Strictly Confidential



Benchmark Retirement Fund

Quarterly Investment Report: As at 30 June 2025



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Introduction

This document has been compiled with the aim of providing members of the Benchmark Retirement Fund with an overview of the investment options offered to enable them to make informed decisions regarding the investment of their retirement assets.

The following portfolios are offered to members:

Investment Portfolio	Risk Categorisation	Asset Managers's Explicit Performance Objective	Return Expectations derived form Historical Experience (Before Fees)
Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund*	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
M&G Namibian Balanced Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund	Moderate	None	CPI+5% to 6%
Benchmark Default Portfolio**	Moderate	-	CPI+5%
Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth***i	Moderate - Low	CPI+4.5%	CPI+4.5%
NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund	Moderate - Low	CPI+4%(1 year)	CPI+4%
M&G Namibian Inflation Plus Fund	Moderate - Low	CPI+4%	CPI+4%
Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund	Moderate - Low	CPI+4%	CPI+4%
NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund	Moderate - Low	IJG Money Market+3%	CPI+2% to 3%
Sanlam Nambia Absolute Return Plus Fund	Low	CPI+2%	CPI+2%
Capricorn Stable Fund	Low	CPI+2%(2 years)	CPI+2%
Sanlam Namibia Active Fund	Low	1-3 year ALBI	CPI+1%to 2%
Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund	Low	IJG Money Market Index	CPI+1% to 2%
Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund	Low	IJG 12 Month TB Index	CPI to CPI+1%
Capricorn Investment Fund	Capital Preservation	7 day Repo Rate	CPI

Investment Returns

In order to achieve an adequate salary replacement ratio it is imperative that members achieve a real investment return, i.e. a return in excess of price inflation. Refer to Annexure A for an indication of the relationship between investment returns and the salary replacement ratio.

While a real investment return should ideally be set as the explicit performance objective of an investment portfolio, a number of investment portfolios that are suitable for retirement funds, do not have an explicit performance objective related to inflation. The member will therefore have to consider the historic performance experience of an investment portfolio in relation to inflation as a proxy of potential returns in order to link a specific investment portfolio to the salary replacement ratio. It must be noted that the historic performance experience is not guaranteed to be achieved in future. While each investment portfolio will have an internal benchmark as stated by the Investment Manager in the portfolio mandate, that benchmark may not be an explicit real investment return.

Risk

The risk rating of an investment portfolio gives an indication of how volatile investment returns may be and therefore is also an indication of the risk that the investment return per the investment mandate may not be achieved. The risk categories have the following meaning:

- Aggressive risk portfolios: Short term negative returns are possible with this type of portfolio. Exposure to equities (shares) is normally maximised for these types of portfolios in order to achieve the return objective. Maximisation of equity exposure however takes place within the prudential investment guidelines laid down by the Pension Funds Act. Investment returns can be very volatile.
- Moderate risk portfolios: This type of portfolio will have large exposure to growth assets (shares and property) at times and as such short term negative returns are possible. Investment returns can be volatile.
- Moderate-low risk portfolios: This type of portfolio also has exposure to growth assets (shares and property) but typically at lower levels than the moderate risk portfolios. They aim to have minimal negative returns and therefore have a lower risk profile than the moderate risk portfolios. Investment returns can still be volatile.
- Low risk portfolios: This type of portfolio should have minimal negative returns over a rolling 12-month period.
- Capital preservation portfolios: There should be no risk of capital loss on a monthly basis.

Investment return and risk are correlated; while the correlation cannot be defined in absolute terms, it is generally accepted that an investor would require compensation in the form of investment returns in return for the investment risk taken.



^{*}Segregated Portfolio

^{*}The Benchmark Default Portfolio is a combination of Allan Gray Namibia Domestic Balanced Fund, M&G Namibia Domestic Balanced Fund, Sanlam Namibia Domestic Balanced Fund, Ninety One Namibia Domestic Balanced Fund, 20Twenty

Credit Solution, Satrix Emerging Markets Tracker Fund, Satrix World Equity Tracker Fund, Sanlam USD Enhanced Yield Fund and Colchester Global Bond Fund.
***This is a 80% guaranteed portfolio and has an additional capital charge over and above the investment fees. This portfolio is closed for new investments since May 2020.

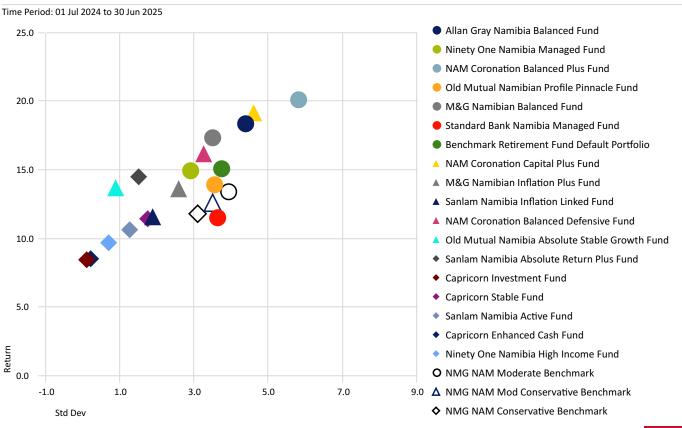
i- Insurance Policy

Introduction

Risk-Reward - Over the long term

Time Period: 01 Jul 2015 to 30 Jun 2025 Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund 14.0 Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund 12.0 Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund M&G Namibian Balanced Fund Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund 10.0 Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund 8.0 ▲ M&G Namibian Inflation Plus Fund ▲ Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund 6.0 Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth Fund Capricorn Investment Fund 4.0 Sanlam Namibia Active Fund Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund 2.0 O NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark Return ▲ NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark 0.0 NMG NAM Conservative Benchmark 1.0 3.0 5.0 7.0 9.0 11.0 13.0 -1.0 Std Dev

Risk-Reward - Over the short term



Markets

Q2 was a remarkably active quarter of tariff-driven volatility. An April "tariff tantrum" pushed the S&P 500 down -15 % YTD at the trough, before a 23-percentage point rebound left it +10% YTD by quarter-end. Despite that rally, the US still lags Europe, China and even South Africa in USD terms over the last 12 months. Cyclicals and Big-Tech re-emerged as leaders, yet risk-adjusted metrics continue to favour Financials, Utilities and Industrials.

In South Africa the JSE ended +10 % in Q2 (25 % in 12m), while bonds retained superior risk adjusted returns. After a blockbuster Q1, resource stocks were the second-best performer behind industrials. Over the last 12 months, these 2 sectors still drove most of the returns. Property and financial stocks benefited from lower interest rates in Q2.

Namibian equities saw the NSX Local (+3.9%) under-perform the NSX Overall index (+6%). On a sector basis, Financials and Telecoms stocks remain outperformers over Q2 and on a 12m basis. Namibian cash and bonds continue to present better risk adjusted returns.

Gold set fresh highs around \$3,500/oz (+9% Q2, +28% YTD) before consolidating. Tariff angst is driving investment and central-bank demand. China has been a large buyer of gold for official reserves.

Brent crude slipped 4% in Q2 ending around \$68 (\$60 - \$77 range). OPEC+ spare capacity and Iran détente offset geopolitical risks. Consensus keeps 2025 Brent in a \$70–80 range, but Middle East flare-ups remain a wild card.

Outlook: US valuations are supremely extended vs. the last 2 decades and significantly higher than any other global geography. Overall equity valuations are above the median for their respective markets. In addition, the level of concentration in headline US indices has resumed with the top 10 S&P 500 stocks making up >35% of the index and the top 20 stocks making up > 45%.

Considering extended valuations and considerable uncertainty, we would caution against over allocating to US equities and favor a more diversified approach toward under owned EMs, Europe, Japan and China.

Commodities: Precious metals remain hedges against volatility, although we would caution on chasing gold allocations unless the \$3500 is decisively cleared and confirmed. Central bank buying is a structural tailwind. Seasonality may benefit oil in the latter part of the year.

FX:

The traded weighted dollar index (DXY) is -11% YTD (-5% in Q2), the worst H1 since 1973—as global spreads and trade war rhetoric weigh on the dollar. The spread of US and EU rates has decoupled from the EURUSD suggesting that either US rates need to fall, or the Euro needs to weaken. The generalized dollar weakness has been concentrated in the euro and Yen cross rates. The euro is up almost 14% YTD, and the yen 6% stronger, firming as carry trades unwind.

In South Africa, the Rand strengthened by 5% against the dollar in Q2 (4.2% YTD). Persistent trade account surpluses, a hawkish SARB defending the yield differential (and rand) as well as resource tailwinds (Gold/PGM) all acted as tailwinds versus the rising global trade risks.



Economy

Global growth forecasts have been revised lower due to policy uncertainty risk. World GDP for 2025 is expected at 2.8% (advanced economies 1.4% and EM 3.7%). Chinese growth is expected to slow to around 4%. Headwinds to the outlook include escalating US tariffs and weak trade volumes, as well as China's soft industrial demand and economic re-orientation.

US: Q1 GDP contracted by -0.5% with large revisions to consumer spending and exports. Cuts to Federal spending may be temporary given the passage of a new budget bill.

Eurozone: Q1 GDP grew at 0.6%, the fastest since Q3 2022. ECB forecasts expect 2025 growth at 0.7%, below IMF forecasts, as Germany and the Netherlands flirt with recession.

UK: Q1 GDP grew at 0.7%, the best since Q1 2024 although monthly data has slowed materially signaling a risk to Q2 GDP.

SA: Q1 GDP eked out 0.1 % q/q with the prior quarter revised lower to 0.4%. Agriculture was a key driver while mining and manufacturing remain drags. 2025 forecasts are being marked down to ~1 % on electricity and US tariff risk.

Namibia: Q1 GDP shrank by -3.2% following +8.1% in Q4'24. The y/y growth of 2.7% is the lowest since Q1'21 due to drags in both primary and secondary sectors. The Namibian Finance ministry trimmed its outlook for 2025 to 3.5%-4% (above IMF forecasts) after a diamond-sector slump.

Inflation

Global inflation is expected to decline at a slower pace from 5.8 % (2024) to 4.4 % (2025). IMF forecasts project a surge in expected US inflation and an acceleration in Chinese disinflation/deflation.

DM inflation has largely converged above target levels while EM food and FX pass-throughs stay sticky and remain headwinds. Easing energy inflation is offset by slower goods disinflation (tariffs) and services inflation and wages that remain hot in the US/UK. Upside risks include new tariff waves/uncertainty, potential oil price spikes, and weather-related disruptions for food.

US: May headline inflation was 2.4% y/y with core inflation at 2.8%. Shelter and healthcare are half of the core print, but tariffs and a weaker dollar could lift goods prices into H2.

Europe: June flash estimates at 2.0% are essentially on target. Services inflation remains sticky at 3% while energy is a small drag.

China: Mild deflation ended with June's CPI +0.1 % y/y driven by supported consumer spend (subsidies).

SA: Headline CPI remained at 2.8% in May from a cycle low of 2.7% in March. Food inflation ticked up to 4.8% from 4% as did housing and utilities.

Namibia: CPI ticked up to 3.7% in June as food inflation (+6.4% vs 5.8%) and housing (4.1% vs 3.6%) provided the key drivers, echoing trends seen in SA.

Policy rates

Most developed markets central banks are on hold as the timing of cuts is complicated by US trade policy uncertainty. Pressure for further cuts in the Eurozone and UK is rising. Emerging markets have begun selective easing. Sticky service inflation, big fiscal borrowing needs, and geopolitical risk premia remain headwinds.

Real rates: Real rates are positive in the US (+1.8% on 10-yr vs CPI), roughly zero in the Eurozone, and negative in Japan/China. SA real rates are relatively restrictive given the sharply lower move in inflation recently.

