Manager Performance

Rolling Returns



Manager vs Benchmark: Return