US: There was no change in the Fed funds rate at 4.25–4.50 % this year. US 10-year yields are range bound around 4.35% (3.9%-4.6% range). The market is pricing in two cuts by December but tariffs complicate the outlook.

Eurozone: The ECB cut rates to 2.15% from 2.65% in Q1.. The market is pricing a little less than 50bps of easing through mid-2026.

UK: The UK Bank Rate was cut to 4.25 % from 4.5% in Q1. The 10-year UK Gilt yield at 4.6% (4.43%-4.80% range) is range bound.

China: The 1-year Prime rate was cut to 3% from 3.1% in Q1. The yield curve slopes gently upward, but liquidity operations help offset capital-outflow pressures.

SA: The SARB cut the repo rate by 25bps in May to 7.25 %. The yield curve bull-steepened with 10-year SAGBs trading around 9.74% (9.70%-11.12% range). The market expects further rate cuts later in the year dependent on the global outlook.

Namibia: The Bank of Namibia held the repo rate at 6.75% to defend the rand peg. The sovereign curve pricing suggests a further cut only after SARB commences further cuts.

Synopsis and Conclusion:

Q2 underscored a regime where policy shocks, not cycles, drive markets. Growth is losing altitude, inflation progress is slower and more fragile, and policy makers are cornered by fiscal and geopolitical constraints. With the dollar stumbling and gold shining, investors should prioritize equity defensiveness (global diversification, quality cash flows and valuations, pricing power). Fixed income (carry trades) with positive real rates (SA nominal bonds, selective EM debt) remains attractive. Furthermore, diversification across currencies and commodities to hedge tariffs and policy missteps is relevant and prudent.

Flexibility and discipline will be paramount as we head into a pivotal H2 marked by politics, uncertain trade trajectories and still-elevated valuation risk. Now is not the time to be chasing returns with a focus on risk management deemed paramount.



Periodic Table

Best	Namibia: Basic Materials 166.1	Namibia: Basic Materials 32.6	Namibia: Basic Materials 32.3	Namibia: Basic Materials 29.1	Namibia: Basic Materials 28.9	Namibia: Basic Materials 41.3	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Local 10.5
	Namibia: Over- all 27.8	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 12.1	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 14.4	Namibia: Over- all 33.9		Namibia: Local 43.5		Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 4.4
	Namibia: Local 15.2	Namibia: Financials 27.5	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 11.0	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: Consumer Staples		Namibia: Over- all 15.9	Namibia: IJG Money Market 3.8
		Namibia: Over- all 26.4	Namibia: IJG Money Market 7.8	Namibia: IJG Money Market 7.5	Namibia: IJG Money Market 5.8	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Over- all 9.7	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 14.1	
	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: Local 14.1	Namibia: Local 7.2	Namibia: Over- all 4.6	Namibia: Over- all -2.0	Namibia: Financials 22.7	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 8.4	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 18.7	Namibia: Basic Materials 13.8	Namibia: Over- all 1.7
	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 11.7	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 13.1	Namibia: Over- all 4.5	Namibia: Local 3.0	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: Local 21.6	Namibia: Basic Materials 7.9	Namibia: IJG Money Market 8.1	Namibia: Local 10.7	Namibia: Basic Materials 1.5
•	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: IJG Money Market 8.3			Namibia: Local -22.2	Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond) 4.4	Namibia: IJG Money Market 5.7	Namibia: Over- all 5.7	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: Consumer Staples
Worst	Namibia: IJG Money Market 7.6	Namibia: Consumer Staples	Namibia: Consumer discretionary	Namibia: Consumer discretionary		Namibia: IJG Money Market 4.2	Namibia: Local 2.0	Namibia: Basic Materials -21.7	Namibia: IJG Money Market 8.5	Namibia: Consumer discretionary
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	YTD

Namibian Indices

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Namibia: Basic Materials	7.8	1.5	-3.6	2.2	10.1	16.5
Namibia: Consumer discretionary	-0.7	-28.1	-18.6	21.2	25.4	7.2
Namibia: Financials	5.8	3.7	10.9	18.9	20.5	7.9
Namibia: Consumer Staples	1.3	-5.4	-0.9	14.9	12.9	9.7
Namibia: Local	3.9	10.5	15.6	23.0	14.5	11.2
Namibia: Overall	6.1	1.7	4.1	11.8	16.6	9.8
Namibia: IJG ALBI(All Bond)	3.0	4.4	13.7	14.9	11.7	11.1
Namibia: IJG Money Market	1.8	3.8	8.1	7.9	6.5	7.1



RSA Headline Indices

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
RSA: All Share	10.2	16.7	25.2	17.8	16.4	10.1
RSA: SWIX	10.2	16.7	25.2	16.1	14.4	8.1
RSA: Capped SWIX	9.7	16.1	24.6	15.9	16.2	7.9
RSA: Top 40 (Large Caps)	10.3	19.7	25.5	18.0	16.2	10.4
RSA: Mid Cap	10.0	10.1	20.3	14.9	16.0	7.4
RSA: Small Cap	9.5	1.8	26.0	18.8	27.1	9.4
RSA: Listed Property	9.1	5.3	23.9	19.8	16.6	3.0
RSA: Resources	9.8	46.8	30.6	9.9	13.1	11.3
RSA: Industrials 25	12.0	16.8	29.5	22.8	15.0	9.7
RSA: Financial 15	7.8	6.0	18.5	19.5	21.6	7.6
RSA: All Bond Index	5.9	6.6	18.4	13.4	10.9	9.2
RSA: Inflation Linked Bonds	0.9	1.6	7.3	5.8	8.5	5.3
RSA: STeFI Composite (Cash)	1.9	3.8	8.1	7.8	6.3	6.7

Consumer Price Index

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Namibia CPI	0.4	2.4	3.7	4.5	4.7	_
NAM CPI	0.4	2.4	3.7	4.5	4.7	4.6

Commodities

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Gold	2.0	18.7	37.3	25.2	13.7	15.2
Platinum	31.4	39.3	29.8	17.3	11.1	6.3
Oil	-10.7	-13.8	-23.9	-13.9	10.9	4.5

International Indices

Currency: Rand

	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
USA: S&P 500	7.2	0.0	12.1	23.0	17.2	18.1
UK: FTSE 100	5.9	12.8	17.4	18.8	14.2	9.7
Japan: Nikkei 225 Average	13.9	5.1	13.0	18.5	8.8	11.7
MSCI Emerging Markets	7.3	7.1	9.6	9.8	4.7	6.3
MSCI World	7.9	3.4	13.6	22.1	15.6	15.6
MSCI All Country World	7.9	3.9	13.6	21.1	14.7	14.8
USA: DJ Industrial Average	1.9	-1.5	11.7	18.1	14.0	16.4

Global Fixed Income

Currency: Rand

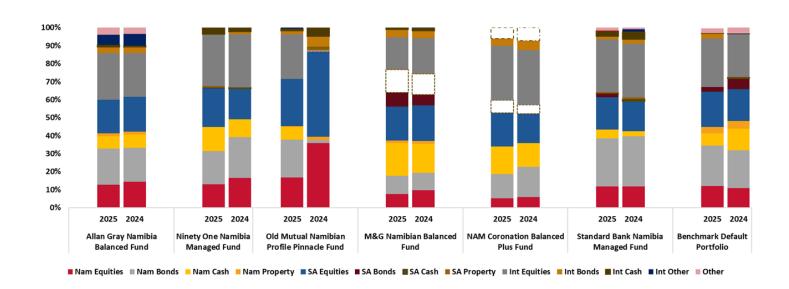
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	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	
FTSE World Government Bond Index	1.2	1.4	6.3	6.1	0.1	4.9	
ICE BofA 0-3 M US Trsy Bill TR USD	-2.3	-3.8	1.9	7.5	3.3	5.9	
ICE BofA 3-6 M US Trsy Bill TR USD	-2.4	-3.9	2.0	7.5	3.2	6.0	
FTSE WGBI USD	1.0	1.0	5.6	4.5	-2.0	4.5	





Moderate Risk Portfolios

Asset Allocation as at 30 June 2025 as compared to 30 June 2024



Notes 30 June 2025:

- 1. Allan Gray: International Other represents Property, Hedged Equity & Commodities
- 2. Allan Gray: Other represents SA and Namibia Commodities
- 3. Allan Gray: International Equity represents Net Equity
- ${\bf 4.\ Default:\ International\ Other\ represents\ Property,\ Hedged\ Equity\ and\ Commodities.}$
- 5. NAM Coronation Balanced: Other represents Commodities and preference shares and International Other represents property and commodities.
- 6. NAM Coronation, M&G and Old Mutual use derivatives to gain additional exposure to certain assets beyond 100%. Thus the cash allocation has an offsetting negative exposure, representing the liability or cash that is 'owed' for these assets. The total thus represents the "Notional Cash Value" for the entire effective derivative exposure.
- 7. Negative allocation to an asset class is represented by dashed bars.

Notes 30 June 2024:

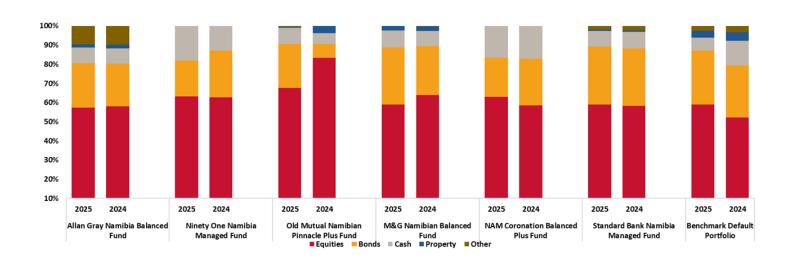
- 1. Allan Gray: International Other represents Property, Hedged Equity & Commodities
- 2. Allan Gray: Other represents SA and Namibia Commodities
- 3. Allan Gray: International Equity represents Net Equity
- 4. Default: International Other represents Property, Hedged Equity and Commodities.
- 5. NAM Coronation Balanced Plus: Other represents Commodities and International Other represents Property.
- 6. NAM Coronation and M&G use derivatives to gain additional exposure to certain assets beyond 100%. Thus the cash allocation has an offseting negative exposure, representing the liability or cash that is 'owed' for these assets. The total thus represents the "Notional Cash Value" for the entire effective derivative exposure.
- 7. Negative allocation to an asset class is represented by dashed bars.



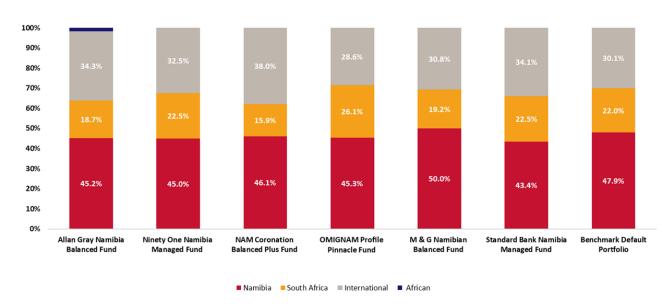


Moderate Risk Portfolios

Asset Allocation as at 30 June 2025 as compared to 30 June 2024



Geographical Split as at 30 June 2025:



Notes: Allan Gray: 1.8% African

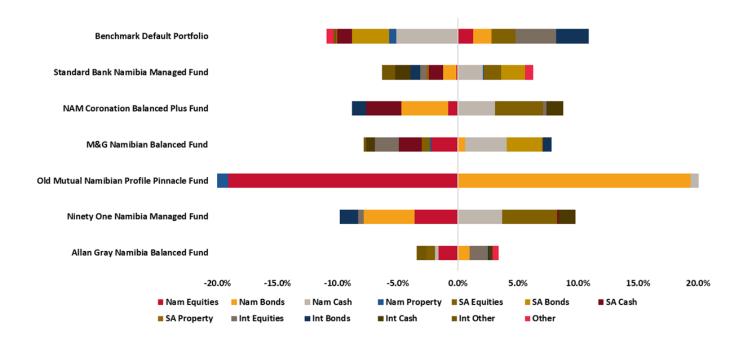
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Moderate Risk Portfolios

Change in Asset Allocation

The following graph illustrates the changes that were made to the managers' asset allocation over the 12 month period ending 30 June 2025. In the event that the allocation to an asset class was decreased, the change would be indicated on the left hand side of the vertical axis, and vice versa.



The Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund underwent the most significant changes over the past year, with a notable shift in assets from Nam Equities and SA Equities into Nam Bonds and International Equities, as well as a smaller allocation to Nam Cash. Other funds also experienced changes, albeit to a lesser extent. The Benchmark Default Portfolio saw a shift from Nam Cash and SA Bonds to International Bonds, SA Equities, and International Equities. The NAM Coronation Balanced Fund increased its allocation to Nam Cash and SA Equities while reducing exposure to Nam Bonds and SA Cash. The Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund increased its holdings in SA Equities and Nam Cash while decreasing its positions in Nam Equities and Nam Bonds. M&G Namibian Balanced increased its allocation to SA Bonds and Nam Cash, while decreasing its exposure to Nam Equities and International Equities, as well as SA Cash. The Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund saw an increase in Nam Cash, SA Equities, and SA Bonds, accompanied by a small decrease in Nam Bonds and SA Cash. In contrast, the Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund had the fewest changes, shifting towards Nam Bonds and International Equities while decreasing its holdings in Nam Equities and SA Equities. Across all managers, asset allocation changes were mixed, with no uniform trend observed among the Moderate Risk Portfolios. However, most portfolios saw a decrease in Nam Equities and an increase in Nam Cash. These changes resulted from a combination of active management decisions and market fluctuations, rather than solely from manager decisions.





Moderate Risk Portfolios

Trailing Returns as at 30 June 2025

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	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years			
Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund	18.4	17.0	13.1	10.1			
NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund	20.1	17.8	14.8	9.2			
Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund	14.9	13.4	10.8	8.8			
Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund	13.9	14.1	12.6	9.4			
Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund	11.5	13.7	9.4	8.0			
M&G Namibian Balanced Fund	17.3	14.4	13.0	9.3			
Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio	15.0	14.6	11.5	9.1			
NMG SA Moderate Benchmark	17.4	14.6	12.7	9.9			
NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark	13.4	14.9	12.7	10.9			
FTSE/JSE All Share TR ZAR	25.2	17.8	16.4	10.1			
NAM CPI + 6%	9.9	10.8	11.0	10.9			

Trailing Returns as at 30 June 2024

J				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund	9.7	13.1	10.6	8.8
NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund	12.7	10.9	10.8	8.3
Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund	8.0	9.2	9.1	8.8
Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund	10.6	10.8	10.2	9.0
Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund	12.9	8.6	8.4	8.0
M&G Namibian Balanced Fund	8.7	11.1	9.7	8.5
Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio	9.9	11.6	9.5	8.3
NMG SA Moderate Benchmark	10.4	10.2	10.4	9.0
NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark	13.4	12.0	11.3	10.4
FTSE/JSE All Share TR ZAR	9.1	11.0	10.6	8.2
NAM CPI + 6%	10.9	11.6	10.7	10.9

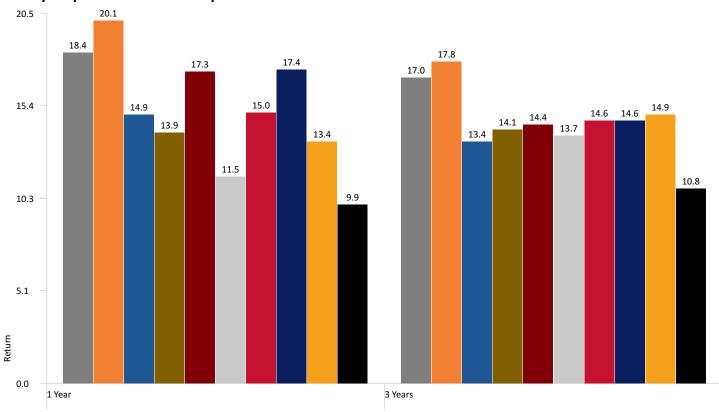
The returns for the Default Portfolio and the Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund (segregated) are the unit price returns allocated to members after fees, which is received from RFS Fund Administrators. The remaining returns are net money-weighted rate of return after fees values calculated by NMG Investment Consultants from the data provided by the individual asset managers.



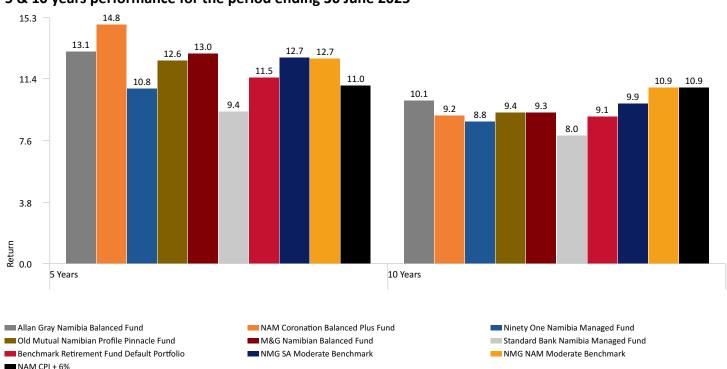


Moderate Risk Portfolios

1 & 3 year performance for the period ended 30 June 2025



5 & 10 years performance for the period ending 30 June 2025







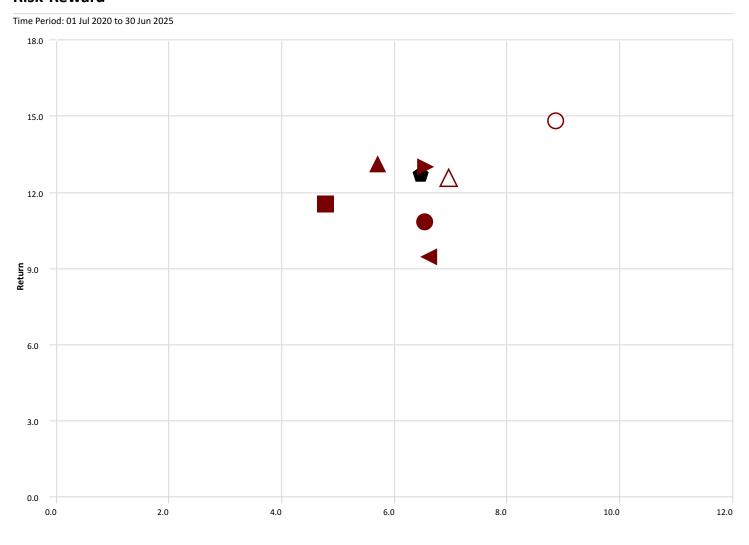




Moderate Risk Portfolios: Volatility vs Return

The following graph illustrates the volatility and return statistics of the moderate portfolios for a 5 year period. These returns are **net** of all investment charges.

Risk-Reward





△ Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund
■ Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio

Std Dev

Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund

► M&G Namibian Balanced Fund

■ NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark

O NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund

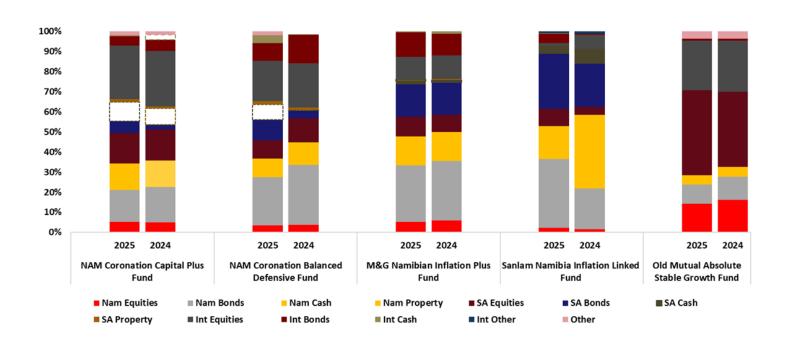
◀ Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund





Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios

Asset Allocation as at 30 June 2025 as compared to 30 June 2024



Notes 30 June 2025:

- 1. NAM Coronation Capital Plus: International Other represents Commodities
- 2. Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked: International Other represents Property
- 3. NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive SA Cash position includes an off-set or "Notional Cash value" for all derivative effective exposure.
- 4. NAM Coronation Capital Plus SA Cash position includes an off-set or "Notional Cash value" for all derivative effective exposure.
- 5. NAM Coronation Capital Plus & NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive: SA & NAM Other represents Commodities, Preference shares and other securities
- 6. Old Mutual Stable Growth: Other represents Namibian Alternative Investments

Notes 30 June 2024:

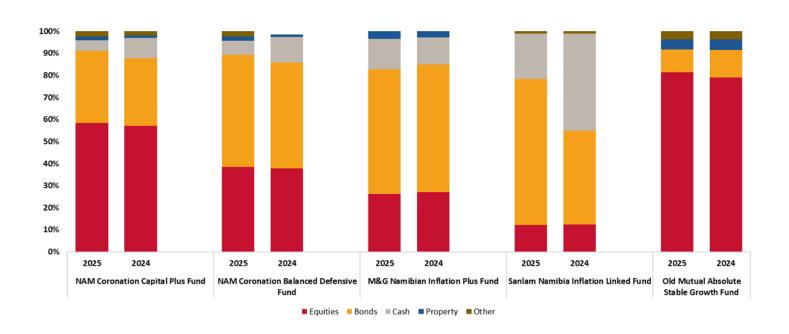
- 1. NAM Coronation Capital Plus: International Other represents Commodities
- 2. Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked: International Other represents Property
- 3. NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive NAM Cash position includes an off-set or "Notional Cash value" for all derivative effective exposure.
- 4. NAM Coronation Capital Plus SA Cash position includes an off-set or "Notional Cash value" for all derivative effective exposure.
- 5. NAM Coronation Capital Plus & NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive: SA & NAM Other represents Commodities, Preference shares and other securities
- 6. Old Mutual Stable Growth: Other represents Namibian Alternative Investments



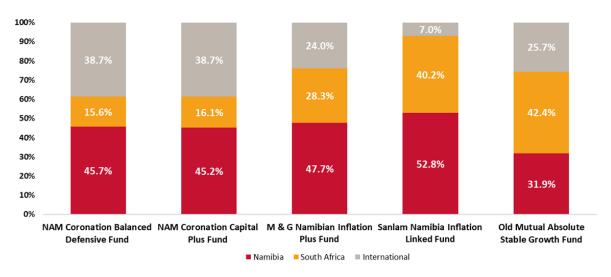


Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios

Asset Allocation as at 30 June 2025 compared 30 June 2024



Geographical Split as at 30 June 2025:



^{*}Note: Sanlam and Old Mutual portfolios are classified as insurance policies and therefore their Namibian exposure is managed in accordance with the life company's balance sheet exposure

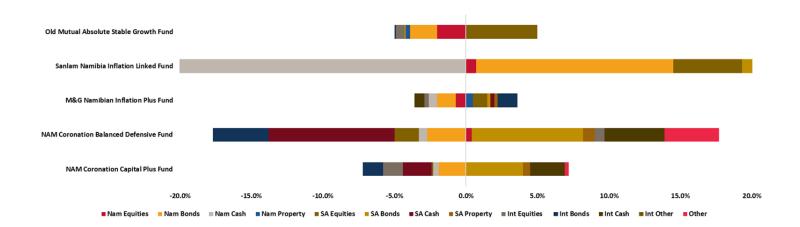




Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios

Change in Asset Allocation

The following graph illustrates the changes that were made to the managers' asset allocation over the 12 month period ending 30 June 2025. In the event that the allocation to an asset class was decreased, the change would be indicated on the left hand side of the vertical axis, and vice versa.



The Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund underwent the most significant changes over the past year, increasing exposure to International Bonds, SA Bonds, SA Equities, and Nam Bonds, while reducing holdings in International Equities, SA Cash, and Nam Cash. In contrast, the NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund and NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund made similar adjustments, albeit at different magnitudes, increasing allocations to SA Bonds and International Cash, while decreasing exposure to SA Equities, SA Cash, Nam Cash, Nam Bonds, and International Bonds. The Old Mutual Absolute Stable Growth Fund and M&G Inflation Plus Fund saw minimal changes. The Old Mutual fund shifted from Nam Equities and Nam Bonds to SA Equities, while the M&G Fund slightly increased SA Equities and International Bonds, and decreased International Cash, Nam Bonds, Nam Equities, and Nam Cash. Across all managers, asset allocation changes were mixed, with no uniform trend observed among the Moderate Low Risk Portfolios. However, most portfolios saw a decrease in Nam Bonds and Nam Cash, and an increase in SA Bonds. These changes resulted from a combination of active management decisions and market fluctuations, rather than solely from manager decisions.





Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios

Trailing Returns as at 30 June 2025

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund	16.2	13.8	10.8	8.3
NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund	19.2	14.9	11.8	8.1
M&G Namibian Inflation Plus Fund	13.6	12.3	10.6	8.4
Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund	11.6	12.0	9.3	8.2
Old Mutual Absolute Stable Growth Fund	13.7	11.0	11.4	8.4
NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark	12.6	13.1	11.2	9.9
NAM CPI + 4%	7.8	8.7	8.9	8.8

Trailing Returns as at 30 June 2024

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund	9.2	8.4	8.3	7.6
NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund	10.0	8.5	8.5	6.9
M&G Namibian Inflation Plus Fund	8.7	9.8	8.3	7.9
Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund	11.3	9.5	8.4	8.1
Old Mutual Absolute Stable Growth Fund	10.0	11.0	8.2	8.5
NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark	12.5	10.6	9.9	9.4
NAM CPI + 4%	8.8	9.5	8.6	8.8

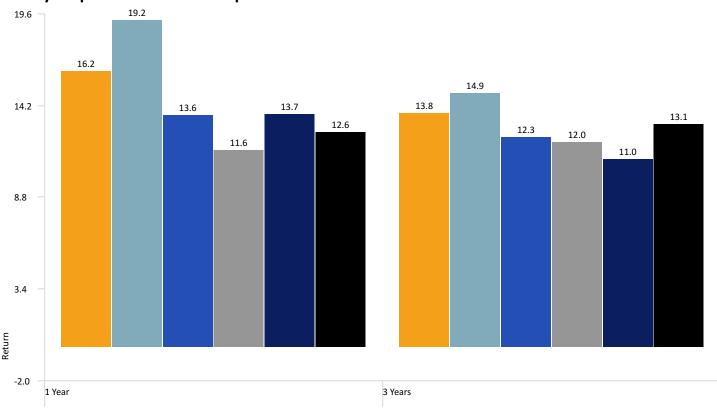
The returns for the Old Mutual AGP portfolios are sourced from the NMG Survey data. The remaining returns are net money-weighted rate of return after fees values calculated by NMG Investment Consultants from the data provided by the individual asset managers.



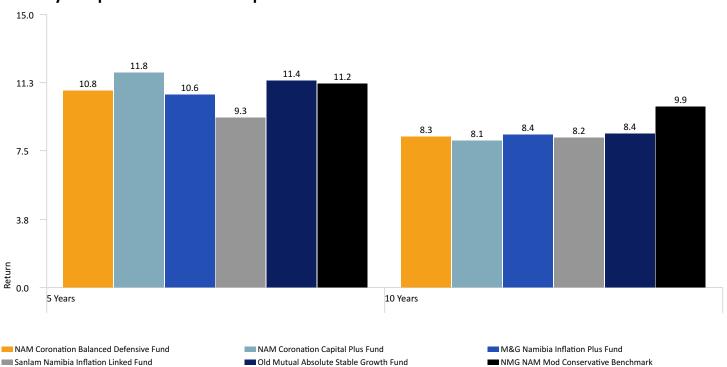


Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios

1 & 3 year performance for the period ended 30 June 2025



5 & 10 years performance for the period ended 30 June 2025



Benchmark Retirement Fund

Source: Morningstar Direct

D- -- 1

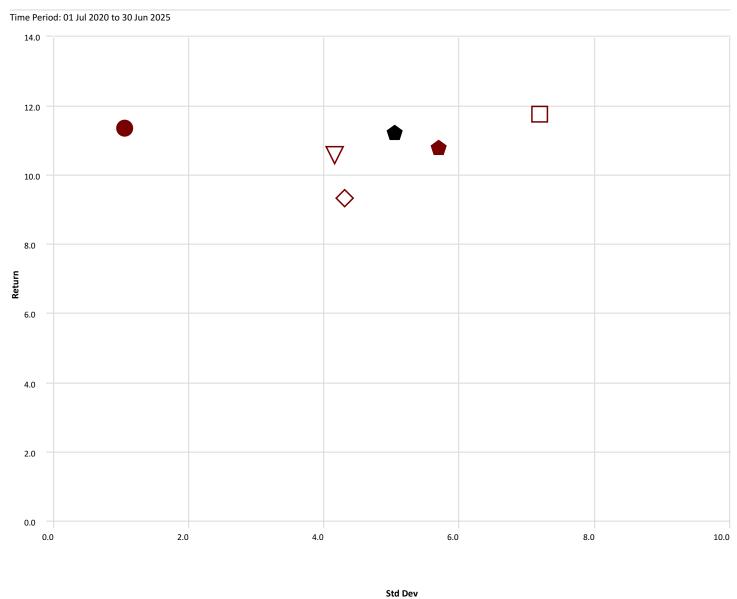




Moderate-Low Risk Portfolios: Volatility vs Return

The following graph illustrates the volatility and return statistics of the moderate low portfolios for a 5 year period. These returns are **net** of all investment charges.

Risk-Reward





NAM Coronation Capital Plus FundOld Mutual Absolute Stable Growth Fund

▼ M&G Namibia Inflation Plus Fund

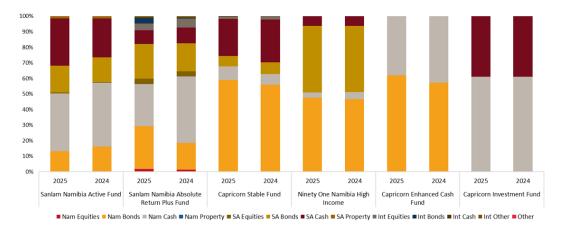
NMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark





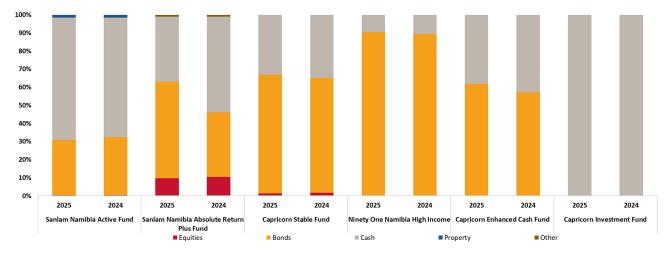
Low Risk and Capital Preservation Portfolios

Asset Allocation as at 30 June 2025 as compared to 30 June 2024

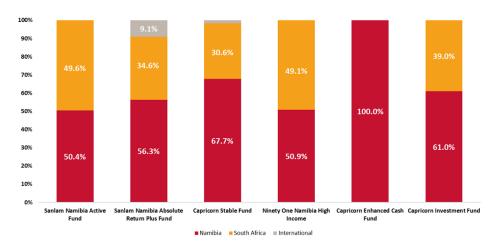


The total Namibian exposure is 50.4% for the Sanlam Namibia Active Fund. The Capricorn Stable fund is a multi-asset low risk fund. 67.7% of the funds assets are currently invested in Namibian assets.

The Money Market Fund (Capricorn Investment Fund) is managed by Capricorn Asset Management and is mainly invested in Namibian & South African cash investments. The Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus fund is a low risk smoothing product with 56.3% exposure to Namibian assets.



Geographical Split as at 30 June 2025:



*The Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus fund is classified as an insurance policy and therefore their Namibian exposure is managed in accordance with the life company's balance sheet exposure.





Low Risk and Capital Preservation Portfolios

Trailing Returns as at 30 June 2025

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Sanlam Namibia Active Fund	10.6	9.5	7.8	7.8
Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus**	13.3	9.0	7.3	7.7
Capricorn Stable Fund*	11.5	12.9	11.1	9.4
Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund***	9.7	9.5	7.6	7.6
Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund***	8.5	8.1	7.1	7.9
NAM CPI + 1%	4.7	5.6	5.8	5.7
NAM CPI + 2%	5.8	6.6	6.8	6.7
FTSE/JSE ALB 1-3 Yr TR ZAR	10.4	9.4	7.5	8.3

^{*}Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made at the end of March 2019. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

Trailing Returns as at 30 June 2024

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Sanlam Namibia Active Fund	10.1	7.3	6.7	7.5
Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus**	10.1	6.5	7.4	7.8
Capricorn Stable Fund*	12.5	11.9	10.1	_
Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund***	9.8	7.8	7.3	7.2
Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund***	8.9	7.0	7.1	7.8
NAM CPI + 1%	5.7	6.4	5.5	5.6
NAM CPI + 2%	6.7	7.4	6.5	6.7
FTSE/JSE ALB 1-3 Yr TR ZAR	10.6	7.4	7.5	7.9

^{*}Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made at the end of March 2019. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

Trailing Returns as at 30 June 2025

	1 Year	r 3 Years 5 Years		10 Years
Capricorn Investment Fund	8.5	8.2	6.9	7.2
NAM CPI	3.7	4.5	4.7	4.6
IJG Money Market GR NAD	8.1	7.9	6.5	7.1

Trailing Returns as at 30 June 2024

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Capricorn Investment Fund	9.1	7.1	6.6	7.0
NAM CPI	4.6	5.3	4.4	4.6
IJG Money Market GR NAD	8.5	6.7	6.3	6.9

The returns are net money-weighted rate of return after fees values calculated by NMG Investment Consultants from the data provided by the individual asset managers.



^{**}Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made during June of 2019. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

^{***}Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made during February 2022. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

^{**}Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made during June of 2019. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.

^{***}Investment by Benchmark into the fund was only made during February 2022. Returns beyond that period are for illustrative purposes.



Unlisted Investments

Trailing Returns as at 30 June 2025

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	01 Jan 2016 - 30 Jun 2025
Allegrow Fund*	-9.3	1.3	-4.3	-0.9
Caliber Capital Fund (A)	9.5	10.0	8.7	7.7
IJG Frontier Investment Fund**	-26.6	-10.1	-6.3	-6.7
Stimulus	0.0	4.1	3.1	3.2
NAM CPI + 4.5%	8.3	9.2	9.4	9.5

Due to the illiquid nature of unlisted investments, returns over shorter time periods may not be a true reflection of the funds' performance over that period.

Trailing Returns as at 30 June 2024

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	01 Jan 2016 - 30 Jun 2024	
Allegrow Fund	12.2	-4.0	-2.2	0.2	
Caliber Capital Fund (A)	11.1	9.2	8.5	7.5	
IJG Frontier Investment Fund	-7.3	5.7	-6.2	-4.1	
Stimulus	0.1	4.6	4.7	3.6	
NAM CPI + 4.5%	9.4	10.0	9.1	9.6	

Due to the illiquid nature of unlisted investments, returns over shorter time periods may not be a true reflection of the funds' performance over that period.

The returns are net money-weighted rate of return after fees values calculated by NMG Investment Consultants from the data provided by the individual asset managers.



^{*}Fair value adjustment in September 2021.

^{**}Fair value adjustment in September 2024.



Glossary

Asset Allocation: The weighting of assets in an investment portfolio amongst different asset classes (shares, bonds, property, cash, and international investments).

BEASSA All Bond Index (ALBI): Bond Exchange Actuarial Society of South Africa Index.

Balanced Fund: An investment portfolio that spreads its holdings over a range of asset classes, which typically include shares, fixed interest, property, international securities and cash.

Benchmark: An index or other market measurement that is used by a fund manager as a yardstick to assess the risk and performance of a portfolio; for example, the All Share Index is a commonly used benchmark for Domestic Equity portfolios.

Bottom-up Analysis: A form of security analysis that begins with forecasting returns for individual companies, then moves to industries and, finally, the economy as a whole.

Capital Preservation Portfolio: Portfolios that provide investors with greater stability in returns and aim to preserve capital. These portfolios experience less volatility and may or may not have an underlying guarantee.

FTSE/JSE All Share Index (ALSI): A "basket" of shares representing all the shares on the JSE. This index is used as a measurement to indicate price movements in the market.

Growth Style: Growth style managers identify companies with above average earnings growth, which they believe will be reflected by the price in future. These shares usually have a higher P/E ratio as the price is higher due to earnings being generated at a fast pace.

Growth at a Reasonable Price: An investment style in which the manager selects shares where the company is growing profits, but the share price is not overpriced relative to that growth or shares of which the P/E ratio is below that of the index.

Inflation (CPI): The consumer price index represents the increase in the price of a "basket" of basic goods and services e.g. food, petrol. It provides an indication as to how fast prices are increasing in the economy.

Institutional Investor: An organisation whose primary purpose in investment markets is to invest its own assets or those that it holds in trust for others. Institutional investors include fund managers, life companies, retirement funds, banks, etc.

JP Morgan Global Bond Index: An index which can be used to measure global bond market movements. Countries' bonds across the globe form part of the index, each carrying a certain weight in the index.

Market Value Adjustment: A term used with smooth bonus products. All disinvestments which are not for benefit payment (ie switches, terminations) will be paid out at the lower of book or market value. Genuine benefit payments are defined to be payments iro resignation, death and retirement.

Median: The middle value that exceeds half of the values in the sample and which is exceeded by the other half. For example, if five items cost N\$20, N\$80, N\$100, N\$300, and N\$500 respectively, the median value would be N\$100, whereas the mean would be N\$200.

MSCI World Equity Index: An index which can be used to measure global market movements. Countries across the globe form part of the index, each carrying a certain weight in the index.





Glossary

NSX Index: A "basket" of shares representing all the shares on the Namibian Stock Exchange. This index is used as a measurement to indicate price movements in the market.

Price Earnings Ratio: A stock's market price divided by its current or estimated future earnings per share. The PE ratio is used by the investing public as a measure of the attractiveness of a particular share versus all other shares. The lower the ratio relative to the average of the share market, the lower the market's profit growth expectations.

Prudential Unit Trust: A unit trust which complies with Regulation 13 of the Pension Fund Act.

Regulation 13: The regulation in the Pension Fund Act providing guidelines for the investments of retirement funds.

Strategic Asset Allocation: The composition of an asset mix within a portfolio, constructed with the aim of meeting the long-term objectives of a fund, rather than being based on short-term views of relative performance of the various asset classes. Usually a benchmark is derived in this fashion.

STeFI: Short Term Fixed Interest Index. An index used to measure performance for short term (cash) investments.

Top Decile: A statistical measure dividing a sample into ten numerically equal groups. Thus, 'top decile' means the top 10% of a given sample.

Top-Down Analysis: A form of security analysis that begins with forecasting broad macroeconomic trends, then assessing the impact on industries and, finally, on individual companies.

Tactical Asset Allocation: A process by which the asset allocation of a fund is changed on a short-term basis to take advantage of perceived differences in relative values of the various asset classes. TAA can also be described as the variation of asset allocation around the strategic asset allocation.

Upper Quartile: A statistical measure dividing a sample into four numerically equal groups. Thus, 'upper quartile' means the top 25% of a given sample.

Value Style: Asset managers who have a value style identify shares which trade below intrinsic value in the belief that the share price will return to its intrinsic value. These securities usually have low prices relative to book value or earnings.

Volatility: A measure used to define risk which refers to the degree of fluctuation of returns over a specified period (normally short-term). The higher the volatility, the higher the fluctuation of returns which is associated with greater uncertainty of expected returns. This scenario is defined as being high risk.





Appendix A: Replacement Ratios

The following table represents some salary replacement ratios:

Assumed NET Contributions towards retirement i.e. AFTER all costs for risk and administration etc. (as % of pensionable salary)						
Assumed Investment Return for 30 years before retirement (after fees)	8%	10%	12%	14%	16%	
CPI + 5%	47%	59%	70%	82%	94%	
CPI + 4%	39%	49%	59%	69%	79%	
CPI + 3%	33%	42%	50%	58%	67%	
CPI + 2%	28%	35%	42%	50%	57%	

The Trustees consider an appropriate post retirement income to be 60% of pre-retirement pensionable income after 30 years of service (assuming that 2% accumulates for each year of service). This ratio is defined as the salary replacement ratio. The above table shows a range of ratios for various net retirement funding contribution rates in relation to real investment returns, assuming retirement at age 60. Other assumptions are:

Pre-retirement:

- · Real rate of return before retirement is dependent on the investment portfolio chosen;
- Salaries are assumed to increase in line with price inflation. In order to assess the impact of a salary increase of 1.0% per annum above inflation, one needs to look at a 1.0% per annum lower real return (e.g. if the targeted real rate of return on the selected investment portfolio is CPI + 4% then one needs to look at the results of CPI + 3% in the above table to see the salary replacement ratio if salaries increase 1.0% per annum above price inflation);
- No break in service or 100% preservation of accumulated fund credit where there is a change of employer;
- Full fund credit available on retirement (one-third and two-thirds) is used to generate the pension; and
- Effect of tax is not taken into account.

Post retirement

- Single life with-profit annuity is purchased at age 60 years; and
- Allowance for future pension increases is approximately 2/3rds of price inflation.



Strictly Confidential



Benchmark Retirement Fund

Fund Fact Sheets: As at 30 June 2025

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Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 3 739m

Risk Profile Moderate

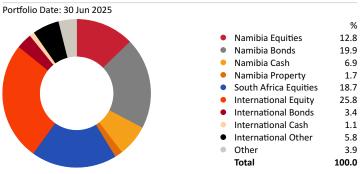
Benchmark NMG Average Moderate Fund

Portfolio Description

The Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund is a market-linked balanced portfolio which represents Allan Gray's best investment view for balanced mandates. This fund is managed according to a segregated mandate.

The inception date below is for the Unit Trust which is used as proxy.

Asset Allocation



Inception Date: 01/08/1999

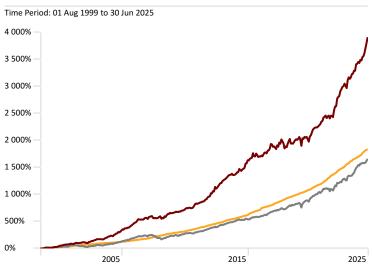
CIO: Duncan Artus

Portfolio Manager: Duncan Artus, Birte Schneider

Base Fees: 0.60% P.A. on domestic assets and a performance-based fee of

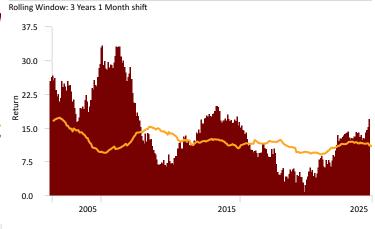
between 1%-2.5% on international assets

Cumulative Manager Performance



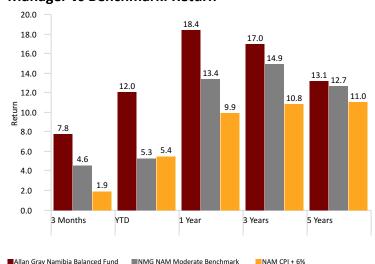
Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Aug 1999) to 30 Jun 2025



-NAM CPI + 6%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

■Allan Gray Namibia Balanced Fund

1.	Anheuser-Busch	3.0
2.	Naspers and Prosus	3.0
3.	FirstRand Namibia	2.7
4.	British American Tobacco	2.4
5.	Oryx Properties	1.7
6.	Standard Bank Group	1.5
7.	Nedbank	1.5
8.	Anglogold Ashanti	1.3
9.	Namibia Breweries	1.3
10.	Woolworths	1.2



Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 5 920m Risk Profile Moderate Benchmark

NMG Average Moderate Fund

The Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund is a market-linked balanced portfolio which aims to achieve stable returns over the longer term by investing in all asset classes. This portfolio represents Ninety One's best investment view.

Inception Date: 01-May-97

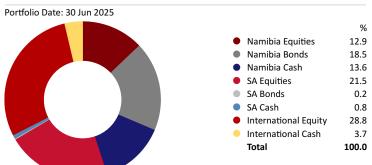
CIO: John McNab, Mimi Ferrini

Portfolio Manager: Chris Freud and Duane Cable

Based on value of portfolio as follows: 0.75% p.a on first N\$ 350m, Base Fees:

0.70% p.a on next N\$ 200m, 0.65% p.a on assets above N\$ 550m

Asset Allocation

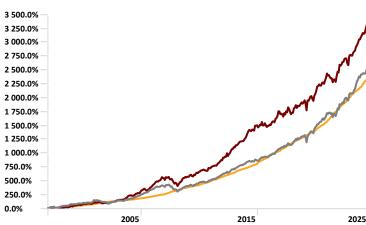


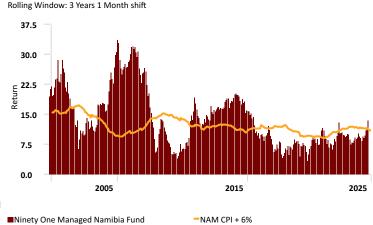
Cumulative Manager Performance

Time Period: 01 Jan 1998 to 30 Jun 2025

Rolling Returns as per the Fund's IPS

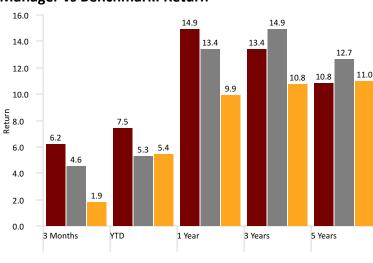
Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Jan 1998) to 30 Jun 2025 Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift





-NAM CPI + 6%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

•	7P 10 11010111163	
1.	Naspers	3.0
2.	FirstRand Namibia	2.5
		2.1
3.		2.1
4.	Capitec	1.7
5.	FirstRand	1.7
6.	MTN	1.7
7.	Standard Bank Group	1.6
8.	Sanlam	
9.	British American Tobacco	1.4
10	. Discovery	1.4

■NAM CPI + 6% ■ Ninety One Namibia Managed Fund ■NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark



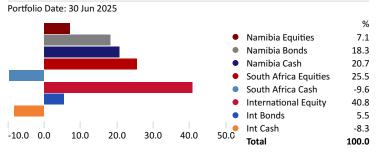
NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 1 530m
Risk Profile Moderate

Benchmark NMG Average Moderate Fund

Asset Allocation



The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

Portfolio Description

The NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund is a fully managed investment solution diversified across asset classes and sectors.

Inception: Apr-2011

CEO: Tarah Shaanika

Portfolio Manager

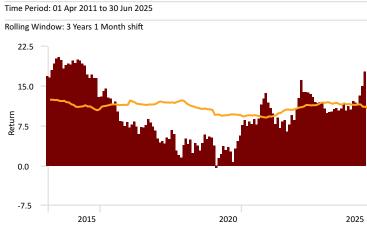
Karl Leinberger, Sarah-Jane Alexander and Colin Kalimba

Base Fees: 0.85% p.a. on average month end market value

Cumulative Manager Performance

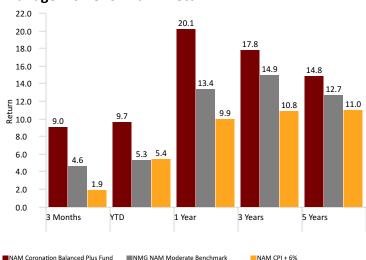
Time Period: 01 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2025 375% 350% 325% 300% 275% 250% 225% 200% 175% 150% 125% 100% 75% 50% 25% 0% -25% 2015 2020 2025

Rolling Returns



-NAM CPI + 6%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

■NAM Coronation Balanced Plus Fund

1.	Egerton Capital Equity Fund	4.2
2.	Eminence Fund Long	3.4
3.	Lone Monterey	2.5
4.	Tremblant Capital	2.0
5.	Contrarius Global Equity Fund	2.0
6.	Namibia Breweries	1.6
7.	Standard Bank Group	1.4
8.	Quilter	1.3
9.	Capitec	1.3
10.	We Buy Cars	1.1



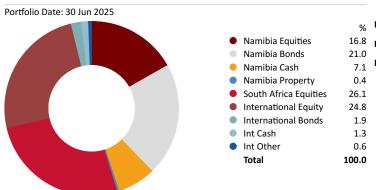
Old Mutual Namibian Profile Pinnacle Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size Risk Profile Benchmark

N\$ 341m Moderate NMG Average Moderate Fund

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

The Old Mutual Namibia Profile Pinnacle Portfolio is a market-linked balanced portfolio which places emphasis on asset allocation across all asset classes. OMIGNAM has closed the OMIGNAM Balanced Fund and replaced it with OMIGNAM Profile Pinnacle. This mandate is now OMIGNAM's best investment view for a moderate balanced mandate. The portfolio aims to achieve consistent real returns over the longer term. Fund returns below include OMIGNAM Profile Balanced for the period 01 March 1998 until 01 September 2013. Fund returns after 01 September 2013 are those of OMIGNAM Profile Pinnacle.

Inception Date: 01 Apr 1998

Portfolio Manager: Peter Brooke and Tyrone van Wyk

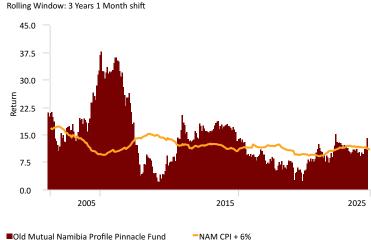
Base Fees: 0.55% p.a. domestic assets and 0.80% p.a. on international assets

Cumulative Manager Performance

Time Period: 01 Jul 1999 to 30 Jun 2025 3 000% 2 800% 2 600% 2 400% 2 200% 2 000% 1 800% 1 600% 1 400% 1 200% 1 000% 800% 600% 400% 200% 0% -200% 2005 2015

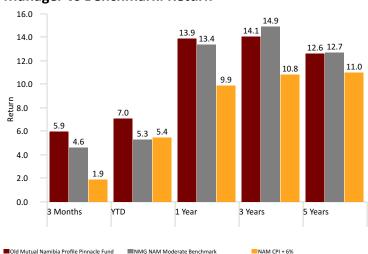
Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Jul 1999) to 30 Jun 2025



-NAM CPI + 6%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

1.	Naspers	3.0
2.	FNB Namibia Holdings	2.6
3.	FirstRand Namibia	2.6
4.	Standard Bank Namibia	2.3
5.	Gold Fields	1.8
6.	Capitec	1.3
7.	Anglogold Ashanti	1.3
8.	Namibia Breweries	1.3
9.	Prosus	1.1
10.	MTN	1.0

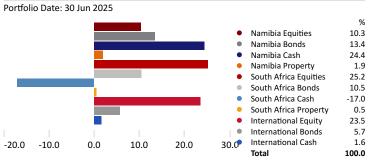


M&G Namibian Balanced Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 1 446m
Risk Profile Moderate
Benchmark NMG Average Moderate Fund

Asset Allocation



The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

Portfolio Description

The M&G Namibia Balanced portfolio is a market-linked balanced portfolio which aims to achieve consistent growth of capital and income by maintaining a superior stock selection across all industries relative to the benchmark and across all asset classes. The portfolio represents M&G's best investment view.

Inception: Aug-08

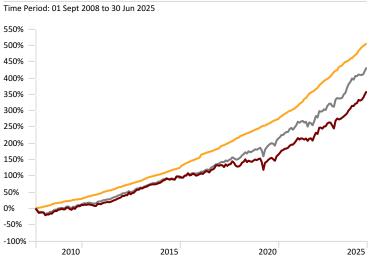
CIO: David Knee

Portfolio Manager

Michael Moyle, Sandile Malinga and Leonard Kruger.

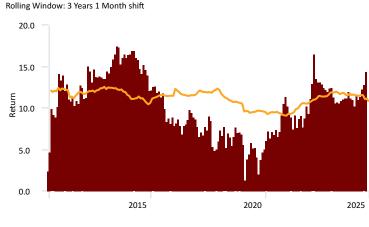
Base Fees: 0.75% p.a. on average month end market value

Cumulative Manager Performance



Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Sept 2008) to 30 Jun 2025



-NAM CPI + 6%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

■M&G Namibian Balanced Fund

	h = 0	
1.	Republic of SA Bond Future 05/2025 (R2032)	7.8
2.	Capped Shareholder Weighted 40 Index Future 09/202	7.8
3.	Naspers and Prosus	3.9
4.	Bank Windhoek FRN J3 +0.25% 21/08/2025	3.2
5.	Republic of SA Bond Future 08/2025 (R2037)	2.4
6.	Namibian Government Bond 8.00% 15/01/2027	2.1
7.	Namibian Government Bond 9.85% 15/07/2045	2.0
8.	Nedbank Namibia FRN J3+0.20% 17/04/2026	1.9
9.	FirstRand Namibia	1.7
10.	United States Treasury Bill Bond 0% 28/08/2025	1.6



Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund

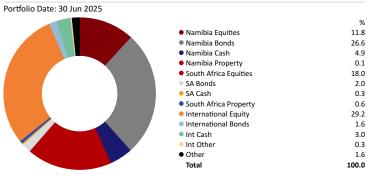
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 201m

Risk Profile Moderate

Benchmark NMG Average Moderate Fund

Asset Allocation



The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

Portfolio Description

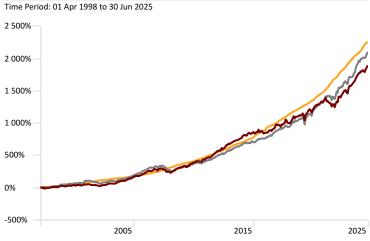
The Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund is a market-linked balanced portfolio which invests in all asset classes. The fund includes the combined investment views of STANLIB (SA&NAM). The portfolio aims to achieve capital growth over the longer -term.

Inception: Apr-98

Portfolio Manager: Marius Oberholzer

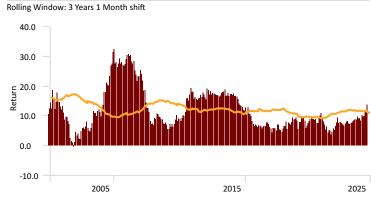
Base Fees: 0.50% p.a. on average month end market value

Cumulative Manager Performance



Rolling Returns

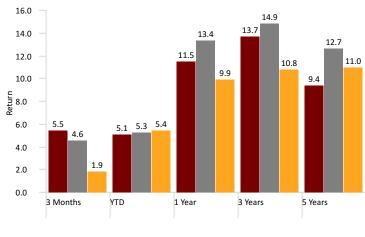
Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Apr 1998) to 30 Jun 2025



■Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund
■N

-NAM CPI + 6%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



■NMG NAM Moderate Benchmark

NAM CPI + 6%

Top 10 Holdings

1.	FirstRand Namibia	2.3
2.	Standard Bank Namibia	1.8
3.	Naspers	1.8
4.	Anglo American Namibia	1.3
5.	Capitec	1.1
6.	Gold Fields	0.9
7.	Sanlam Namibia	0.9
8.	Shoprite	8.0
9.	FirstRand	8.0
10.	Anglogold Ashanti	0.7

■Standard Bank Namibia Managed Fund

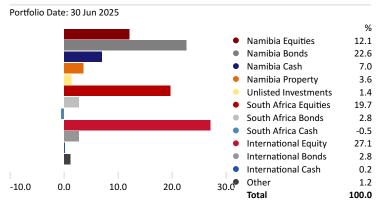


Benchmark Retirement Fund Default Portfolio

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 2 843m
Risk Profile Moderate
Benchmark NAM CPI + 5%

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

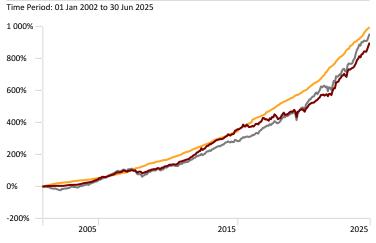
The Default Portfolio has the following objectives:

- To reduce volatility of returns
- To achieve a real return of 5% (net of fees) over a rolling 3 year period
- To reduce risk of large negative returns over rolling 12 months
- To reduce risk by spreading assets between more than one investment manager

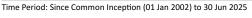
The Default Portfolio has a risk profile lower than that of the moderate risk portfolios and as such the expected long-term returns should also be lower. The Trustees use their absolute discretion in selecting the best manager offering and reserve the right to appoint or replace Asset Managers at any time. The default portfolio consists of a combination of Allan Gray Namibia Domestic Balanced, Ninety-One Namibia Domestic Balanced, M&G
12.1 Namibia Domestic Balanced, Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked, 20Twenty Credit Solution, 22.6 Satrix Emerging Markets Tracker Fund, Satrix World Equity Tracker Fund and Sanlam USD
7.0 Enhanced Yield Fund.

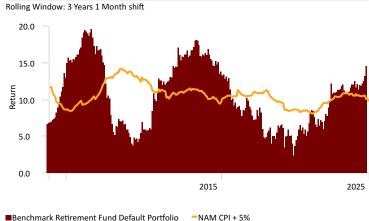
Base Fees: Estimated average base fee across all managers: 0.51%.

Cumulative Manager Performance

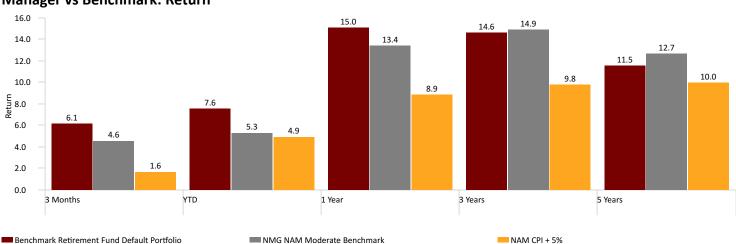


Rolling Returns





Manager vs Benchmark: Return





NAM Coronation Capital Plus Fund

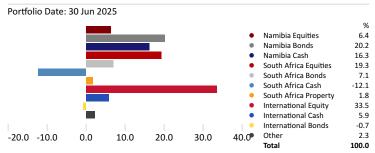
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 206m

Risk Profile Moderate-Low

Benchmark NAM CPI + 4%

Asset Allocation



The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

Portfolio Description

The NAM Coronation Capital Plus Class A Fund (previously Absolute Fund) is suitable for members with a lower risk tolerance. It is an actively managed, moderate-low risk fund with exposure to all asset classes. The fund aims to achieve consistent positive real returns with a primary focus on offering downside protection and preserving capital in real terms over any rolling 12 month period.

Inception: Nov-07

CEO: Tarah Shaanika

Portfolio Manager

Charles de Kock, Pallavi Ambekar and Neill Young

 $\textbf{Base Fees: } 0.95 \ \% \ \text{flat fee with } 0.75\% \ \text{if performance over any 24-months is negative.}$

Cumulative Manager Performance

Time Period: 01 Mar 2008 to 30 Jun 2025 450% — 375% — 300% — 75% — 0% — 2010 2015 2020 2025

Rolling Returns

Time Period: 01 Mar 2008 to 30 Jun 2025

Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift

20.0

15.0

5.0

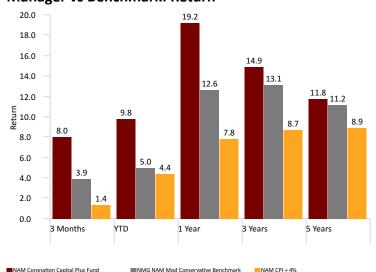
0.0

2015

2020

2025

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

٠٠,		
1.	Egerton Capital Equity Fund	4.6
2.	Eminence Fund Long	3.7
3.	Lone Monterey	2.7
4.	Tremblant Capital	2.1
5.	Contrarius Global Equity Fund	2.1
6.	FirstRand	1.6
7.	Standard Bank Group	1.0
8.	Richemont	0.9
9.	Anheuser-Busch	0.9
10.	MTN	8.0

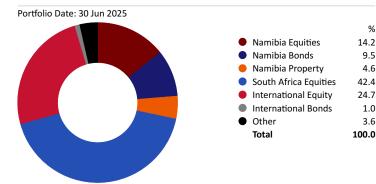


Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 1 945m Risk Profile Moderate-Low Benchmark NAM CPI + 4.5%

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth Portfolio target returns in excess of inflation over the long term, while significantly reducing the short-term volatility associated with balanced market-linked investments. Specifically, it targets a return objective of Namibian inflation plus 4.5% over a rolling 3 year period, while offering a guarantee of 80% on capital and contributions.

It offers stability by means of smoothing of returns, whereby a Bonus Smoothing Reserve is maintained to absorb the impact of high peaks and low troughs often experienced in the market, thus reducing short-term volatility. However due to this smoothing technique used, it has an additional fee over and above the investment management fee, namely a capital charge. This charge is 0.7% p.a. Bonuses are declared monthly in advance, gross of investment fees and net of the capital charge.

Inception: April 2007

4.6

1.0

3.6

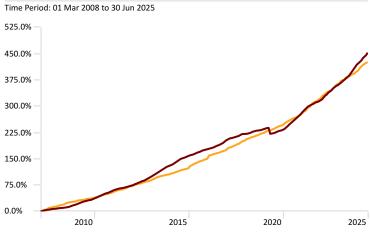
CIO: Tyronne van Wyk

Portfolio Manager: Old Mutual Investment Group

Base Fees: 0.55% to 0.70% pa

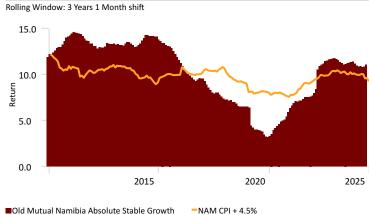
Capital Guarantee charge: 0.70%

Cumulative Manager Performance

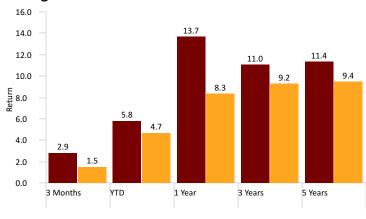


Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Mar 2008) to 30 Jun 2025



Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

- •		
1.	Naspers	9.8
2.	Gold Fields	5.8
3.	Capitec	4.4
4.	Anglo American Namibia	4.3
5.	FirstRand Namibia	4.2
6.	Standard Bank Namibia	3.8
7.	Prosus	3.7
8.	MTN	3.2
9.	British American Tobacco	2.6
10.	Richemont	2.5

■Old Mutual Namibia Absolute Stable Growth Fund



M&G Namibia Inflation Plus Fund

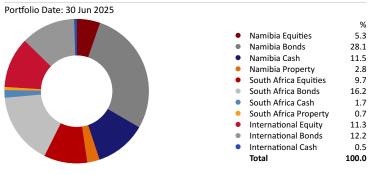
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 2 239m

Risk Profile Moderate-Low

Benchmark NAM CPI + 4%

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

The M&G Namibia Inflation Plus Fund is a conservative market linked portfolio which aims to produce stable real returns. The fund invests predominantly in inflation linked bonds and other interest bearing securities and equities.

Inception: Oct-03

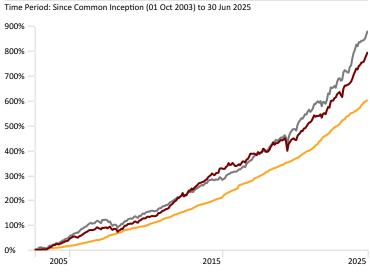
CIO: David Knee

Portfolio Manager:

Michael Moyle, Sandile Malinga and Leonard Kruger.

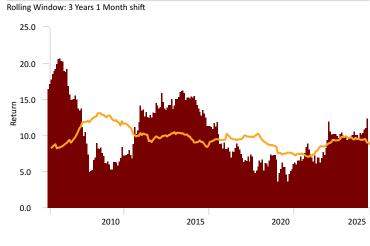
Base Fees: 0.60% p.a. on average month end market value

Cumulative Manager Performance



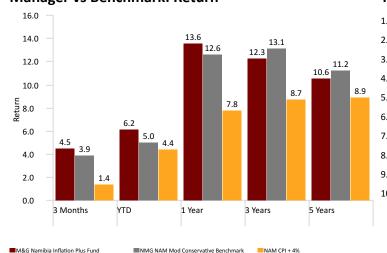
Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Oct 2003) to 30 Jun 2025



-NAM CPI + 4%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

■M&G Namibia Inflation Plus Fund

_	·	
1.	Republic of Namibia ILB 4.50% 15/01/2029 (GI29)	6.9
2.	Republic of Namibia ILB 3.80% 15/07/2025 (GI25)	5.9
3.	Republic of Namibia ILB 4.50% 15/04/2033 (GI33)	3.9
4.	Republic of SA Bond 8.50% 31/01/2037 (R2037)	3.8
5.	Republic of SA Bond 8.25% 31/03/2032 (R2032)	3.2
5.	Naspers and Prosus	2.1
7.	Republic of SA Bond 8.875% 28/02/2035 (R2035)	1.7
3.	Republic of SA Bond 8.00% 31/01/2030 (R2030)	1.7
Э.	Republic of SA Bond 7.00% 28/02/2031 (R213)	1.7
10.	Standard Bank FRN J3+1.45% 01/06/2028	1.7

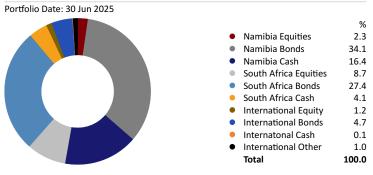


Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 2 483m
Risk Profile Moderate-Low
Benchmark NAM CPI + 4%

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

The Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund invests in a flexible combination of investments in the equity, bond and money markets, both locally and abroad, aiming for positive real returns (comprising capital and income growth) over the medium to longer term.

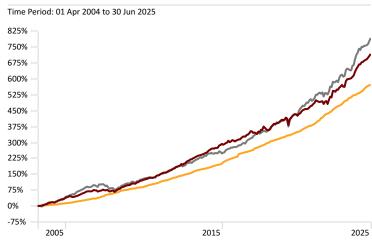
Inception: Feb-04

Portfolio Manager:

Fernando Durrell

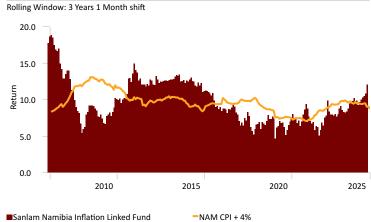
Base Fees: 0.75% p.a. on average month end market value.

Cumulative Manager Performance

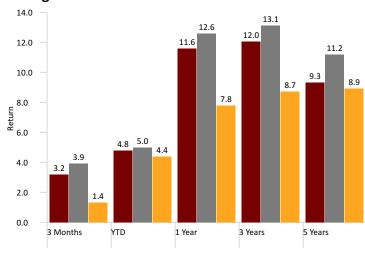


Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Apr 2004) to 30 Jun 2025



Manager vs Benchmark: Return



MMG NAM Mod Conservative Benchmark

NAM CPI + 4%

Top 10 Holdings

1.	Naspers	0.6
2.	FirstRand	0.4
3.	Shoprite	0.4
4.	Anglogold Ashanti	0.3
5.	FirstRand Namibia	0.3
6.	Capitec	0.3
7.	Standard Bank Group	0.3
8.	Prosus	0.2
9.	Nedbank	0.2
10.	British American Tobacco	0.2

Sanlam Namibia Inflation Linked Fund



NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund

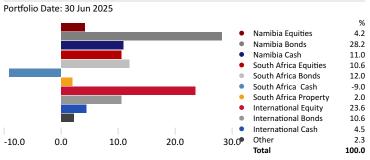
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 210m

Risk Profile Moderate-Low

Benchmark NAM CPI + 3%

Asset Allocation



The negative allocation to cash is due to the use of derivative instrument

Portfolio Description

The NAM Coronation Balanced Defensive Fund is suitable for members with a lower risk tolerance. It is an actively managed, moderate-low risk fund with exposure to all asset classes. The NAM Balanced Defensive Fund aims to provide a reasonable level of income whilst seeking to preserve capital in real terms.

Inception: Nov-07

CEO: Tarah Shaanika

Portfolio Manager

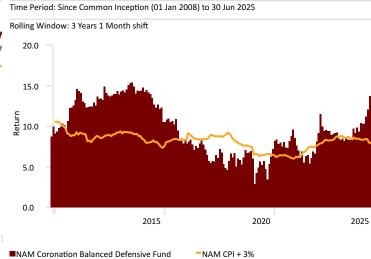
Charles de Kock, Pallavi Ambekar and Neill Young

Base Fees: 0.75~% p.a. on average month end market value

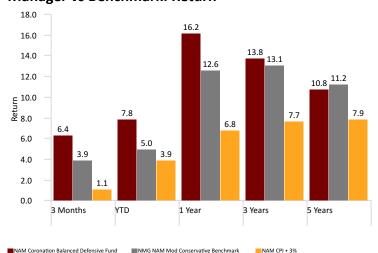
Cumulative Manager Performance

Time Period: 01 Jan 2008 to 30 Jun 2025 400% 350% 200% 150% 0% 2010 2015 2020 2025

Rolling Returns



Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

1.	Egerton Capital Equity Fund	3.5
2.	Eminence Fund Long	2.8
3.	Prosus	2.5
4.	Lone Monterey	2.1
5.	Tremblant Capital	1.6
6.	Contrarius Global Equity Fund	1.6
7.	FirstRand	1.1
8.	Equites Property Fund	0.7
9.	Standard Bank Group	0.7
10.	St James's Place	0.6



Sanlam Namibia Active Fund

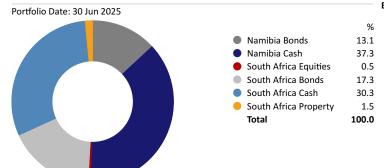
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 1 051m

Risk Profile Low

Benchmark BEASSA 1-3year All Bond Index

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

The Sanlam Namibia Active Fund's objective is to provide a high level of income and maximise returns. This fund invests in income yielding assets including fixed income assets, preference shares and property.

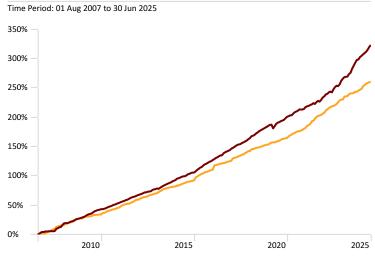
Inception: 1 June 2007

Portfolio Manager

Melville Du Plessis

Base Fees: 0.60% p.a on average month end market value

Cumulative Manager Performance



Rolling Returns

Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift

12.5

10.0

7.5

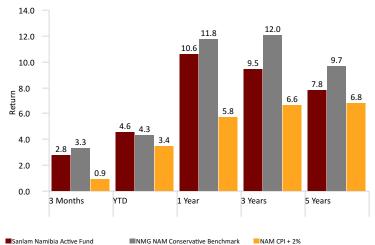
2020

2025

2015

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Aug 2007) to 30 Jun 2025

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

5.0

2.5

0.0

1.	Standard Bank Group	8.3
2.	FirstRand	7.7
3.	Nedbank	4.2
4.	Republic of SA Bond 8.875% 28/02/2035 (R2035)	3.7
5.	Investec Bank	3.6
6.	Bank Windhoek F/R 07/08/2028	2.1
7.	Standard Bank Namibia F/R 07/08/2028	2.1
8.	First National Bank Namibia F/R 07/08/2028	2.1
9.	Namibia ILB 4.50% 15/01/2029	2.1
10.	Bank Windhoek F/R 15/08/2029	1.9



Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 86m

Risk Profile Low

Benchmark NAM CPI + 2%

Portfolio Description

The Sanlam Namibia Absolute Return Plus provides risk averse members with exposure to the Sanlam Namibian Inflation Plus Fund with a capital guarantee, accompanied by minimal termination and switching restrictions. This is achieved through extensive use of derivative (hedging) instruments and the declaration of a monthly fully vesting bonus. At termination, the full value of net contributions plus declared bonuses is paid.

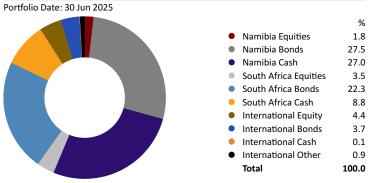
Inception: January 2013

Portfolio Manager

Basson van Rooyen

Base Fees: 1.0% p.a (excluding structure fees)

Asset Allocation

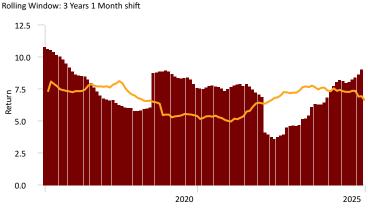


Cumulative Manager Performance

Time Period: 01 Jan 2014 to 30 Jun 2025 160% — 120% — 100% — 80% — 40% — 20% — 2015 2020 2025

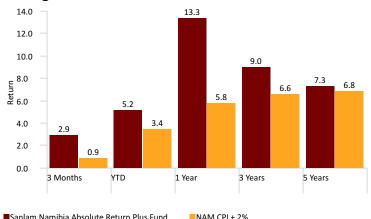
Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Jan 2014) to 30 Jun 2025



■Sanlam Namibian Absolute Return Plus Fund
■NAM CPI + 2%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

1.	Naspers	0.5
2.	FirstRand	0.3
3.	Shoprite	0.3
4.	Anglogold Ashanti	0.3
5.	FirstRand Namibia	0.3
6.	Capitec	0.2
7.	Standard Bank Group	0.2
8.	Prosus	0.2
9.	Nedbank	0.2
10.	British American Tobacco	0.2

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Capricorn Stable Fund

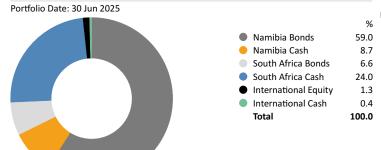
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 3 250m

Risk Profile Low

Benchmark NAM CPI + 2%

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

The Capricorn Stable Fund aims to provide investors with a return of 2% above inflation over any 2 year rolling period.

Inception: February 2015

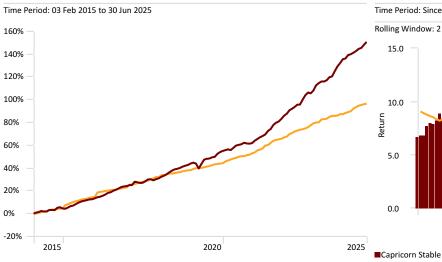
CIO: Relf Lumley

Portfolio Manager

Tertius Liebenberg, Relf Lumley and Dylan van Wyk

Base Fees: 0.45% p.a on average month end market value

Cumulative Manager Performance



Rolling Returns

Rolling Window: 2 Years 1 Month shift

15.0

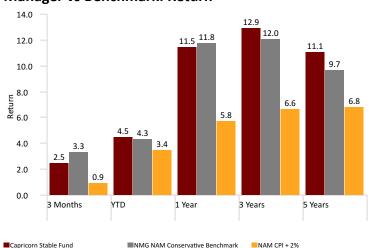
10.0

2020

2025

-NAM CPI + 2%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

1.	Money Market	51.5
2.	GI29	5.6
3.	GI33	5.4
4.	GC28	4.8
5.	Gl36	3.8
6.	GI27	3.1
7.	GC37	2.8
8.	GC32	2.3
9.	GC35	2.0
10.	USD Currency	1.9



Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund

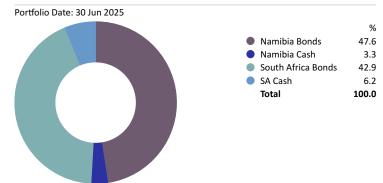
Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 359m

Risk Profile Low

Benchmark IJG Money Market Index

Asset Allocation



Portfolio Description

The Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund aims to maximise income and grow capital. The fund invests in high-yielding Namibian and South African fixed-income assets, including government and corporate bonds, fixed deposits and money market instruments.

Inception: Feb-22

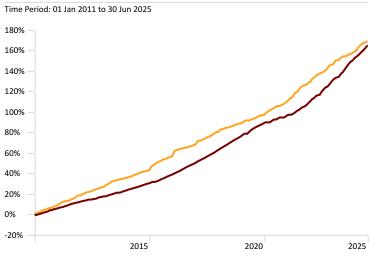
CIO: John McNab, Mimi Ferrini

Portfolio Manager

Malcolm Husselmann, Team

Base Fees: 0.60% p.a

Cumulative Manager Performance



Rolling Returns

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01 Jan 2011) to 30 Jun 2025



-NAM CPI + 2%

Manager vs Benchmark: Return



Top 10 Holdings

■Ninety One Namibia High Income Fund

1.	Namibia Government Bonds 8.5% 10/2028	6.1
2.	Namibia Government Bonds 9.0% 04/2032	4.0
3.	Namibia Government Bond - NCP Bond 4.0% 10/2027	3.8
4.	Namibia Government Bonds 8.5% 04/2026	3.3
5.	Namibian Government Bond 8.0% 15/01/2027	3.0
6.	Absa Bank Ltd Sr Unsecured 08/2025 Variable Rate	2.8
7.	Namibia Government Bonds 9.5% 07/2037	2.6
8.	Namibia Government Bond - NCP Bond 4.5% 01/2029	2.5
9.	Bank Windhoek Ltd Sr Unsecured 06/2026 Variable Ra	2.2
10.	Standard Bank Namibia Ltd Sr Unsecured 07/2026 Var	2.1



Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 5 359m Risk Profile Low Benchmark IJG 12 Month TB Index

Portfolio Description

The Capricorn Enhanced Cash Fund aims to provide a higher return than money market funds while minimizing the chance of capital losses by investing in instruments with a longer duration than what most money market funds typically may invest in.

Inception: Feb-22

CIO: Relf Lumley

Portfolio Manager: Tertius Liebenberg and Relf Lumley

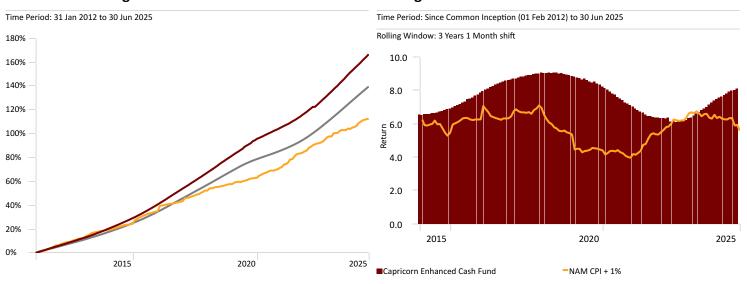
Base Fees: 0.35% p.a.

Asset Allocation

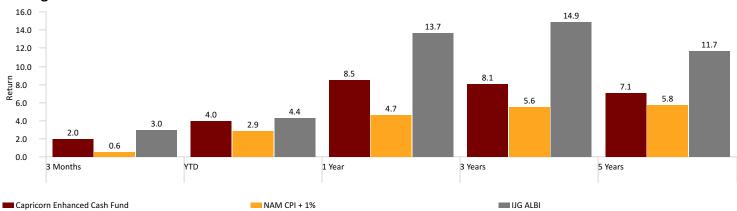


Cumulative Manager Performance

Rolling Returns



Manager vs Benchmark: Return





Capricorn Investment Fund

Fund Information

Fund Size N\$ 13 465m

Risk Profile Capital Preservation

Benchmark IJG Money Market Index

Portfolio Description

The Money Market Fund aims to achieve stable and secure returns for the risk averse investor by investing in a diversified combination of liquid money and capital market instruments. The underlying investment is the Capricorn Investment Fund.

Inception: Feb-02

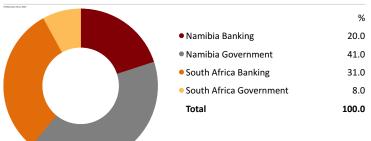
CIO: Relf Lumley

Portfolio Manager

Tertius Liebenberg, Relf Lumley and Shuutheni Shivute.

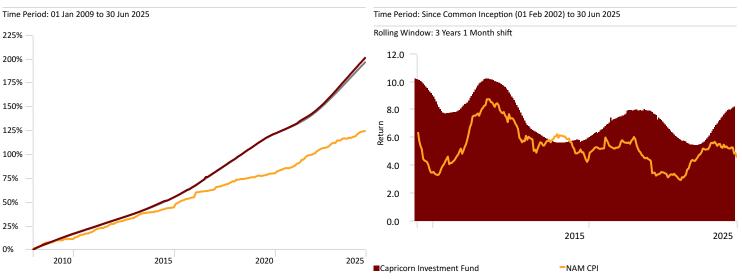
Base Fees: 0.25% p.a. on average month end market value





Cumulative Manager Performance

Rolling Returns



Manager vs Benchmark: Return

